

City of McMinnville
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# **MEMORANDUM**

**DATE**: January 16, 2019

TO: Mayor and City Councilors FROM: Chuck Darnell, Senior Planner

**SUBJECT**: Great Neighborhood Principles Project Update

### **Introduction:**

This memo provides an update of the Great Neighborhood Principles project and a high level overview of the work completed to-date.

## **Background:**

The McMinnville Planning Commission's 2017-2019 Work Plan included the Great Neighborhood Principles (GNP) project as a long-range planning work product. The purpose of the GNP project is to define what makes a great neighborhood in McMinnville, and to identify and describe specific principles (which also could be referred to as elements or characteristics) that should be achieved in every neighborhood. The GNP will ensure that new development and redevelopment, as it occurs, creates places and neighborhoods that are livable, healthy, social, safe, and vibrant for all residents of McMinnville. The GNP will be adopted into the City's Comprehensive Plan to guide future development, and will also be used to guide future development code updates establishing more detailed requirements to achieve and implement the GNP.

Staff initiated the GNP project in August 2018 by forming a Project Advisory Committee (PAC) and Technical Advisory Committee (TAC) to provide guidance for staff and to oversee the completion of the project.

### **Discussion:**

Four PAC meetings were held between September 2018 and January 2019 to oversee the project process and to assist in developing the draft GNP. The first meeting was a kick-off meeting in September 2018, introducing the PAC members to the project and providing an opportunity for small-group discussion and idea sharing on potential GNP. The second meeting was held in October 2018 and focused on the PAC review and approval of the public engagement plan for the GNP project.

The public engagement portion of the project was then completed during October and November of 2018. In order to solicit as much public input as possible, staff and the PAC decided on a variety of formats for information sharing and public engagement, including social media posts, social media polls, an online survey, placement of hard copies of the survey in various locations around the city, a public open house, and presentations to service organizations in McMinnville. The survey was the most successful method in generating public input and feedback on the project. Overall, 334 survey responses were provided.

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Of those responses, 292 were provided online in English, 5 were provided online in Spanish, and 37 were provided as hard copies in English.

Following the public engagement process, the PAC met for their third meeting in December 2018 to review the survey results and other public engagement results, and identified key takeaways from the survey results to incorporate into the GNP. The PAC then directed staff to draft Comprehensive Plan text amendments that would incorporate the GNP into the Comprehensive Plan, and to bring those draft text amendments back to the PAC for review.

Staff prepared and presented draft Comprehensive Plan text amendments to the PAC at their January 2019 meeting. The PAC reviewed the draft amendments, and with a few minor edits, recommended that they be forwarded on to the Planning Commission for review and consideration during a public hearing. The draft version of the Comprehensive Plan text amendments that were reviewed by the PAC on January 15, 2019, are attached to this memorandum.

## **Next Steps**

Staff will provide a more detailed overview of the draft GNP, as reviewed and recommended by the GNP PAC, during the City Council work session meeting on January 16, 2019.

Following the PAC recommendations, staff will be beginning the formal public review process of the Comprehensive Plan text amendments that will incorporate the GNP into the Comprehensive Plan. Staff will be setting a schedule for bringing the proposed Comprehensive Plan text amendments through a public hearing process with the Planning Commission, with an eventual recommendation coming from the Planning Commission to the City Council for final review and action.

CD:hr

#### Amendments to City of McMinnville Comprehensive Plan

#### **Chapter IX – Urbanization**

Language below to be inserted at the end of the current Urbanization chapter, following Policy 187.00

#### **GREAT NEIGHBORHOOD PRINCIPLES**

#### Policies:

- 187.10 The City of McMinnville shall establish Great Neighborhood Principles to guide the land use patterns, design, and development of the places that McMinnville citizens live, work, and play. The Great Neighborhood Principles will ensure that all developed places include characteristics and elements that create a livable, healthy, social, safe, and vibrant neighborhood with enduring value, whether that place is a completely new development of a vacant area in the Urban Growth Boundary or a redevelopment or infill project within an existing built area in the Urban Growth Boundary.
- 187.20 The Great Neighborhood Principles shall encompass a wide range of characteristics and elements, but those characteristics and elements will not function independently. The Great Neighborhood Principles shall be applied together as an integrated and assembled approach to neighborhood design and development to create a livable, healthy, social, safe, and vibrant neighborhood.
- 187.30 The Great Neighborhood Principles shall guide long range planning efforts including, but not limited to, master plans, small area plans, and annexation requests. The Great Neighborhood Principles shall also quide applicable current land use and development applications.
- 187.40 The McMinnville Great Neighborhood Principles are provided below. Each Great Neighborhood Principle is identified by number below (numbers 1 13), and is followed by more specific direction on how to achieve each individual principle.
  - 1. Natural Feature Preservation. Great Neighborhoods are sensitive to the natural conditions and features of the land.
    - Neighborhoods shall be designed to preserve significant natural features including, but not limited to, watercourses, sensitive lands, steep slopes, wetlands, wooded areas, and landmark trees.
  - 2. Scenic Views. Great Neighborhoods preserve scenic views in areas that everyone can access.
    - a. Public and private open spaces and streets shall be located and oriented to capture and preserve scenic views, including, but not limited to, views of significant natural features, landscapes, vistas, skylines, and other important features.
  - 3. Parks and Open Spaces. Great Neighborhoods have open and recreational spaces to walk, play, gather, and commune as a neighborhood.
    - a. Parks, trails, and open spaces shall be provided at a size and scale that is variable based on the size of the proposed development and the number of dwelling units.

- b. Central parks and plazas shall be used to create public gathering spaces where appropriate.
- c. Neighborhood and community parks shall be developed in appropriate locations consistent with the policies in the Parks Master Plan.
- 4. Pedestrian Friendly. Great Neighborhoods are pedestrian friendly for people of all ages and abilities.
  - a. Neighborhoods shall include a pedestrian network that provides for a safe and enjoyable pedestrian experience, and that encourages walking for a variety of reasons including, but not limited to, health, transportation, recreation, and social interaction.
  - b. Pedestrian connections shall be provided to commercial areas, schools, community facilities, parks, trails, and open spaces, and shall also be provided between streets that are disconnected (such as cul-de-sacs or blocks with lengths greater than 400 feet).
- 5. Bike Friendly. Great Neighborhoods are bike friendly for people of all ages and abilities.
  - a. Neighborhoods shall include a bike network that provides for a safe and enjoyable biking experience, and that encourages an increased use of bikes by people of all abilities for a variety of reasons, including, but not limited to, health, transportation, and recreation.
  - b. Bike connections shall be provided to commercial areas, schools, community facilities, parks, trails, and open spaces.
- Connected Streets. Great Neighborhoods have interconnected streets that provide safe travel route options, increased connectivity between places and destinations, and easy pedestrian and bike use.
  - a. Streets shall be designed to function and connect with the surrounding built environment and street network, and shall incorporate human scale elements including, but not limited to, Complete Streets features, grid street networks, neighborhood traffic management techniques, traffic calming, and safety enhancements.
- 7. Accessibility. Great Neighborhoods are designed to be accessible and allow for ease of use for people of all ages and abilities.
  - a. To the best extent possible all features within a neighborhood shall be designed to be accessible and feature elements and principles of Universal Design.
  - b. Design practices should strive for best practices and not minimum practices.
- 8. Human Scale Design. Great Neighborhoods have buildings and spaces that are designed to be comfortable at a human scale and that foster human interaction within the built environment.
  - a. The size, form, and proportionality of new development is designed to function and be balanced with the existing built environment.
  - b. Buildings include design elements that promote inclusion and interaction with the right-of-way and public spaces, including, but not limited to, building orientation towards the street and placement of auto-oriented uses in less prominent locations.
  - c. Public spaces include design elements that promote comfortability and ease of use at a human scale, including, but not limited to, street trees, landscaping, lighted

public areas, and principles of Crime Prevention through Environmental Design (CPTED).

- 9. Mix of Activities. Great Neighborhoods provide easy and convenient access to many of the destinations, activities, and local services that residents use on a daily basis.
  - a. Neighborhood destinations including, but not limited to, neighborhood serving commercial uses, schools, parks, and other community services, shall be provided in locations that are easily accessible to surrounding residential uses.
  - b. Neighborhood serving commercial uses are integrated into the built environment at a scale that is appropriate with the surrounding area.
- 10. Urban-Rural Interface. Great Neighborhoods complement adjacent rural areas and transition between urban and rural uses.
  - a. Buffers or transitions in the scale of uses, buildings, or lots shall be provided on urban lands adjacent to rural lands to ensure compatibility.
- 11. Housing for Diverse Incomes and Generations. Great Neighborhoods provide housing opportunities for people and families with a wide range of incomes, and for people and families in all stages of life.
  - A range of housing forms and types shall be provided and integrated into neighborhoods to provide for housing choice at different income levels and for different generations.
- 12. Housing Variety. Great Neighborhoods have a variety of building forms and architectural variety to avoid monoculture design.
  - a. Neighborhoods shall have several different housing types.
  - b. Similar housing types, when immediately adjacent to one another, shall provide variety in building form and design.
- 13. Unique and Integrated Design Elements. Great Neighborhoods have unique features, designs, and focal points to create neighborhood character and identity. Neighborhoods shall be encouraged to have:
  - a. Environmentally friendly construction techniques, green infrastructure systems, and energy efficiency incorporated into the built environment.
  - b. Opportunities for public art provided in private and public spaces.
  - c. Neighborhood elements and features including, but not limited to, signs, benches, park shelters, street lights, bike racks, banners, landscaping, paved surfaces, and fences, with a consistent and integrated design that are unique to and define the neighborhood.

# Proposals: NOTE: PROPOSAL NUMBERS IN CHAPTER X WILL NEED TO BE AMENDED

- 40.00 The City shall complete an inventory of the applicable natural resources listed in Goal 5 of the Oregon Statewide Planning Goals and Guidelines. The resources to be included in the inventory include, but are not limited to, riparian corridors, wetlands, wildlife habitat, open space, and scenic views. The City shall coordinate with the Department of Land Conservation and Development to determine which Goal 5 resources to include in the inventory.
- 41.00 The City shall complete an inventory of landmark trees that are of significance or value to the City's environment or history.

- 42.00 The City shall develop specific park and open space requirements for different types of neighborhoods and developments, such as multiple family residential uses or single family residential subdivisions. The park and open space requirements for individual developments shall be based on the size or scale of the proposed development and on the number of dwelling units within the proposed development and shall incorporate both active and passive parks, open spaces, and opportunities to connect with nature.
- 43.00 The City shall complete a Bicycle Plan to guide the planning, implementation, and growth of a city-wide bicycle network throughout McMinnville. The Bicycle Plan may be adopted as an appendix to the Transportation System Plan and may identify projects that can be implemented or planned to create a city-wide bicycle network.
- 44.00 The City shall complete a Pedestrian Plan to guide the planning, implementation, and growth of a city-wide pedestrian network throughout McMinnville. The Pedestrian Plan may be adopted as an appendix to the Transportation System Plan and may identify projects that can be implemented or planned to create a city-wide pedestrian network.
- 45.00 The City shall develop site and design requirements for commercial and industrial uses.
- 46.00 The City shall develop development codes that allow for a variety of housing types and forms, and shall develop site and design requirements for those housing types and forms.