

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Prepared by:

Finance Department

Jennifer K. Cuellar-Smith Finance Director



City of McMinnville, Oregon Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
NTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	2
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	10
Elected Officials and Principal Appointed Officers	11
Organizational Chart	12
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	13
Management's Discussion and Analysis	16
Basic Financial Statements:	31
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	32
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	35
Governmental Funds:	
Balance Sheet	36
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the	07
Statement of Net Position	37
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	38
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	20
Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	39
Proprietary Funds:	40
Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	41 42
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position.	42
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	43
Required Supplementary Information	89
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	
Budget and Actual:	00
General Fund	90
Airport Maintenance Fund	91
Grants and Special Assessment Fund	92
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Contributions - Pensions	93
	94
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of OPEB - RHIA	95
Schedule of Contributions to OFEB - KITIA Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liability and Related Ratios –	90
Implicit Rate Subsidy	97
Implicit Rate SubsidySchedule of Contributions to OPEB – Implicit Rate Subsidy	98
Other Supplementary Information: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	99
Budget and Actual:	
Transportation Fund	101
Debt Service Fund	102

City of McMinnville, Oregon Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)	PAGE
Other Supplementary Information (Continued)	
Urban Renewal Debt Services Fund	103
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules	
Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds	104
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds	105
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Special Revenue Funds	106
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Non-Major Special Revenue Funds	107
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Capital Projects Funds	109
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Non-Major Capital Projects Funds	110
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual:	111
Affordable Housing Fund	112
Transient Lodging Fund	113
Telecommunications Fund	114
Emergency Communications Fund	115
Street Fund	116
Building Fund	117
Park Development Fund	118
Urban Renewal Fund	119
Proprietary Funds: Combined Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	120
Combined Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balance – Wastewater Operations	121
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	
Budget and Actual:	
Wastewater Services Fund	
Wastewater Capital Fund	
Internal Services Funds:	124
Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds	125
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position -	
Internal Service Funds	126
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	127
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual:	
Informational Systems & Services Fund	
Insurance Services Fund	129

City of McMinnville, Oregon Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Year Ended June 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

STATISTICAL SECTION	Page
Financial Trends:	
Net Position by Component	131
Changes in Net Position	133
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	139
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	141
Program Revenues by Functions/Programs	
Revenue Capacity:	
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Property	146
Property Tax Rates of Direct and Overlapping Governments	148
Principal Property Tax Payers	
Property Tax Levies and Collections	151
Sewer Revenue Base by Type of Customer	
Number of Sewer Connections by Customer Type	
Sewer Rates	
Debt Capacity:	
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	157
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	159
Legal Debt Margin Calculation	160
Demographic and Economic Information:	
Demographic and Economic Statistics	162
Principal Employers	163
Construction Activity	
Operating Information:	
Full-time Equivalent Employees by Function/Program	165
Operating Indicators by Function/Program_	167
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	173
AUDIT COMMENTS AND DISCLOSURES	
Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulation	177

INTRODUCTORY SECTION

- Letter of Transmittal
- GFOA Certificate of Achievement
- Elected Officials and Principal Appointed Officers
- Organizational Chart







230 NE Second Street McMinnville, Oregon 97128 www.mcminnvilleoregon.gov

December 29, 2022

Mayor Remy Drabkin City Councilors Residents of the City of McMinnville

City management is pleased to submit the City of McMinnville's *Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)* for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The ACFR presents the financial position of the City of McMinnville (City) as of June 30, 2022, and the results of City operations and proprietary fund cash flows for the year then ended. The City's financial statements and schedules were prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The City's statements and schedules were audited by Merina and Company, LLP in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Merina and Company, LLP concluded the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement and issued an unmodified opinion which is presented in the second section of this report. Financial accuracy, completeness, and fairness of presentations in the ACFR are the responsibility of City of McMinnville's management. City management has established a comprehensive framework of internal controls to provide a reasonable basis for asserting that the financial statements are fairly presented. Since the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements. City management asserts the ACFR is complete and reliable in all material respects.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A is located immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government:

City of McMinnville: The city is located in the agriculturally rich Willamette Valley 40 miles southwest of Portland, the largest metropolitan area in Oregon. McMinnville is the county seat of Yamhill County, the seventeenth largest city in Oregon, and the economic hub of the region.

The City is a municipal government, incorporated as a town in 1876 and as a city in 1882, operating under the council-manager form of government. The elected officials are a Mayor and six City Council members. The City provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection; ambulance services; municipal court; wastewater treatment, system construction and maintenance; street construction and maintenance; engineering and planning services; building permitting and inspection services; parks, recreational and cultural activities; and a municipal airport.

McMinnville Water and Light Department: In addition to the City's primary services the City has one discretely presented component unit, the McMinnville Water and Light Department (Department). The

Department is governed by the Water and Light Commission, which is appointed by the Mayor and confirmed by City Council members. The Department provides water and electrical services to McMinnville residents. Additional information on the Department is located in the notes to the financial statements, Note I.B.3.

McMinnville Urban Renewal Agency: The City's financial statements also include the McMinnville Urban Renewal Agency (URA) as a blended component unit. Additional information on the URA is located in the notes to the financial statements, Note I.B.2.

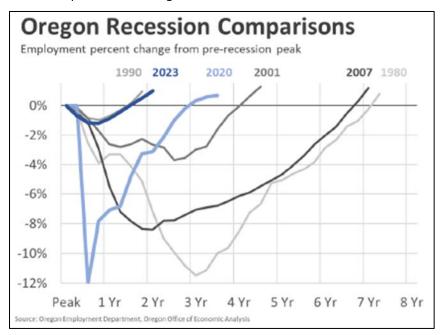
Local Economy:

McMinnville's local economy is operating within the environment of the overall Oregon experience. The Oregon Economic and Revenue Forecast of December 2022 (put together by the Oregon Office of Economic Analysis) is projecting that a mild recession in the next year is more likely than not. Excerpts from the report include:

Slowing economic growth, high inflation, and rising interest rates are a potent combination.

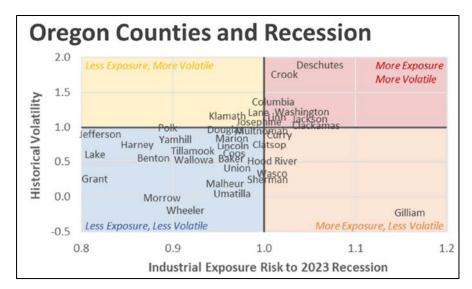
Just as the timing and nature of this cycle has been different than recent experiences, so too is the expected recession. In broad terms the recession is more technical than fundamental in that the impact on jobs, income, and spending is mild. The recession is driven by declines in residential construction and overall business investment due to high interest rates. Additionally, high interest rates and a strong U.S. dollar will weigh on domestic manufacturing activity and exports.

The Forecast includes a couple of charts that give additional context. The first shows



predicted impact on employment statewide.

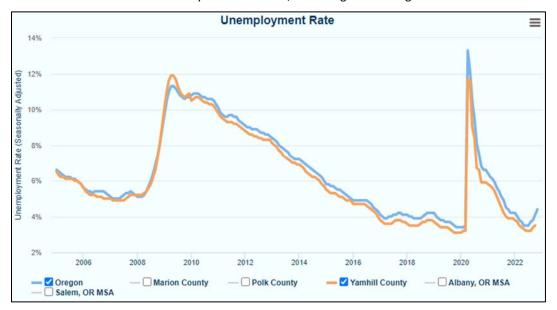
The next looks at how different counties are expected to be impacted by a recession. Historic volatility from 2000 to 2019 in each county's rate of job growth relative the state as a whole is plotted along with exposure to the industries expected to be most impacted (construction or manufacturing, among others) and less impacted by the recession (ex: leisure and hospitality or health care).



Yamhill county is in the quadrant with less historic employment rate volatility and less exposure to the industries which are likely to have most trouble in the near term. This assessment indicates that McMinnville will likely have an even milder recession experience than other cities and communities in the state.

McMinnville, as the regional seat of government and the largest of Yamhill County's municipalities, has a diverse economic base that blends all of the County's commercial sectors. The top five employers in McMinnville are in economic sectors related to education, government, healthcare and manufacturing, providing a stable base for the City's economy. McMinnville is home to approximately 100 manufacturers, producing a wide variety of goods. Products include recycled steel rebar, health food products, plastic and rubber products, fabricated metal products, chemicals and nonmetallic mineral products, unmanned aerial vehicles, software and computer products, and many other types of goods.

Employment: Yamhill County unemployment rates (seasonally adjusted) have trended slightly lower than those of the state as a whole. For the City of McMinnville, according to the Oregon



Employment Department, the unemployment rate in October 2021 was 3.9% while in October of 2022 it was 3.5%. For the state, last October was 4.4% and this October unemployment was 4.1%. While both Yamhill County and the state overall have seen improvements in the unemployment rate in the last year, the

unemployment rate this fall is coming off the lows seen this summer which were roughly equivalent to prepandemic unemployment levels.

October 2022's employment gains were seen in private education services and manufacturing whereas the sectors losing most jobs relative last month include construction, professional and business services and leisure and hospitality (each industry reported losing 20 jobs relative September).

Tourism and wine sector: McMinnville is located in the heart of Oregon wine country, where an ideal combination of soil types and a mild climate enable area winemakers to produce word-class wines. There are approximately 250 wineries within a 20-mile radius of McMinnville with 20 tasting rooms and nine wineries operating within the City. The strength of the wine industry in McMinnville and surrounding area has been a significant factor in growth of the local economy. Yamhill County, with one-third of Oregon's acreage in vineyards, plays a leading role in Oregon's \$8.4 billion dollar-a-year industry statewide.¹

Wineries and tasting rooms open to the public are a natural draw for tourists throughout the year. Many wineries also have festivals, music performances, and picnics during the summer. In July, McMinnville's Linfield University hosts the International Pinot Noir Celebration (IPNC). After taking a hiatus in 2020 and gathering virtually in 2021 due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the 2022 IPNC was back in person and next year the event will be held July 28-30, 2023. This event, which began in 1987, normally brings participants from as far away as California, France, New Zealand and Australia, and has over the years, hosted winemakers from more than 300 wineries in at least 14 countries.

The City imposes a transient lodging tax to provide funding for tourism promotion and marketing of McMinnville as a premiere destination for wine and culinary tourism. These dollars have rebounded substantially after the pandemic periods of FY2019-20 and FY2020-21 to the highest levels seen per year in FY2021-22.

The Evergreen Museum campus buildings include the Evergreen Air Museum, the Space Museum, the Wings and Waves Waterpark, an event center, and an iMax theatre. The Museums display a number of military and civilian aircraft and spacecraft, most notably, the Hughes H-4 Hercules Spruce Goose.

Population Growth: Over the last ten years, McMinnville's population has grown by 6.2 percent, with the most recent census estimates indicating a small increase in 2022. Both new employers and residents are attracted to McMinnville because of its livability and proximity to the Portland metropolitan area, Salem (the state capital), the Cascade mountain range, and the Oregon coast. Other factors contributing to the livability are the vitality of McMinnville's Historic Downtown District, Linfield University, and excellence of medical and City services. For comparison, during the same ten-year period, Yamhill County's population grew 7.5 percent, while the State of Oregon's population grew 9.2 percent.

¹ 2021 Oregon Winery and Vineyard Report from the Institute for Policy Research and Engagement at the University of Oregon.

Population Estimates

	McMi	nnville	Yamhill	County	State of Oregon		
Year	Population	Percent Change	Population		Population	Percent Change	
2013	2013 32,510 0.23%		101,400	0.85%	3,919,020	0.91%	
2018	33,810	0.43%	107,415	2.31%	4,195,300	1.31%	
2019	33,930	0.35%	108,060	0.60%	4,236,400	0.98%	
2020	the state of the s		107,873 -0.17%		4,243,791	0.17%	
2021	34,251	-0.20%	108,261	108,261 0.36%		0.54%	
2022	34,515	0.77%	108,993	0.68%	4,266,560 0.54% 4,278,910 0.29%		

Source: Portland State University Population Research Center (PRC) yearly estimates.

McMinnville's population is projected to reach approximately 39,902 by 2035, an increase of 15.6 percent from its 2022 population. Yamhill County's population is projected to increase by 11.6 percent to 121,591 in 2035, according to the PRC.

Residential, Commercial, and Industrial Development: Fiscal year 2021-22 represented an 8.7 percent increase in permits issued, a total of 1,283 relative 1,180 in the previous year. Last year the McMinnville Growth Management and Urbanization Plan (MGMUP) was adopted, adding 662.40 gross buildable acres to the McMinnville Urban Growth Boundary.

Property Values: Taxable values and real market values are factors that are useful in measuring the economic health of a community. As illustrated in the table below, the taxable value for McMinnville increased by over 20 percent in the last five years and 40 percent over the last ten years. Increases were primarily related to new construction and major commercial building improvements.

Property Values --- Maximum Assessed Value and Real Market Value (\$s in thousands)

		McMir	Yamhill County			
Fiscal Year End	Taxable Value	axable Value				Percent Change
2013	2,199,145	2.75%	2,767,634	-1.37%	8,911,056	-3.03%
2018	2,591,403	3.28%	3,722,888	8.89%	12,744,339	11.51%
2019	2,742,458	5.83%	3,930,001	5.56%	13,656,881	7.16%
2020	2,882,809	5.12%	4,191,800	6.66%	14,869,587	8.88%
2021	2,989,998	3.72%	4,617,332	10.15%	15,713,023	5.67%
2022	3,144,390	5.16%	5,072,516	9.86%	17,480,598	11.25%

Source: Yamhill County Assessor's Office

From 2013 to 2024, real market value for McMinnville increased by over 80 percent and Yamhill County's real market value grew by over 95 percent in the last ten years. The City's real market value has shown a steady increase over the last five years. Taxable value as a percentage of estimated real market value was 62 percent in 2022.

Property Tax Rates: Since fiscal year 2001, the City has levied its entire permanent property tax rate of \$5.02 per \$1,000 of assessed value for operations, as provided for in the 1996 Oregon tax limitation measure. Oregon law allows the City to levy property taxes for payment on debt that has been approved by the voters. The City's debt service levy includes Public Safety-Civic Building bonds (ending in FY2026-27) and two rounds of Transportation bonds issued as authorized by voters in 2014. The property taxes received to support McMinnville's Urban Renewal (UR) plan do not result in an additional property tax extended to payers but are shares of tax receipts that would have otherwise gone to taxing districts that the UR district overlaps with such as the City of McMinnville, Yamhill County, McMinnville School District.

Property Tax Rates (per thousand of assessed valuation)

		City of McMinnville Only									
Fiscal Year Ended	Operating Debt Service		Urban Renewal	Total Property Tax Levy	Consolidated Property Tax Rate						
2013	5.02	0.63		5.65	16.55						
2018	5.02	1.34	0.08	6.44	17.12						
2019	5.02	1.45	0.10	6.57	17.18						
2020	5.02	1.29	0.12	6.43	17.00						
2021	5.02	1.27	0.14	6.43	17.09						
2022	5.02	0.92	0.17	6.11	16.51						

Source: Yamhill County Assessor's Office

Fiscal Policy and Financial Planning:

To facilitate long-term planning, City management utilizes a five-year financial forecast model. Forecasting enables policymakers to take action in a timely manner, to mitigate future financial problems, and to allow planning for expansion when economic conditions improve. The City's fiscal policy is to budget for the upcoming fiscal year, while taking into consideration factors that will impact subsequent years' budgets.

For fiscal year 2021-22, the City's General Fund ending fund balance is over 24 percent of total General Fund operating expenditures. This meets the minimum General Fund reserve targeted in the fund balance policy adopted by the City Council in October 2020. This policy recommends that two months of operating expenditures (personnel and materials and services costs) should be maintained as an unrestricted cash reserve. Additional information on the City's fund balance policy is included in the notes to the financial statements, Note I.F.16.

Major Initiatives:

After several years of review and assessment by third-party experts on the best way to serve residents, voters may be asked to consider a proposal to provide fire and ambulance services through a single service district encompassing the City of McMinnville and the current McMinnville Rural Fire Protection District outside the city and establish a new tax rate to support those services. In October 2022, the McMinnville City Council passed a Resolution authorizing submission of and support for a petition for formation of this new Fire District. Following that vote, the Yamhill County Commission is now considering referring the proposal to voters for the May 2023 election. They currently have public hearings scheduled for December 1 and January 12. The new

district will reduce response times while securing a durable revenue source at levels that will also better support the ability to acquire modern, life-saving equipment and specialized vehicles.

The McMinnville Programming Advisory Committee (MacPAC) wrapped up two years of study to examine the future of recreation facilities, library, programs and enrichments services with recommendations to the City Council presented in December 2021. It considered options for the Community Center, Library, Aquatic Center and Senior Center, utilizing a diversity, equity and inclusion lens in its work, always asking "who is positively and negatively affected by this issue or decision, particularly in regards to often marginalized or traumatized groups?"

The current year also saw the Council, with support of the Budget Committee, consider and approve programming for the majority of the City's \$7.7 million allotment of the once in a generation American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) grant dollars in three categories of projects: Innovative, High Impact projects; Immediate Impact Community projects and Internal Efficiency and Effectiveness projects. In addition, the Council and Budget Committee met five times from July through November 2021 to consider sustainable resource options for the City's general fund, culminating in resolution 2021-55 authorizing the creation of a city services charge which will come online in FY2022-23.

The City's Community Development Department completed a three-year effort to adopt new residential design and development standards that allows missing middle housing types (duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes, townhomes, tiny homes, SROs and cottage clusters) on all housing lots in McMinnville in an effort to provide more access to housing and ownership opportunities for all income levels in McMinnville. To support affordable housing efforts, in May of 2022 the City adopted a Construction Excise Tax (CET) to create is first sustainable affordable housing fund in an effort to partner with private development on providing affordable housing for the community which will begin next fiscal year.

The FY2021-22 period has seen advancement on and completion of a number of projects including:

- NE High School Basin Sanitary Sewer Rehab in progress, FY2022-23 construction completion
- Biosolids Tank and Mixer project is at 90% design with construction expected to start during the spring/summer of 2023 and completion sometime in late 2024/25
- Public Works space needs analysis is in progress with non-monetary criteria being evaluated
- The Water Reclamation Facility and Conveyance Master Plan work has started and will be completed in FY2024-25
- Development of a Mercury Water Quality Pollution Control Plan to meet the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) Mercury Total Maximum Daily Load requirements in process
- The City's Summer Fun program brought 150 fun and free activities in different geographic areas of the city to our community, serving almost 4,000 people at the events
- The Police Department and the City Attorney's office staffed a process to update the city's camping ordinances
- Issued approximately \$175,000 in manufactured housing assistance grants
- The Fire Department's fire/rescue responses were up 4% relative last year totaling approximately 3,400 responses
- Completed an Airport Apron and Taxilane Rehabilitation project
- City-wide branding project was brought to completion with a full suite of fonts, colors, and logos being used consistently throughout the City, incorporated into our City's webpage in FY2022-23
- Planning for City's first-ever community engagement software, iheartmac.org, launched in FY2022-23
- In May 2022 a new Judge was sworn in to serve the members of the public who come before the municipal court
- Completion of the design phase of a Third Street Improvement project, a street and sidewalk reconstruction project on 11 blocks of McMinnville's award-winning "Main Street." Next steps are engineering and construction.

• After four years of public engagement and planning, the City adopted a Three Mile Lane area plan for approximately 1300 acres of land adjacent to Highway 18 in McMinnville, culminating in a master plan to develop a 140-acre Innovation Industrial campus to attract high-density family wage jobs.

Certificate of Achievement:

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) most recently awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of McMinnville for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The City has received this recognition for over 30 consecutive years. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR and must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. This award is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only.

Acknowledgements:

The preparation of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) is the final step in the completion of a successful year for the City's Finance Department. We would like to thank the City's accounting staff for their day-to-day dedication to professional accounting standards and to producing accurate accounting records, which are the basis for the financial statements included in the City's ACFR.

Furthermore, we would like to acknowledge the efforts of all City department personnel who conscientiously adhere to internal controls throughout the year, helping to ensure accuracy and compliance with accounting policies. Department personnel also provide important statistical information, making the ACFR a meaningful presentation of the City's financial statements.

The City contracted with Merina and Co to prepare the ACFR report and we recognize the time, effort and care this additional line of service has required.

Special appreciation is also extended to the City of McMinnville Mayor, City Councilors, and Budget Committee for their support and for their continuing effort to conduct the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

My Rling

Jeffrey R. Towery City Manager Jennifer K. Cuellar-Smith Finance Director

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Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of McMinnville Oregon

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of McMinnville, Oregon

Elected Officials And Principal Appointed Officers of the City

June 30, 2022

	CITY COUNCIL	TERM EXPIRES
Remy Drabkin	Mayor	November 8, 2022
Sal Peralta	Ward I	December 31, 2022
Chris Chenoweth	Ward I	December 31, 2024
Kellie Menke	Ward II	December 31, 2024
Zack Geary	Ward II	December 31, 2022
Adam Garvin	Ward III	December 31, 2024
Jessica L. Payne	Ward III	November 8, 2022

CITY ADMINISTRATION

Jeffrey R. Towery City of McMinnville City Manager

Jennifer K. Cuellar-Smith City of McMinnville Finance Director



City of McMinnville Oregon

Municipal Judge

Finance/

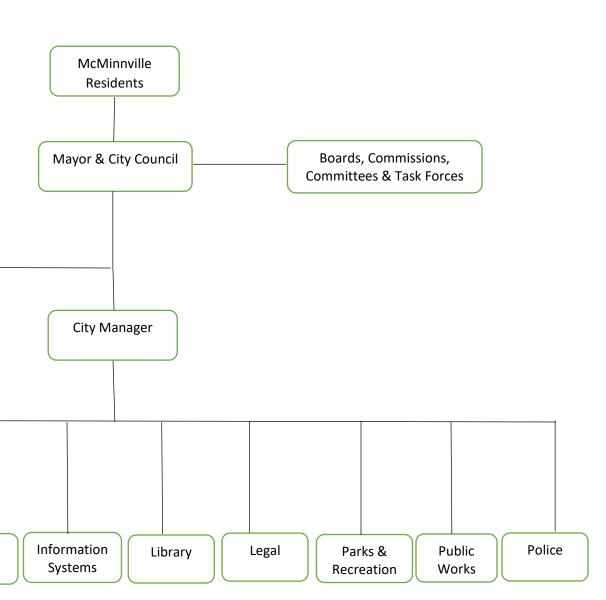
Municipal Court

Fire

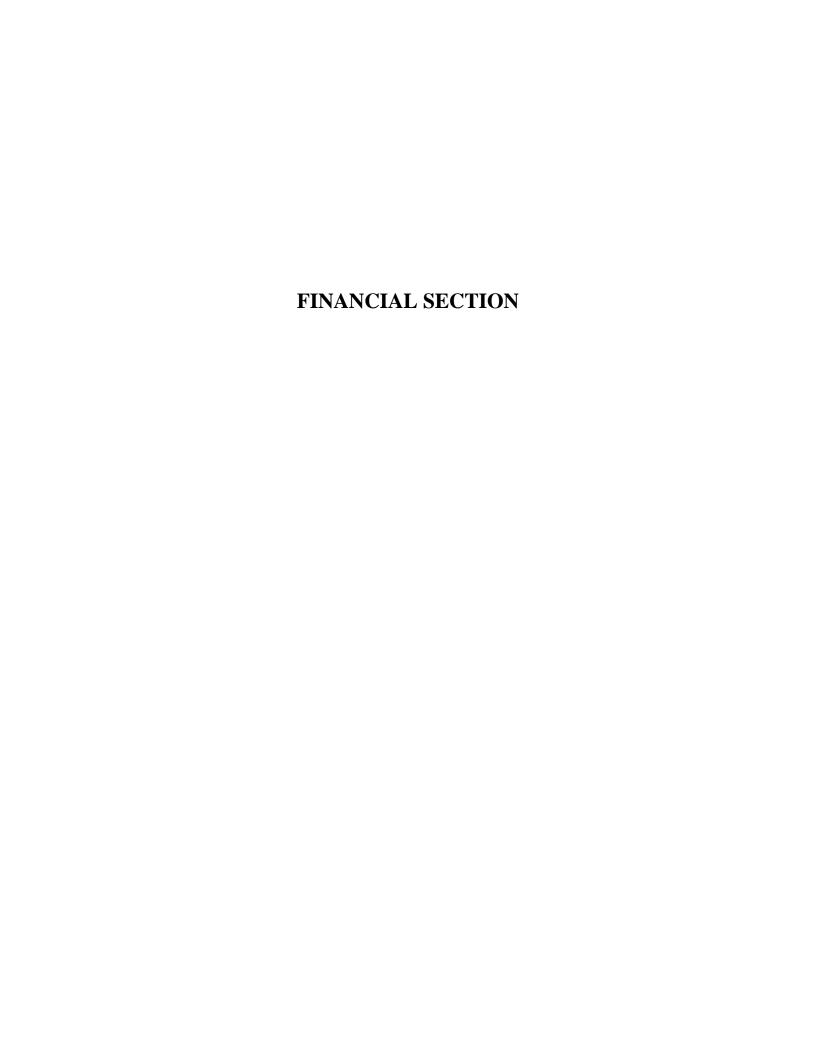
Community

Development

Administration







7624 SW Mohawk Street Tualatin, OR 97062 www.merina.com 503.723.0300



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Mayor, City Council, and Audit Committee City of McMinnville, Oregon

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of McMinnville, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of McMinnville, Oregon's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of McMinnville, Oregon, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the following discretely presented component unit, McMinnville Water and Light, as described in our report on the City of McMinnville, Oregon's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (GAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of McMinnville, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note IV. K. to the financial statements, the City of McMinnville adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

City of McMinnville, Oregon's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of McMinnville's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. We did not audit the financial statements of the McMinnville Water & Light Department, a discretely presented component unit of the City of McMinnville. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the McMinnville Water & Light Department, is based solely on the report of other auditors.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of McMinnville's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of McMinnville's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis and schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of contributions – pensions, schedule of the proportionate share of OPEB - RHIA, schedule of contributions to OPEB - RHIA, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios - implicit rate subsidy, and schedule of contributions to OPEB - implicit rate subsidy, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance – budget and actual, as listed in the table of contents under required supplementary information, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional

procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of McMinnville, Oregon's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents including the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2022 on our consideration of City of McMinnville, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of McMinnville, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is issued separately and is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of McMinnville, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon Minimum Standards

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have also issued our report dated December 29, 2022, on our consideration of City of McMinnville, Oregon's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

For Merina+Co Tualatin, Oregon December 29, 2022



The "Management's Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A) section of the City of McMinnville's (City) Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) presents a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Information in the MD&A is based on currently known facts, decisions and conditions. Please read it in conjunction with the basic financial statements, the accompanying notes to those financial statements, and the City's "Letter of Transmittal" contained in the ACFR. In an effort to make the MD&A more readable, all amounts have been rounded to the nearest million or in some cases the nearest thousand.

Financial Highlights

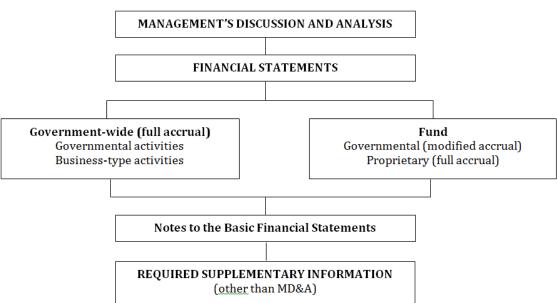
- The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources totaled \$254.1 million at June 30, 2022, consisting of \$166.5 million in capital assets, \$51.4 million in unrestricted cash and investments, \$17.1 million in restricted cash and investments, and \$23.3 million in other assets and deferred outflows of resources. Total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased by \$14.4 million from the previous fiscal year.
- The City's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources totaled \$83.0 million at June 30, 2022 consisting of \$47.6 million in long-term liabilities and \$13.1 million in accounts payable and other liabilities, \$17.3 million in deferred inflows related to pensions and \$5.0 million in other deferred inflows of resources.
- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$171.0 million at the close of fiscal year 2022. Unrestricted net position totaled \$29.8 million. The City's net investment in capital assets totaled \$136.2 million and net position restricted for capital projects, building operations, and debt service totaled \$5.1 million.
- For its governmental activities, the City generated \$12.6 million in charges for services and received \$1.8 million in operating grants and \$2.4 million in capital grants and contributions. Direct expenses, including interest on long-term debt, were \$38.2 million for the year. Total revenues, including \$29.1 million of general revenues received, and total expenditures resulted in an increase in net position of \$7.7 million.
- For its business-type activities, the City generated \$12.9 million in charges for services, capital grants and contributions, and other revenue to fund direct expenses of \$6.6 million. Year over year, an increase in net position of \$6.3 million was seen.
- Fund balance in the City's governmental funds was \$17.7 million on June 30, 2022, an increase of \$2.0 million from June 30, 2021. Approximately \$5.7 million is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance), up \$1.1 million from the prior year. Additional information regarding governmental funds ending fund balances is included in the Fund Financial Analysis section of Management's Discussion and Analysis.

Overview of the Financial Statements

In addition to this discussion and analysis, the financial section of this annual report contains the *basic financial* statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information, including the combining statements and schedules of the non-major funds.

The basic financial statements also include *notes* that explain the information in the financial statements and provide additional details. The following chart illustrates how the various sections of this annual report are arranged relative to one another.





Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the full accrual method of accounting similar to private-sector accounting. Both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

- These government-wide financial statements include three reporting units; i.e., governmental activities and business-type activities that are combined for the primary government total, including the McMinnville Urban Renewal District, and the discretely presented component unit, McMinnville Water & Light Department (Department).
- Governmental activities of the City are general government, public safety, community development, culture and recreation, airport, and highways and streets. Property taxes, charges for services, and operating and capital grants and contributions fund most of these activities.
- Business-type activity of the City is in the Wastewater Services funds. The City charges fees to customers to recover the majority of the costs of these services.
- Statement of Net Position: This statement includes all assets, liabilities, deferred outflows and deferred
 inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Evaluating increases or decreases in net
 position over time can serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or
 deteriorating.
- Statement of Activities: This statement presents information showing how the City's net position changed
 during the fiscal year. The statement reports governmental and business-type activities' function/program
 expenses and program revenues and indicates the amount that must be supplemented by general revenues.
 General revenues include property taxes, franchise fees, unrestricted state shared revenues and investment
 earnings.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund financial statements focus on major governmental and proprietary funds separately. The City's major governmental funds are each presented separately, and the remaining non-major funds are combined in a column titled "Total Non-Major Governmental Funds." Statements for the City's proprietary funds follow the governmental statements.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for the functions reported as governmental
activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial
statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable
resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This fund
reporting method may be more useful in evaluating the City's short-term financial requirements and position.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains fourteen governmental funds, six of which are considered major funds. The General Fund, Airport Maintenance Fund, Grants and Special Assessment Fund, and Urban Renewal Debt Service Fund are major funds; the Transportation Fund and Debt Service Fund are also classified as a major fund due to public interest in these activities. The remaining governmental funds, six special revenue and two capital projects funds, are classified as non-major funds and are aggregated for reporting in the fund financial statements. Non-major governmental funds data is provided in combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

 Proprietary funds: The City maintains two types of proprietary funds, enterprise funds and internal service funds.

Enterprise funds are used to account for Wastewater Services. Wastewater Services is a major fund. Enterprise funds use the full accrual method of accounting, as do the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no separate reconciliation is necessary.

Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the operating funds. The City's internal service funds are Information Systems & Services and Insurance Services. These funds are included with the proprietary funds in the fund financial statements and with the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements since the funds served are primarily governmental activities.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As previously noted, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$171.1 million at the close of fiscal year 2022

Statement of Net Position:

The following table is a summary of the City's net position compared to the prior fiscal year.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in millions)

											nponent l		
		overnmen		Bu	Primary Government Business-Type Total						Vater and Light		
	Activities			Activities			City			The "Department"			
	2022	2021	Change	2022	2021	Change	2022	2021	Change	2022	2021	Change	
Cash and													
investments	\$ 25.3	\$ 19.4	\$ 5.9	\$ 43.2	\$ 39.3	\$ 3.9	\$ 68.5	\$ 58.7	\$ 9.8	\$ 57.3	\$ 56.4	\$ 0.9	
Other assets	8.7	3.9	4.8	2.2	2.4	(0.2)	10.9	6.3	4.6	9.7	8.5	1.2	
Capital assets	104.2	104.5	(0.3)	58.1	55.9	2.2	162.3	160.4	1.9	147.1	140.6	6.5	
Total assets	138.2	127.8	10.4	103.5	97.6	5.9	241.7	225.4	16.3	214.1	205.5	8.6	
Deferred													
outflows of resources	11.5	13.2	(1.7)	0.9	1.1	(0.2)	12.4	14.3	(1.9)	5.6	6.9	(1.3)	
Other liabilities	s 12.6	9.6	3.0	0.5	0.8	(0.3)	13.1	10.4	2.7	6.7	5.6	1.1	
Non-current liabilities	45.8	63.5	(17.7)	1.8	3.1	(1.3)	47.6	66.6	(19.0)	8.1	13.8	(5.7)	
Total liabilities	58.4	73.1	(14.7)	2.3	3.9	(1.6)	60.7	77.0	(16.3)	14.8	19.4	(4.6)	
Deferred													
inflows of resources	20.8	5.4	15.4	1.5	0.5	1.0	22.3	5.9	16.4	5.6	1.3	4.3	
Net investmen	t												
in capital assets	78.2	74.8	3.4	58.0	55.9	2.1	136.2	130.7	5.5	147.2	140.6	6.6	
Restricted	5.1	8.7	(3.6)				5.1	8.7	(3.6)	0.1	0.1		
Unrestricted	(12.8)	(21.0)	8.2	42.6	38.4	4.2	29.8	17.4	12.4	52.0	51.0	1.0	
Total net position	\$ 70.5	\$ 62.5	\$ 8.0	\$ 100.6	\$ 94.3	\$ 6.3	\$ 171.1	\$ 156.8	\$ 14.3	\$ 199.3	\$ 191.7	\$ 7.6	

The largest portion of the City's net position, or \$136.2 million, is invested in capital assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens. Therefore, they do not represent resources available for future spending. Total restricted net position is \$5.1 million and represents amounts that are legally restricted for capital expansion, debt service, or other purposes. The total \$29.8 million unrestricted net position is the net of an \$12.8 million unrestricted net position deficit in governmental activities and \$42.6 million unrestricted net position in business-type activities.

For governmental activities, total net position increased by \$8.0 million compared to fiscal year 2021. Net investment in capital assets increased by \$3.4 million. Restricted net position decreased by \$3.6 million and the unrestricted net position deficit became smaller by \$8.2 million compared to the previous fiscal year. Capital assets decreased by \$0.3 million compared to 2021 due to less new street infrastructure coming on line after completion

of most of the 2014 and 2018 bond projects. Deferred outflow of resources, predominantly related to future pension obligations, decreased by \$1.7 million. Long term liabilities decreased by \$17.7 million, primarily due to a drop in net pension liabilities; no new debt issuances took place during FY22.

For business-type activities, total net position increased by \$6.3 million. The favorable change is primarily due to the increase in cash and investments in Wastewater Services, resulting from charges for services revenue exceeding operating expenses in 2022 by \$4.3 million operating surplus.

Department - Statement of Net Position: Total net position for the Department increased by \$7.6 million largely due to increased net investment in capital assets. Total combined non-current liabilities decreased in 2023 by \$5.7 million.

Statement of Activities: The table on the following page is a summary of the City's governmental and business-type activities compared to the prior fiscal year.

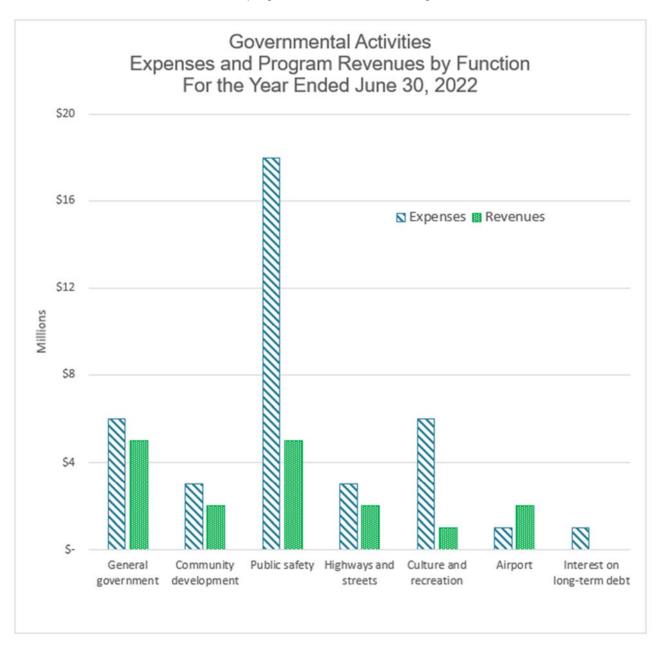
Statement of Activities June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in millions)

					(in i	millions)						
				Deim							nponent	
		vernme		Bu	siness-T			Total City			Vater and Light "Departn	
	2022	2021	Change	2022	2021	Change	2022	2021	Change	2022	2021	Change
Revenues:	LULL		change	2022	LULI	change	LULL		change	Lozz	202.	change
Program revenues:												
Charges for service	\$12.6	\$ 9.7	\$ 2.9	\$ 10.8	\$11.0	\$ (0.2)	\$ 23.4	\$ 20.7	\$ 2.7	\$ 50.8	\$ 50.5	\$ 0.3
Operating grants & contributions	1.8	1.8	-	0.1		0.1	1.9	1.8	0.1	0.1	-	0.1
Capital grants & contributions	2.4	1.8	0.6	1.8	0.7	1.1	4.2	2.5	1.7	2.9	4.2	(1.3)
General revenues:												
Property taxes	18.5	18.5		-			18.5	18.5				-
Franchise taxes	3.9	4.4	(0.5)				3.9	4.4	(0.5)			-
Other	6.7	6.2	0.5	0.2	0.3	(0.1)	6.9	6.5	0.4	4.3	2.4	1.9
		- 0.2		0.2		(0.1)	0.5	0.5	0.4	4.3	2.4	
Total revenues	45.9	42.4	3.5	12.9	12.0	0.9	58.8	54.4	4.4	58.1	57.1	1.0
Expenses: Governmental activ	ition:											
General	100	7.0	(0.7)					7.0	(0.7)			
government	6.3	7.0	(0.7)	-	-	-	6.3	7.0	(0.7)	-	-	-
Community development	2.6	2.7	(0.1)	-	•		2.6	2.7	(0.1)	-	•	
Public safety	18.3	21.6	(3.3)		-	-	18.3	21.6	(3.3)	-		-
Highways and streets	3.4	4.8	(1.4)		•	•	3.4	4.8	(1.4)			
Culture and recreation	6.2	6.3	(0.1)	-		•	6.2	6.3	(0.1)	-		
Airport	0.6	0.6	-			-	0.6	0.6	-	-	-	
Interest on long- term debt	0.0	0.9	(0.1)			-	8.0	0.9	(0.1)	-	-	(* (
Business-type acti Wastewater	vities:			6.6	8.0	(1.4)	6.6	8.0	(1.4)			
Component unit				-	-	(1.4)	-	-	(1.4)	50.5	50.6	(0.1)
Total expenses	38.2	43.9	(5.7)	6.6	8.0	(1.4)	44.8	51.9	(7.1)	50.5	50.6	(0.1)
Changes in net position before	7.7	(1.5)		6.3	4.0	2.3	14.0	2.5	11.5	7.6	6.5	1.1
transfers		(0.4)	20.2		0.4							
Transfers Change in net		(0.1)	22.3		0.1							<u> </u>
position	7.7	(1.6)	31.5	6.3	4.1	2.3	14.0	2.5	11.5	7.6	6.5	1.1
Beginning net position as previously reported	62.5	64.1	(1.6)	94.3	90.2	4.1	156.8	154.3	2.5	191.7	185.2	6.5
Change in accounting principle	0.3	-	0.3	17		-	0.3		0.3	-	÷	15.
Beginning net position as restated	62.8	64.1	(1.3)	94.3	90.2	4.1	157.1	154.3	2.8	191.7	185.2	6.5
Total net position	\$70.5	\$62.5	\$30.2	\$100.6	\$94.3	\$ 6.4	\$171.1	\$1 56.8	\$ 5.6	\$199.3	\$191.7	\$ 7.6

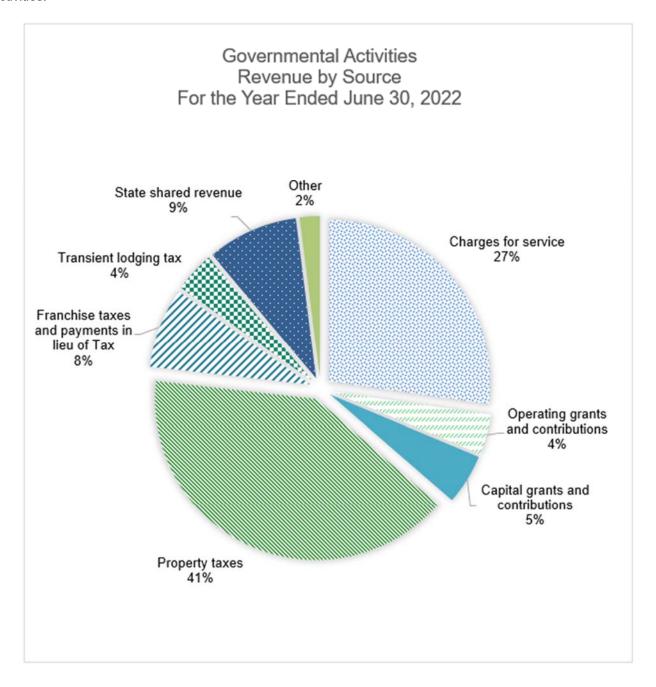
For governmental activities, program revenues increased by \$3.5 million due to an increase in charges for services and capital grants. General revenues were flat compared to the prior year due a reduction in franchise fees and an offsetting increase in other revenues (transient lodging taxes).

Total expenses for governmental activities decreased by \$5.7 million compared to the prior year. Generally, expenses for governmental activities increase due to higher salaries and fringe benefits costs; in this year, the driver of the declining expense level was due to pension expense coming in \$4.5 million lower than the prior year, an example of how pension expense (income) related to GASB 68 as well as GASB 75 can vary significantly year to year depending on changes in the net pension liability, changes in actuarial assumptions, and differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, as well as other factors. The City's employee retirement pension plan is discussed in more detail in the notes to the financial statements, Note IV.D.

The following bar chart compares each governmental activity expense with the revenue stream for each activity and illustrates the extent to which different programs are subsidized with general revenues.



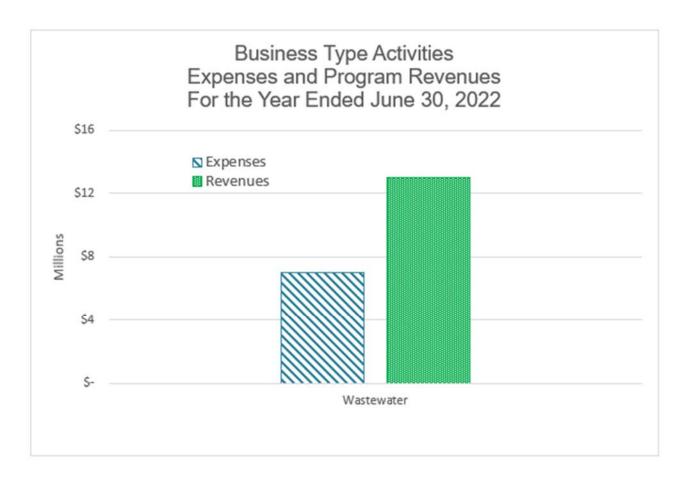
The following pie chart illustrates the relative amount of the different categories of revenue sources for governmental activities.



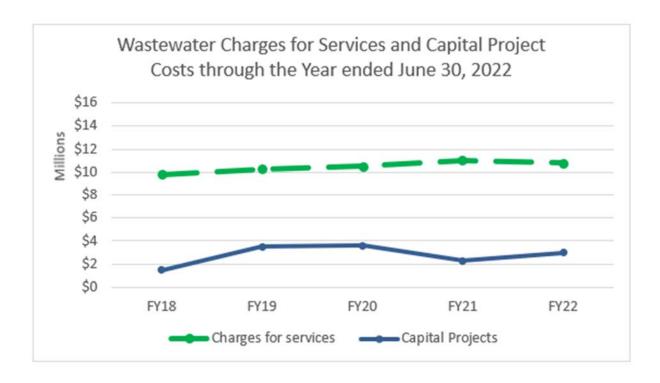
For business-type activities, total revenue increased by \$0.9 million. While wastewater funding primarily consists of charges for services, the increase year over year was driven by higher system development charges and contributed capital.

Expenses for business-type activities decreased by \$1.4 million compared to the prior year. As was also seen with the governmental fund, this decline was tied to a significantly smaller pension related expense. Pension and post-employment benefit expense accounting from GASB 68 and GASB 75 can drive swings in value year to year depending on changes in the net pension liability, changes in actuarial assumptions, and differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, as well as other factors.

The following bar chart compares each business-type activity expense with the revenue stream for that activity. The significant difference between Wastewater revenue and expenses is due to a financial policy adopted by City Council to set sewer rates at a level sufficient to fund future capital projects on a "pay as you go" basis.



The line graph below focuses on Wastewater charges for services and capital project costs for the last five years. The graph illustrates that charges for services are relatively consistent. Though this five-year period shows consistent capital project costs as well, capital project costs can vary due to the number and size of projects in a given year.



Department - Statement of Activities: Combined operating revenue for electric and water increased by 1% over the prior year. Electric and water rates both increased during the year (1.75% and 3% respectively) and consumption was up slightly as well. Total combined operating expenses increased during the year largely due to higher Distribution and O&M costs and Depreciation. The result was a combined \$574K increase in operating revenue. Economic and/or weather conditions, along with conservation continue to be factors for both water and electric consumption. Total other net revenue increased by 18% over the prior year largely due to an increase in Timber Revenue. While strong development continued during FY 2022, contributed utility systems were down 32% because FY 2021 included significant development costs for a water line intertie to the City of Lafayette.

Fund Financial Analysis

The General Fund is the City's main operating fund and is used to account for administration and finance (general government); engineering and planning (community development); police, municipal court, and fire/ambulance (public safety); and parks and recreation and library (culture and recreation activities).

Total General Fund revenues increased by \$1.3 million, or 4.6 percent, compared to the prior year. Property tax and intergovernmental combined to increase by \$1.3 million. All other revenue categories offset each other for no change year over year. On the modified accrual basis, charges for services revenue also includes internal charges for services that are recorded as transfers on the budgetary basis.

Total General Fund expenditures decreased by \$0.1 million compared to the prior year. Public safety and community development functional spending contracted, driven largely by staffing challenges starting in FY22 while culture and recreation spending increased by 7.8% relative the FY21 year when the pandemic had a strong negative impact on providing these community services.

In the General Fund, total revenues exceeded expenses by \$0.9 million in FY22.

Fund accounting segregates revenues according to their intended purposes and is used to aid management in demonstrating legal and contractual compliance with revenue source spending requirements. The following schedule reflects fund balance classifications as defined in GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

Governmental Fund - Ending Fund Balances June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousands)

		Ending Fund Balances														
	(C)	Major Funds														
			Air	oort	Spe	ecial					Urban R	enewal				
	Gen	eral	Mainte	nance	Asses	sments	Transp	ortation	Debt S	Service	Debt S	ervice	Non-maj	or Funds	To	tal
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Nonspendable	\$ 30	\$ 21	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 30	\$ 21
Restricted			617	553	149	134	3,481	2,931	463	1,296	-	-	4,385	3,676	9,095	8,590
Committed					-						-	-	152	111	152	111
Assigned	834	786											1,927	1,662	2,761	2,448
Unassigned	6,704	6,006									(1,028)	(1,473)			5,676	4,533
Ending Fund																
Balance	\$7,568	\$6,813	\$ 617	\$ 553	\$ 149	\$ 134	\$3,481	\$2,931	\$ 463	\$1,296	\$(1,028)	\$(1,473)	\$6,464	\$5,449	\$17,714	\$15,703

General Fund nonspendable fund balance includes \$30,000 in prepaid expenses. The assigned fund balance includes \$0.83 million of Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP) plan assets. LOSAP is a non-qualified retirement plan for the City's volunteer firefighters. LOSAP is described in more detail in the notes to the financial statements, Note IV.D.2. Unassigned fund balance increased by \$0.7 million compared with the prior year.

The Airport Maintenance Fund restricted balance was \$617,000 at the end of FY22. Charges for services revenue, including rental payments for land and building leases, were slightly higher than operating expenditures. Operating expenditures, primarily maintenance and improvements costs for buildings and runways, vary from year to year depending on projects. Rental property revenue at the airport is committed by City Council resolution solely for airport operations.

The Transportation Fund fund balance rose by \$0.6 million in FY22 due to the completion in the prior years of most bond-funded support activities designed to expand and improve City streets.

The Debt Service Fund restricted balance decreased by \$0.8 million compared with the prior year as the Parks bond payments ended in FY22 as planned. The restricted balance includes the amount of taxes carried forward from the previous fiscal year to pay general obligation debt service payments that are due in August before property taxes are collected in November.

The Grants and Special Assessments fund balance rose by \$15,000 this year. The fund balance in this major fund tends to be low as grant revenue is recognized when conditions for grant activities are expensed.

Non-major governmental fund ending fund balances include amounts restricted for urban renewal debt service, street maintenance, and transient lodging taxes. Year over year the resources available for those activities grew by \$1 million.

For proprietary funds, total ending net position, including internal services funds, increased by \$6.3 million compared to FY21; Wastewater's unrestricted net position increased by \$6.3 million while internal service fund net position declined by \$26,000. The increase occurred due to Wastewater charges for services revenue exceeding expenses, as the City continues to build a reserve in the Wastewater Fund to pay for future capital projects.

Internal service funds include Information Systems & Services (IS) and Insurance Services Funds. Net position for both funds declined marginally relative to the prior year, driven principally by the previously mentioned impact of smaller pension expense in FY22 relative the prior year. IS Department personnel provide computer support to other funds of the City. Operating departments pay premiums to the Insurance Services Fund for property, liability, and workers compensation insurance. For FY22, the City paid \$153,000 more in combined premiums and paid claims relative FY21. The City purchases property, liability insurance from City County Insurance Services, a public entity risk pool, and workers compensation insurance from an Oregon non-profit called SAIF.

Governmental Fund - Ending Fund Balances June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in thousands)

	Ending Net Position										
	Waste	water	Internal	Service	Total						
	2022		2022 2021		2022	2021					
Unrestricted	\$ 42,575	\$ 38,359	\$ 338	\$ 391	\$ 42,913	\$ 38,750					
Restricted Net investment	46	19	12	4	58	23					
in capital assets	57,964	55,881	421	402	58,385	56,283					
Ending Fund Balance	The state of the s		\$ 771	\$ 797	\$101,356	\$ 95,056					

General Fund and Other Budgetary Highlights

During the fiscal year, six supplemental budgets were adopted by the City Council that amended city's adopted budget. One was to appropriate spending of American Rescue Plan Act programs carried out in general fund departments and information services fund. The largest supplemental budget appropriated budget across all funds with general service employees in order to implement a class and compensation update to bring those wages to the market-based levels in the area. A number of funds had increased appropriations based on a mid-year and year-end review of spending needs which varied from the financial plan as originally contemplated. The fifth was to address a higher than anticipated trend line for Transient Lodging Tax, reflecting a stronger than anticipated rebound in the tourism sector from the revenue (and spending) drop off during the worst times of the COVID-19 pandemic. These funds are primarily utilized for tourism expenditures. The last supplemental budget action was to establish the new Affordable Housing Fund and move funding for that purpose that had previously arrived to the City.

Total General Fund revenues ran \$325,000 behind the final budget primarily due to lower than anticipated charges for Parks and Recreation services as COVID-19 recovery stalled in FY22 (the spikes in the fall of 2021 and winter of 2021-2022). These circumstances meant the ability to provide recreational opportunities at the scale normally available to the community did not materialize as quickly as was hoped. The licenses and permits category came

in \$360,000 higher than budgeted due to higher than anticipated payment in lieu of tax franchise revenues from McMinnville Water and Light electric customers and stronger than predicted planning fees. Total General Fund expenditures were \$4.1 million less than budget. This favorable variance in expenditures was due to budget savings in every General Fund department, some a result of building closures, the consequent reduced staffing needs and other disruptions throughout the year due to the pandemic. As with the revenue, Parks and Recreation saw a related budget variance with lower expenses because programming could not be delivered in the same ways to the numbers of patrons typically served. FY22 also saw budget savings due to challenges in filling open positions, particularly in police, fire and planning functional areas.

Capital Assets

The City's capital assets are used to provide services to the public and include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and vehicles. Infrastructure includes streets, traffic lights, sanitary sewer lines, and storm drains.

Capital Assets June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in millions)

	Governmental Activities		Busine	ss-Type vities	Total City		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Land	\$ 28.6	\$ 28.6	\$ 0.8	\$ 0.8	\$ 29.4	\$ 29.4	
Easements	1.9	2.0	0.2	0.2	2.1	2.2	
Public art	0.3	0.3	-	-	0.3	0.3	
Land improvements	31.0	20.6	0.1	0.1	31.1	20.7	
Buildings	33.4	33.4	55.5	54.6	88.9	88.0	
Machinery and equipment	7.2	7.2	3.3	2.4	10.5	9.6	
Vehicles	6.4	6.9	1.0	1.1	7.4	8.0	
Infrastructure	93.5	99.4	55.6	51.6	149.1	151.0	
Construction in progress	0.1	0.3	4.0	5.5	4.1	5.8	
Total capital assets	202.4	198.7	120.5	116.3	322.9	315.0	
Accumulated depreciation	(98.4)	(94.1)	(62.5)	(60.4)	(160.9)	(154.5)	
Net capital assets	\$ 104.0	\$ 104.6	\$ 58.0	\$ 55.9	\$ 162.0	\$ 160.5	

Capital Assets: The City's total net capital assets increased \$1.5 million.

- Governmental activities total capital assets decreased by \$0.6 million, with depreciation outpacing new capitalized projects for the year.
- For business-type activities, total capital assets increased \$2.1 million, because wastewater infrastructure projects were completed in the year, moving out of the construction in progress category.

Additional information regarding City and Department capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements, Note III. C.

Debt Administration

The City issues general obligation bonds and full faith and credit obligations to finance capital improvement projects. City debt also includes a pension related debt for the PERS transition liability.

Outstanding Debt June 30, 2022 and 2021 (in millions)

	Governmental Activities			ss-Type vities	Total City		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
General obligation bonds	\$ 21.4	\$ 24.4	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21.4	\$ 24.4	
Full faith and credit	4.6	5.0		-	4.6	5.0	
Pension related debt	2.0	2.3	0.2	0.2	2.2	2.5	
Capital leases	0.2	0.3	-		0.2	0.3	
Total outstanding debt	\$ 28.2	\$ 32.0	\$ 0.2	\$ 0.2	\$ 28.4	\$ 32.2	

Outstanding Debt: At June 30, 2022, the City had \$28.4 million in outstanding debt compared to \$32.2 million in the prior year, excluding liabilities related to other post-employment benefits (OPEB), for a net decrease of \$3.8 million. The decrease in general obligation bonds of \$3.0 million was due to planned debt service payments. Full faith and credit debt also decreased due to planned debt service payments. Pension related debt also decreased by \$0.3 million due to principal payments on the loan executed in 2017 to pay off the balance of the City's PERS transition liability. Of the total outstanding debt for governmental activities, approximately \$3.4 million is due within one year.

For business-type activities, the total debt outstanding of \$0.2 million at June 30, 2022 is pension related debt. Business type pension debt came down by \$25,000 relative the prior year due to planned principal payments in the fiscal year.

The \$21.4 million in governmental activities general obligation debt is entirely payable from property taxes levied specifically for that purpose. The remaining \$4.6 million in full faith and credit obligation and \$2.0 million in pension related debt will be repaid from general revenues of the City. City and Department outstanding debt are described in more detail in the notes to the financial statements, beginning with Note III. H.

Bond Ratings: The City maintained its Aa3 rating from Moody's Investor's Services, Inc. in its Annual Comment publication issued in August of 2020. The review was of the City's outstanding general obligation debt.

Economic Factors and Future Operations

Governmental activities: The following economic factors currently affect the City of McMinnville's governmental activities:

- In 2022, taxable assessed property values increased by 5.2 percent compared to the prior year, per the Yamhill County Assessor. The increase in assessed values was due to growth in the value of existing property and new construction.
- Real market values increased by 9.9 percent in 2022 compared to the prior year. Real market values have been steadily increasing the last five years. For fiscal year 2022, assessed property values are 62.0 percent of real market value compared to 64.6 percent in 2021.
- The total value of commercial, industrial and residential building permits increased to \$81.5 million in 2022 compared to \$64.1 million in 2021; while there was an decrease of \$4.1 million in commercial and industrial permits, residential permits were up by \$21.5 million.
- Yamhill County unemployment rates (seasonally adjusted) have mirrored the employment trends of the state of Oregon with 3.5% unemployed in October 2022 compared to 3.9% in October 2021.
- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the assessed value of McMinnville's Urban Renewal district was \$128.6 million, an increase of 49.0 percent compared to the frozen base of \$86.3 million. The goal of the district is to promote development of the historic downtown and neighboring properties.
- The cost of employee fringe benefits, including health insurance premiums, continues to rise.
- The City's PERS employer contribution rates for the FY2019-20 and FY20-21 biennia increased by over 10 percent compared to the prior biennia. The PERS employer rates for the current biennia reflect an average increase of just over 5 percent over the previous period. Rates for FY24 and FY25 have been published and will be 5.65 percent higher than the current year's level.

Business-type activities:

Wastewater operations: In 2013, City Council adopted the updated Sanitary Sewer Conveyance System
Master Plan, the Water Reclamation Facilities Plan, and the Wastewater System Financial Plan. The
Conveyance System and Facilities Plans established a cost-effective plan for wastewater management through
2023. The Financial Plan projected that moderate annual rate increases, as well as spending down of the
substantial reserve set aside for capital projects, will allow the City to continue a "pay as you go" funding strategy
for wastewater capital improvements. The City is currently updating the financial portion of the Master Plan.

Additional economic factors affecting McMinnville are described in the transmittal letter of this report.

Information Requests

The City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report has been prepared to provide a general overview of the City of McMinnville's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information may be directed to the City's Finance Department at 230 NE Second Street, McMinnville, OR 97128. The Finance Director may be contacted at 503-434-2350, or at jennifer.cuellar@mcminnvilleoregon.gov.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The basic financial statements include interrelated sets of financial statements as required by the GASB. The sets of statements include:

- ➤ Government-Wide Financial Statements
- > Fund Financial Statements
 - Governmental Funds
 - Proprietary Funds

In addition, the notes to the basic financial statements are included to provide information that is essential to a user's understanding of the basic financial statements.



SASPETS Current assets Sacuration Sa	Total	Component Unit
Case		
Accounts receivable, net		0.55.0.51.1.55
Due from component unit	\$ 51,370,965 4,811,594	\$57,261,465 4,400,917
Lease receivable 921,259 11,216 2,500 11,101	983,278	4,400,917
Peppais Inventories 334,431 2.50 Other current assets	302,475	13,119
	536,991	
Regulatory sacconsorvation charges 1,567,208 567,008 Regulatory sacconsorvation charges 1,100,7358 5,708 Restricted calls and investments 1,200,7358 5,708 Noncarrent assets 2,982,9356 45,263,125 Noncarrent assets 3,537,828 106,140 Chapter and Company of the Compa	-	1,927,722
Regulatory asset-conservation charges 1506.728 507.288 70.	-	2,008,562
Restricted and mivestments	-	134,099
Total current assets	-	1,038,707
Total current assets	-	-
Noncurrent assets: Lease receivable 3,537,828 106,140 10	17,087,358	
Capial assert servisible Sapial servisible	75,092,661	66,784,591
Non-depreciable		
Non-depreciable 30,007,842 50,203,558 Depreciable 73,108,801 5,048,272 Columns Columns <th< td=""><td>3,643,968</td><td>30,952</td></th<>	3,643,968	30,952
Depreciable, net		
Reseasest, net Net OPER Baset	35,940,197	15,953,175
Net OPEB asset 557,571 45,786 Total anoteurent assets 108,313,24 58,240,018 Total assets 138,142,860 103,503,143 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred change on refunding 174,918 897,939 Deferred outflows related to pensions 11,151,090 897,939 Deferred change on refunding 11,516,009 17,743 Total adeferred outflows of resources 11,516,009 104,418,825 \$ Total deferred outflows of resources 11,516,009 104,418,825 \$ \$ LABILITIES: Current labilities 1,630,222 361,087 \$ <td>126,157,526</td> <td>131,162,223</td>	126,157,526	131,162,223
Total noncurrent assets	208,284	-
Total assets	603,367	135,596
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES: 174,918 174,918 897,939 Deferred dutflows related to pensions 11,125,169 897,939 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 216,029 17,743 Total deferred outflows of resources 11,516,097 915,682 \$ Total assets and deferred outflows of resources 149,658,957 \$ 104,18,825 \$ LAGE of the part of	166,553,342	147,281,946
Deferred charge on refunding	241,646,003	214,066,537
Deferred outflows related to pensions 11,15,160 897,939 12,1602 12		
Deferred outflows related to pensions 11,15,160 897,939 Deferred outflows related to OPEB 216,062 17,743 Total adeferred outflows of resources 11,15,097 915,682 \$ Total assets and deferred outflows of resources *** June 19,156,097 \$ 10,418,825 \$ *** Total assets and deferred outflows of resources *** June 19,156,097 \$	174,918	-
Total deferred outflows of resources \$149,688,957 \$104,418,825 \$	12,023,089	5,428,334
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	233,772	187,558
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	12,431,779	5,615,892
Current liabilities: S 940,953 \$ 361,087 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$		
Current liabilities	\$ 254,077,782	\$ 219,682,429
Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 940,953 \$ 361,087 \$ Due to primary government - - - - Accrued payroll and other payroll liabilities 1,630,222 44,905 - Retainage payable - 116,621 - Other liabilities 73,152 - - Other liabilities 313,408 25,97,645 4,504 Interest payable 403,129 - - PERS related liabilities 313,408 25,412 - Compensated absences 224,861 18,431 - Current lease payable 77,225 1,767 - Current debt payable 77,225 1,767 - Total current liabilities 12,599,414 572,727 - Nocurrent liabilities 773,822 78,614 - <td></td> <td></td>		
Due to primary government - <td></td> <td></td>		
Accrued payroll and other payroll liabilities 1,630,222 44,905 Retainage payable - 116,621 Deposits 491,564 Other liabilities 73,152 Unearned revenue 5,597,645 4,504 Interest payable 403,129 PERS related liabilities 313,408 25,412 Compensated absences 224,861 18,431 Current lease payable 77,225 1,767 Current debt payable 2,847,255 Total current liabilities 12,599,414 572,727 Noncurrent liabilities 773,822 78,614 Net pension liability 18,651,210 1,444,040 Other post employment benefits 1,350,641 110,935 PERS related liability 1,693,629 137,321 Lease payable 157,638 5,264 Notes and bonds payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total iabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174	\$ 1,302,040	\$3,449,338
Retainage payable - 116,621 Deposits 491,564 - Other liabilities 73,152 - Uneamed revenue 5,597,645 4,504 Interest payable 403,129 - PERS related liabilities 313,408 25,412 Compensated absences 224,861 18,431 Current lease payable 77,225 1,767 Current leab payable 2,847,255 - Total current liabilities 12,599,414 572,727 Noncurrent liabilities 773,822 78,614 Net pension liability 18,651,210 1,444,040 Other post employment benefits 1,550,641 110,935 PERS related liability 1,693,629 137,321 Lease payable 157,638 5,264 Notes and bonds payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total sold bonds payable 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total ibilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total noncurrent li		983,278
Deposits 491,564 - Other liabilities 73,152 - Uncamed revenue 5,597,645 4,504 Interest payable 403,129 - PERS related liabilities 313,408 25,412 Compensated absences 224,861 18,431 Current lease payable 77,225 1,767 Current debt payable 2,847,255 - Total current liabilities 12,599,414 572,727 Noncurrent liabilities: 773,822 78,614 Net pension liability 18,651,210 1,444,040 Other post employment benefits 1,350,641 110,935 PERS related liability 1,693,629 137,321 Lease payable 1,693,629 137,321 Lease payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total power liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total iiabilities 58,414,598 2,348,901 Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724<	1,675,127	360,441
Other liabilities 73,152 - Unearmed revenue 5,597,645 4,504 Interest payable 403,129 - PERS related liabilities 313,408 25,412 Compensated absences 224,861 18,431 Current lease payable 77,225 1,767 Current debt payable 2,847,255 - Total current liabilities 73,822 78,614 Net pension liability 18,651,210 1,444,040 Other post employment benefits 1,350,641 110,935 PERS related liability 1,693,629 137,321 Lease payable 157,638 5,264 Notes and bonds payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total liabilities 58,414,598 2,348,901 Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to pensions 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087	116,621	-
Uneamed revenue 5,597,645 4,504 Interest payable 403,129 - PERS related liabilities 313,408 25,412 Compensated absences 224,861 18,431 Current lease payable 77,225 1,767 Current debt payable 2,847,255 - Total current liabilities 312,599,414 572,727 Noncurrent liabilities 773,822 78,614 Net pension liability 18,651,210 1,444,040 Other post employment benefits 1,590,641 110,935 PERS related liability 1,693,629 137,321 Lease payable 157,638 5,264 Notes and bonds payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total liabilities 58,414,598 2,348,901 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to Defense 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087<	491,564	321,904
Interest payable	73,152 5,602,149	824,478
PERS related liabilities 313,408 25,412 Compensated absences 224,861 18,431 Current lease payable 77,225 1,767 Current debt payable 2,847,255 - Total current liabilities 12,599,414 572,727 Noncurrent liabilities 773,822 78,614 Net pension liability 18,651,210 1,444,040 Other post employment benefits 1,330,641 110,935 PERS related liability 1,693,629 137,321 Lease payable 157,638 5,264 Notes and bonds payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total liabilities 58,414,598 2,348,901 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184 NET POSITION: 1,486,184 1,486,184	403,129	
Compensated absences 224,861 18,431 Current lease payable 77,225 1,767 Current debt payable 2,847,255 - Total current liabilities 12,599,414 572,727 Noncurrent liabilities: 773,822 78,614 Compensated absences 773,822 78,614 Net pension liability 18,651,210 1,444,040 Other post employment benefits 1,590,641 110,935 PERS related liability 157,638 5,264 Notes and bonds payable 157,638 5,264 Notes and bonds payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total liabilities 58,414,598 2,348,901 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184	338,820	_
Current lease payable 77,225 1,767 Current debt payable 2,847,255 - Total current liabilities 12,599,414 572,727 Noncurrent liabilities: 773,822 78,614 Compensated absences 773,822 78,614 Net pension liability 18,651,210 1,444,040 Other post employment benefits 1,530,641 110,935 PERS related liability 1,693,629 137,321 Lease payable 157,638 5,264 Notes and bonds payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total liabilities 5,841,598 2,348,901 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184 NET POSITION:	243,292	774,952
Current debt payable 2,847,255 - Total current liabilities 12,599,414 572,727 Noncurrent liabilities: 773,822 78,614 Compensated absences 173,822 78,614 Net pension liability 18,651,210 1,444,040 Other post employment benefits 1,353,641 110,935 PERS related liability 1,693,629 137,321 Lease payable 157,638 5,264 Notes and bonds payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total liabilities 58,414,598 2,348,901 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to opensa 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to opensa 987,450 81,104 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184	78,992	
Total current liabilities 12,599,414 572,727 Noncurrent liabilities: 773,822 78,614 Compensated absences 773,822 78,614 Net pension liability 18,651,210 1,444,040 Other post employment benefits 1,590,641 110,935 PERS related liability 1,693,629 137,321 Lease payable 157,638 5,264 Notes and bonds payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total liabilities 58,414,598 2,348,901 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 987,450 81,104 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184	2,847,255	_
Noncurrent liabilities: 773,822 78,614 Compensated absences 773,822 78,614 Net pension liability 18,651,210 1,444,040 Other post employment benefits 1,590,641 110,935 PERS related liability 1,693,629 137,321 Lease payable 157,638 5,264 Notes and bonds payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total liabilities 58,414,598 2,348,901 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 987,450 81,104 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184	13,172,141	6,714,391
Compensated absences 773,822 78,614 Net pension liability 18,651,210 1,444,040 Other post employment benefits 1,350,641 110,935 PERS related liability 1,693,629 137,321 Lease payable 157,638 5,264 Notes and bonds payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total liabilities 58,414,598 2,348,901 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 987,450 81,104 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184 NET POSITION:	15,172,141	0,714,371
Net pension liability 18,651,210 1,444,040 Other post employment benefits 1,350,641 110,935 PERS related liability 1,693,629 137,321 Lease payable 157,638 5,264 Notes and bonds payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total liabilities 58,414,598 2,348,901 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 987,450 81,104 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184 NET POSITION:	052 426	
Other post employment benefits 1,350,641 110,935 PERS related liability 1,693,629 137,321 Lease payable 157,638 5,264 Notes and bonds payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total liabilities 58,414,598 2,348,901 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 987,450 81,104 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184 NET POSITION:	852,436	- (257.042
PERS related liability 1,693,629 137,321 Lease payable 157,638 5,264 Notes and bonds payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total liabilities 58,414,598 2,348,901 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 987,450 81,104 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184 NET POSITION:	20,095,250	6,257,043
Lease payable 157,638 5,264 Notes and bonds payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total liabilities 58,414,598 2,348,901 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 987,450 81,104 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184 NET POSITION:	1,461,576 1,830,950	1,289,993 536,478
Notes and bonds payable 23,188,244 - Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total liabilities 58,414,598 2,348,901 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 987,450 81,104 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184 NET POSITION:	162,902	330,478
Total noncurrent liabilities 45,815,184 1,776,174 Total liabilities 58,414,598 2,348,901 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 987,450 81,104 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184 NET POSITION:	23,188,244	_
Total liabilities 58,414,598 2,348,901 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 987,450 81,104 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184 NET POSITION:	47,591,358	8,083,514
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES: Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 987,450 81,104 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184 NET POSITION:		
Deferred inflows related to pensions 15,968,549 1,287,724 Deferred inflows related to OPEB 987,450 81,104 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184 NET POSITION:	60,763,499	14,797,905
Deferred inflows related to OPEB 987,450 81,104 Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184 NET POSITION:	45.056.050	# 0#0 £40
Deferred inflows related to leases 3,829,087 117,356 Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184 NET POSITION:	17,256,273	5,058,643
Total deferred inflows of resources 20,785,086 1,486,184 NET POSITION:	1,068,554	515,166
NET POSITION:	3,946,443	44,071
	22,271,270	5,617,880
Net investment in capital assets 78,122,481 57,964,430	136,086,911	147,115,398
Restricted for:		
Aiport 617,091 -	617,091	-
Capital projects 3,480,963 -	3,480,963	-
Debt service 463,398 -	463,398	-
OPEB benefits 557,571 45,796	603,367	135,596
Unrestricted (12,782,231) 42,573,514	29,791,283	52,015,650
Total net position 70,459,273 100,583,740	171,043,013	199,266,644
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 254,077,782	\$ 219,682,429

				Program Revenues							
					Operating		Capital				
			(Charges for		Grants and	(Grants and			
Functions/Programs	Expenses			Services	Contributions		Contributions				
Primary Government											
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	6,324,485	\$	3,982,289	\$	562,335	\$	-			
Public safety		18,315,116		5,068,100		199,901		-			
Highways and streets		3,388,601		678,038		9,908		1,054,427			
Culture and recreation		6,052,570		983,424		248,299		24,348			
Community development		2,627,751		1,425,276		752,665		-			
Airport		635,814		401,744		59,057		1,326,403			
Interest on long-term debt		838,170						<u> </u>			
Total governmental activities		38,182,507		12,538,871		1,832,165		2,405,178			
Business-type activities:											
Wastewater		6,595,608		10,826,206		23,894		1,836,717			
Total business-type activities		6,595,608		10,826,206		23,894		1,836,717			
Total government	\$	44,778,115	\$	23,365,077	\$	1,856,059	\$	4,241,895			
Component Unit											
Water and Light	\$	50,509,633	\$	50,839,486	\$	60,033	\$	2,878,686			

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Franchise taxes

Transient lodging tax

State shared revenue

Unrestricted interest and investment earnings

Timber sales, net of related expenses

Miscellaneous revenues

Transfers in (out)

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning

Change in accounting principle - GASB 87

Net position, ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position

		Change in	Net Position	
		Business		Component Unit
Governmenta	1	Type		
Activities		Activities	Total	Water and Light
\$ (1,779,8	61) \$	_	\$ (1,779,861)	\$ -
(13,047,1	, .	_	(13,047,115)	-
(1,646,2		_	(1,646,228)	-
(4,796,4		_	(4,796,499)	_
(449,8		_	(449,810)	_
1,151,3		_	1,151,390	_
(838,1		_	(838,170)	_
(050,1			(030,170)	-
(21,406,2	93)		(21,406,293)	
		6,091,209	6,091,209	
	<u> </u>	0,091,209	0,091,209	
		6,091,209	6,091,209	
(21,406,2	93)	6,091,209	(15,315,084)	
				3,268,572
18,461,3	42	_	18,461,342	-
3,939,3	29	-	3,939,329	-
1,657,4	52	-	1,657,452	-
4,192,2	69	_	4,192,269	-
41,7	98	191,645	233,443	344,343
	-	-	-	3,067,357
766,1	00	26,670	792,770	865,991
(15,0	38)	15,038		
29,043,2	52	233,353	29,276,605	4,277,691
7,636,9	 59	6,324,562	13,961,521	7,546,263
62,490,3	14	94,259,178	156,749,492	191,720,381
332,0		,,	332,000	<i>y.</i> - <i>y</i> - v -
332,0			332,000	·
\$ 70,459,2	73 \$	100,583,740	\$ 171,043,013	\$ 199,266,644

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund accounts for the financial operations of the City not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenues are property taxes, licenses and permits, intergovernmental and charges for services. Expenditures are for police, municipal court, fire and ambulance services, parks and recreation, park maintenance, library, engineering, planning, administration, and finance.

Airport Maintenance Fund

This fund accounts for fees for airport services, including building, hangar, and land lease rental payments. Revenue is committed for airport operations.

Grants and Special Assessment Fund

This fund accounts for both federal and state grants in addition to downtown economic improvement district (DEID) assessments, which are collected by the City and turned over to the McMinnville Downtown Association.

Transportation Fund

This fund accounts for federal highway funds, which the City exchanges with the State of Oregon.

Debt Service Fund

This fund accounts for the City's property tax debt service levy used to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds.

Urban Renewal Debt Services Fund

This fund accounts for urban renewal tax increment revenue and payment of principal and interest on urban renewal debt.

	General Fund	Airport Maintenance Fund	Grants and Special Assessment Fund	Transportation Fund	Debt Service Fund	Urban Renewal Debt Services Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental
ASSETS:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,418,393	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,418,393
Accounts receivable, net	3,009,980	115,025	8,638	-	154,745	21,824	817,898	4,128,110
Lease receivable	317,976	3,511,111	-	-	-	-	-	3,829,087
Prepaids	29,884	152	-	-	-	-	-	30,036
Advances to other funds	174,026	-	-	-	-	-	-	174,026
Due from component unit	152,146	-	-	-	-	-	-	152,146
Interfund loan receivables	1,610,060	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,610,060
Restricted cash and investments		651,939	3,587,209	3,484,092	434,914	577,706	8,351,498	17,087,358
Total assets	\$ 12,712,465	\$ 4,278,227	\$ 3,595,847	\$ 3,484,092	\$ 589,659	\$ 599,530	\$ 9,169,396	\$ 34,429,216
LIABILITIES:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 352,365	\$ 17,089	\$ -	\$ 3,129	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 491,434	\$ 864,017
Accrued payroll and other payroll liabilities	1,586,944	579	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	30,352	1,617,875
Deposits	491,564	_	_	_	_	_	_ ·	491,564
Advances to other funds	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-	-	-	-	-	174,026	174,026
Interfund loans payable	567,208	_	_	_	_	1,610,060	_ ·	2,177,268
Unearned revenue	121,465	28,714	3,438,451				2,009,015	5,597,645
Total liabilities	3,119,546	46,382	3,438,451	3,129		1,610,060	2,704,827	10,922,395
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	594,906	_	_	_	126,261	17,050	_	738,217
Unavailable revenue - other	960,167	103,491	8,638	_	-	-	732	1,073,028
Unavailable revenue - payment in lieu of taxes	152,146	_	· -	_	_	_	_	152,146
Unavailable revenue - leases receivable	317,976	3,511,111					. <u>-</u>	3,829,087
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,025,195	3,614,602	8,638		126,261	17,050	732	5,792,478
FUND BALANCES:								
Nonspendable	29,884	152	_	_	_	_	_	30.036
Restricted	,	617,091	148,758	3,480,963	463,398	_	4,384,700	9,094,910
Committed	_			-,,	-	_	152,469	152,469
Assigned	833,933	_	_	_	_	_	1,926,668	2,760,601
Unassigned	6,703,907					(1,027,580)		5,676,327
Total fund balances	7,567,724	617,243	148,758	3,480,963	463,398	(1,027,580)	6,463,837	17,714,343
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 12,712,465	\$ 4,278,227	\$ 3,595,847	\$ 3,484,092	\$ 589,659	\$ 599,530	\$ 9,169,396	\$ 34,429,216

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 17,714,343
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Prepaid Leases are not financial resources and therfore are not reported in the governmental funds.		163,335
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Non-depreciable	30,907,842	
Depreciable, net	72,688,273	
Lease assets, net	201,282	103,797,397
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds:		
Property taxes earned but not available	738,217	
Other receivables earned but not available	1,070,886	
Payment in lieu of taxes earned but not available	154,288	1,963,391
Pension-related changes		(23,009,535)
OPEB related-changes		(1,530,501)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
Compensated absences payable	(947,803)	
Lease payable	(234,863)	
Notes and bonds payable	(26,035,499)	
PERS related liabilities	(1,963,642)	
Deferred amount on bond refunding	174,918	
Interest payable	(403,129)	(29,410,018)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of insurance and information systems and services to individual funds. Assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in		
governmental activities in the statement of net position.		 770,861
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 70,459,273

	General Fund	Airport Maintenance Fund	Grants and Special Assessment Fund	Transportation Fund	Debt Service Fund	Urban Renewal Debt Services Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental
REVENUES:								
Property taxes	\$ 15,088,868	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,790,670	\$ 518,537	\$ -	\$ 18,398,075
Special assessments	-	-	74,910	-	-	-	-	74,910
Licenses and permits	4,149,546	-	-	-	-	-	2,923,623	7,073,169
Intergovernmental	3,910,352	1,385,460	176,417	201,248	-	-	2,772,964	8,446,441
Charges for services	5,419,389	390,969	-	678,011	-	-	416,730	6,905,099
Fines and forfeitures	359,948	-	-	-	-	-	-	359,948
Miscellaneous	804,271	22,837	21,873	13,126	11,531	2,430	109,505	985,573
Total revenues	29,732,374	1,799,266	273,200	892,385	2,802,201	520,967	6,222,822	42,243,215
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government	2,759,467	-	258,237	-	-	-	1,414,742	4,432,446
Public safety	18,129,438	-	-	-	-	-	830,045	18,959,483
Highways and streets	-	-	-	165,195	-	-	2,142,117	2,307,312
Culture and recreation	5,539,165	_	-			-	50,301	5,589,466
Community development	1,774,858	_		-	-	_	912,521	2,687,379
Airport	_	461,955	_	_	_	_	· -	461,955
Nondepartmental	6,474	-	_	_	_	_	_	6,474
Capital outlay:	-, -							-, -
Highways and streets	_	_	_	175,725	_	_	654	176,379
Community development	_	_	_		_	_	762	762
Airport	_	1,272,907	_	_	_	_	,02	1,272,907
Debt service:		1,272,707						1,272,707
Principal	468,660		_	146,097	2,710,000		30,333	3,355,090
Interest	114,489	_	_	55,151	924,900	35,177	6,839	1,136,556
interest	114,469			33,131	924,900	33,177	0,839	1,130,330
Total expenditures	28,792,551	1,734,862	258,237	542,168	3,634,900	35,177	5,388,314	40,386,209
Revenues over (under) expenditures	939,823	64,404	14,963	350,217	(832,699)	485,790	834,508	1,857,006
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	30,267	_		_	_	_	_	30,267
Transfers in	604,255	_	_	200,000	_	_	868,527	1,672,782
Transfers out	(819,281)			-		(40,221)	(687,753)	(1,547,255)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(184,759)			200,000		(40,221)	180,774	155,794
Net change in fund balance	755,064	64,404	14,963	550,217	(832,699)	445,569	1,015,282	2,012,800
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	6,812,660	552,839	133,795	2,930,746	1,296,097	(1,473,149)	5,448,555	15,701,543
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 7,567,724	\$ 617,243	\$ 148,758	\$ 3,480,963	\$ 463,398	\$ (1,027,580)	\$ 6,463,837	\$ 17,714,343

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Amounts reported	in	the statement	of	activities	are	different	because:

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balance		\$	2,012,800
Governmental funds report lease payments as expenditures. However, for governmental ac	ctivities the cost of		
those assets is allocated over the life of the lease. This is the amount of prepaid lease recogn	nized as an expense		
when earned.			(2,665)
The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance report capital out			
However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their e			
and reported as depreciation or amortization expense. This is the amount by which cap	pital outlay exceeded		
depreciation and amortization in the current period.	(4.929.095)		
Current year depreciation Current year amortization	(4,828,985) (16,840)		
Loss on disposal of asset	(68,566)		
Capital asset additions	3,554,941		(1,359,450)
cupital above additions	3,001,711		(1,555,150)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e.	sales, trade-ins, and		
donations) is to increase net position.			052 170
Capital contributions			853,179
Some revenue provide current financial resources in the governmental funds and are	a not reported in the		
statement of activities.	e not reported in the		702,571
sutcinent of activities.			702,371
Governmental funds report pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the sta	atements of activities.		
the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension			1,422,065
	•		
Governmental funds report OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the staten	nents of activities, the		
cost of OPEB earned net of employee contributions is reports as OPEB expense.			166,390
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of curren	nt financial resources		
and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Accrued interest expense	57,749		
Interest expense associated with deferred charge on refunding	(36,825)		20,924
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources	•		
funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current f	financial resources of		
governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.	0.6.200		
Changes in compensated absences	86,280		
Lease principal payments	14,783		
Debt service principal payments	3,460,106		2 9 47 629
PERS related liability payments	286,469		3,847,638
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of the administrative	e services department		
to individual funds. The net revenue of certain activities of internal service fur	-		
governmental activities.	-F		(26,493)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	7,636,959
		-	

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds

These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The intent of the governing body is that the costs of providing the services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges.

Wastewater Operations

Wastewater Services Fund

This fund accounts for charges for services to support wastewater operations and rate payer transfer to the Wastewater Capital Fund.

Wastewater Capital Fund

This fund is used to account for system development charges earmarked for design and construction of major wastewater system capital projects

For Generally Accepted Accounting Principles purposes, the Wastewater Services and Wastewater Capital funds are consolidated and included as a single enterprise fund.

Internal Service Funds

This fund is used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Informational Systems & Services Fund

This fund accounts for information technology services provided to operating departments by the IS Fund.

Insurance Services Fund

This fund charges operating departments for the cost of property, liability and workers' compensation premiums and claims.

		Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds		
	Wastewater Operations	Total	Internal Service Funds	
ASSETS:				
Current assets:	A2 167 520	e 42.167.530	© 705.024	
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net	\$ 43,167,538 683,471	\$ 43,167,538 683,471	\$ 785,034 13	
Due from component unit	831,132	831,132	-	
Lease receivable, current portion	11,216	11,216	-	
Prepaid expenses	2,560	2,560	341,060	
Interfund loan receivable	567,208	567,208		
Total current assets	45,263,125	45,263,125	1,126,107	
Noncurrent assets:				
Lease receivable	106,140	106,140	-	
Non-depreciable capital assets	5,032,355	5,032,355	-	
Capital assets, net	53,048,725	53,048,725	420,528	
Lease assets, net Net OPEB asset	7,002 45,796	7,002 45,796	12,114	
Total noncurrent assets	58,240,018	58,240,018	432,642	
Total assets	103,503,143	103,503,143	1,558,749	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred outflows related to pensions	897,939	897,939	237,518	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	17,743_	17,743	4,693	
Total deferred outflows of resources	915,682	915,682	242,211	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 104,418,825	\$ 104,418,825	\$ 1,800,960	
LIABILITIES:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 361,087	\$ 361,087	\$ 76,936	
Accrued payroll and other payroll liabilities Claims payable	44,905	44,905	12,347 73,152	
Unearned revenue	4,504	4,504	/3,132	
Retainage payable	116,621	116,621	_	
Pension related liabilities - due in one year	25,412	25,412	6,776	
Accrued compensated absences	18,431	18,431	8,430	
Current portion of lease payable	1,767	1,767		
Total current liabilities	572,727	572,727	177,641	
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Noncurrent portion of lease payable	5,264	5,264	-	
Accrued compensated absences	78,614	78,614	42,450	
Net pension liability	1,444,040	1,444,040	381,970	
Net OPEB liability Pension related liabilities	110,935 137,321	110,935 137,321	29,344 36,619	
				
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,776,174	1,776,174	490,383	
Total liabilities	2,348,901	2,348,901	668,024	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,287,724	1,287,724	340,622	
Deferred inflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to lease receivables	81,104	81,104	21,453	
	117,356	117,356		
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,486,184	1,486,184	362,075	
NET POSITION:				
Net investment in capital assets	57,964,430	57,964,430	420,528	
Restricted for:				
OPEB benefits	45,796	45,796	12,114	
Unrestricted	42,573,514	42,573,514	338,219	
Total net position	100,583,740	100,583,740	770,861	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,	A 104 410 000	0 104 410 005	e 1,000,000	
and net position	\$ 104,418,825	\$ 104,418,825	\$ 1,800,960	

OFFRATING REVENUES: S 10,800,5702 \$10,805,702 \$2,433,863 Miscal grower growings 23,894 22,894 76,815 Miscal grower growings 20,804 23,894 76,815 Miscal grower growings 10,805,010 10,805,010 25,678,23 Total operating revenues 19,1444 1,914,40 1,914,40 1,876,878 Materials and service 2,424,671 2,452,671 1,876,878 Materials and service 2,432,472 2,524,2671 1,876,878 Depreciation/amortization 2,138,420 2,138,420 1,586,878 Operating income (loss) 4,234,569 4,234,569 1,111,55 Non-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): 191,645 2,917 2,917 Interest encome 191,655 191,645 2,917 2,917 Other revenue 2,657 2,627 1,11,075 2,917 2,917 2,917 2,917 2,917 2,917 2,917 2,917 2,917 2,917 2,917 2,917 2,917 2,917 2,917		* *	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds		
State Stat			Total		
Part	OPERATING REVENUES:				
Miscellaneous 20,504 20,504 57,145 Total operating revenues 10,850,100 10,850,100 2,567,823 OPERATING EXPENSES: Personnel service 1,914,440 564,110 Materials and service 2,542,671 2,542,671 1,876,878 Depreciation/amortization 2,138,420 2,138,420 15,080 Total operating expenses 6,595,531 6,595,531 2,456,668 Operating income (loss) 4,254,569 4,254,569 111,155 NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Interest income 191,645 191,645 2,917 Other revenue 2,670 2,670 2,670 2,670 2,670 Other revenue 2,670 <t< th=""><th>Charges for services</th><th></th><th></th><th>,,</th></t<>	Charges for services			,,	
Total operating revenues 10,850,100 10,850,100 2,567,823 OPERATING EXPENSES: Personnel service 1,914,440 1,914,440 564,110 Materials and service 2,542,671 2,542,671 1,876,878 Depreciation/amortization 2,138,420 2,138,420 15,680 Total operating expenses 6,595,531 6,595,531 2,456,668 Operating income (loss) 4,254,569 4,254,569 111,155 NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): 191,645 191,645 2,917 Interest income 191,645 191,645 2,917 Interest spense 777 777 7 - Other revenue 26,670 2,670 - Total non-operating revenues (expenses) 218,238 218,238 2,917 Net income (loss) before transfers 4,472,807 4,472,807 114,072 Transfers from other funds 15,038 15,038 - Total transfers 15,038 15,038 15,038 (140,565) Net incom			,		
OPERATING EXPENSES: Personnel service 1,914,440 1,914,440 564,110 Materials and service 2,542,671 2,542,671 1,876,878 Depreciation/amortization 2,138,420 2,138,420 2,158,420 15,688 Total operating expenses 6,595,531 6,595,531 2,456,668 Operating income (loss) 4,254,569 4,254,569 111,155 NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): 191,645 191,645 2,917 Interest expense (77) (77) 7.7 Other revenue 26,670 26,670 2.670 Other revenues (expenses) 218,238 218,238 2,917 Net income (loss) before transfers 4,472,807 4,472,807 114,072 TRANSFERS: Transfers from other funds 15,038 15,038 15,038 Total transfers 15,038 15,038 140,565 At the income (loss) before contributions 4,487,845 (26,493) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS: 2 1,071,475 1,071,475 2 <td>Miscellaneous</td> <td>20,504</td> <td>20,504</td> <td>57,145</td>	Miscellaneous	20,504	20,504	57,145	
Personnel service 1,914,440 1,914,440 564,110 Materials and service 2,542,671 2,542,671 1,876,878 Depreciation/amortization 2,138,420 2,138,420 1,5680 Total operating expenses 6,595,531 6,595,531 2,456,668 Operating income (loss) 4,254,569 111,155 NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): 191,645 191,645 2,917 Interest income 191,645 191,645 2,917 Other revenue 26,670 26,670 - Other revenue 26,670 26,670 - Total non-operating revenues (expenses) 218,238 218,238 2,917 Net income (loss) before transfers 4,472,807 4,472,807 114,072 Transfers from other funds 15,038 15,038 16,038 Total transfers 15,038 15,038 16,055 Net income (loss) before contributions 4,487,845 4,487,845 (26,493) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS: 2 2 765,242 765,242 -	Total operating revenues	10,850,100	10,850,100	2,567,823	
Materials and service Depreciation amortization 2,542,671 (OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Depreciation/amortization 2,138,420 2,138,420 15,680 Total operating expenses 6,595,531 6,595,531 2,456,668 Operating income (loss) 4,254,569 4,254,569 111,155 NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): 191,645 1,91,645 2,917 Interest expense (77) (77) 7,77 Other revenue 26,670 26,670 - Total non-operating revenues (expenses) 218,238 218,238 2,917 Net income (loss) before transfers 4,472,807 4,472,807 114,072 TRANSFERS: Transfers from other funds 15,038 15,038 - Total transfers 15,038 15,038 1,035 (140,565) Net income (loss) before contributions 4,487,845 4,487,845 (26,493) Capital contributions - infrastructure 1,071,475 1,071,475 - Capital contributions - grants and fees 765,242 765,242 - Total capital contributions 1,836,717 1,836,717 - Change in net pos	Personnel service	1,914,440	1,914,440	564,110	
Total operating expenses 6,595,531 6,595,531 2,456,668 Operating income (loss) 4,254,569 4,254,569 111,155 NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): 191,645 191,645 2,917 Interest income 191,645 191,645 2,917 Interest expense (77) (77) - Other revenue 26,670 26,670 - Total non-operating revenues (expenses) 218,238 218,238 2,917 Net income (loss) before transfers 4,472,807 4,472,807 114,072 TRANSFERS: Transfers from other funds 15,038 15,038 - Total transfers 15,038 15,038 15,038 (140,565) Net income (loss) before contributions 4,487,845 4,487,845 (26,493) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS: 2 1,071,475 1,071,475 - Capital contributions - infrastructure 1,071,475 1,071,475 - Capital contributions - grants and fees 765,242 765,242 - Total capital contributions	Materials and service	2,542,671	2,542,671	1,876,878	
Operating income (loss) 4,254,569 4,254,569 111,155 NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): 191,645 191,645 2,917 Interest income 191,645 191,645 2,917 Interest expenses (77) (77) 77 Other revenue 26,670 26,670 - Total non-operating revenues (expenses) 218,238 218,238 2,917 Net income (loss) before transfers 4,472,807 4,472,807 114,072 TRANSFERS: Transfers from other funds 15,038 15,038 - Total transfers 15,038 15,038 1 Total transfers 15,038 15,038 (140,565) Net income (loss) before contributions 4,487,845 4,487,845 (26,493) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS: Capital contributions - infrastructure 1,071,475 1,071,475 - Capital contributions - grants and fees 765,242 765,242 - Total capital contributions 1,836,717 1,836,717 -	Depreciation/amortization	2,138,420	2,138,420	15,680	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES): Interest income 191,645 191,645 2,917 Interest expense (77) (77) - Other revenue 26,670 26,670 - Total non-operating revenues (expenses) 218,238 218,238 2,917 Net income (loss) before transfers 4,472,807 4,472,807 114,072 TRANSFERS: Transfers from other funds 15,038 15,038 - Transfers to other funds - - (140,565) Total transfers 15,038 15,038 (140,565) Net income (loss) before contributions 4,487,845 4,487,845 (26,493) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS: Capital contributions - infrastructure 1,071,475 1,071,475 - Capital contributions - grants and fees 765,242 765,242 - Total capital contributions 1,836,717 1,836,717 - Change in net position 6,324,562 6,324,562 (26,493) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 94,25	Total operating expenses	6,595,531	6,595,531	2,456,668	
Interest income 191,645 191,645 2,917 Interest expense (77) (77) - Other revenue 26,670 26,670 - Total non-operating revenues (expenses) 218,238 218,238 2,917 Net income (loss) before transfers 4,472,807 4,472,807 114,072 TRANSFERS: Transfers from other funds 15,038 15,038 - Transfers to other funds - - (140,565) Total transfers 15,038 15,038 (140,565) Net income (loss) before contributions 4,487,845 4,487,845 (26,493) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS: Capital contributions - infrastructure 1,071,475 1,071,475 - Capital contributions - grants and fees 765,242 765,242 - Total capital contributions 1,836,717 1,836,717 - Change in net position 6,324,562 6,324,562 (26,493) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 94,259,178 94,259,178 797,354 <td>Operating income (loss)</td> <td>4,254,569</td> <td>4,254,569</td> <td>111,155</td>	Operating income (loss)	4,254,569	4,254,569	111,155	
Interest income 191,645 191,645 2,917 Interest expense (77) (77) - Other revenue 26,670 26,670 - Total non-operating revenues (expenses) 218,238 218,238 2,917 Net income (loss) before transfers 4,472,807 4,472,807 114,072 TRANSFERS: 15,038 15,038 - - (140,565) Transfers to other funds 15,038 15,038 15,038 - Total transfers 15,038 15,038 (140,565) Net income (loss) before contributions 4,487,845 4,487,845 (26,493) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS: 2 1,071,475 1,071,475 - - Capital contributions - infrastructure 1,071,475 1,071,475 - - Capital contributions - grants and fees 765,242 765,242 - Total capital contributions 1,836,717 1,836,717 - Change in net position 6,324,562 6,324,562 (26,493)	NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):				
Interest expense Other revenue (77) 26,670 (77) 26,670 - Other revenue 26,670 26,670 - Total non-operating revenues (expenses) 218,238 218,238 2,917 Net income (loss) before transfers 4,472,807 4,472,807 114,072 TRANSFERS: Transfers from other funds 15,038 15,038 - Transfers to other funds - - - (140,565) Total transfers 15,038 15,038 (140,565) Net income (loss) before contributions 4,487,845 4,487,845 (26,493) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS: Capital contributions - infrastructure 1,071,475 1,071,475 - Capital contributions - grants and fees 765,242 765,242 - Total capital contributions 1,836,717 1,836,717 - Change in net position 6,324,562 6,324,562 (26,493) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 94,259,178 94,259,178 797,354	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	191,645	191,645	2.917	
Other revenue 26,670 26,670 - Total non-operating revenues (expenses) 218,238 218,238 2,917 Net income (loss) before transfers 4,472,807 4,472,807 114,072 TRANSFERS:				_, · · -	
Net income (loss) before transfers 4,472,807 4,472,807 114,072 TRANSFERS:	*				
TRANSFERS: Transfers from other funds 15,038 15,038 - Transfers to other funds - - (140,565) Total transfers 15,038 15,038 (140,565) Net income (loss) before contributions 4,487,845 4,487,845 (26,493) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS: Capital contributions - infrastructure 1,071,475 1,071,475 - Capital contributions - grants and fees 765,242 765,242 - Total capital contributions 1,836,717 1,836,717 - Change in net position 6,324,562 6,324,562 (26,493) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 94,259,178 94,259,178 797,354	Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	218,238	218,238	2,917	
Transfers from other funds 15,038 15,038 - - (140,565) Total transfers 15,038 15,038 (140,565) Net income (loss) before contributions 4,487,845 4,487,845 (26,493) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS: Capital contributions - infrastructure 1,071,475 1,071,475 - Capital contributions - grants and fees 765,242 765,242 - Total capital contributions 1,836,717 1,836,717 - Change in net position 6,324,562 6,324,562 (26,493) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 94,259,178 94,259,178 797,354	Net income (loss) before transfers	4,472,807	4,472,807	114,072	
Transfers to other funds - - (140,565) Total transfers 15,038 15,038 (140,565) Net income (loss) before contributions 4,487,845 4,487,845 (26,493) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS: Capital contributions - infrastructure 1,071,475 1,071,475 - Capital contributions - grants and fees 765,242 765,242 - Total capital contributions 1,836,717 1,836,717 - Change in net position 6,324,562 6,324,562 (26,493) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 94,259,178 94,259,178 797,354	TRANSFERS:				
Total transfers 15,038 15,038 (140,565) Net income (loss) before contributions 4,487,845 4,487,845 (26,493) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS: Capital contributions - infrastructure 1,071,475 1,071,475 - Capital contributions - grants and fees 765,242 765,242 - Total capital contributions 1,836,717 1,836,717 - Change in net position 6,324,562 6,324,562 (26,493) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 94,259,178 94,259,178 797,354	Transfers from other funds	15,038	15,038	-	
Net income (loss) before contributions 4,487,845 4,487,845 (26,493) CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS: Capital contributions - infrastructure 1,071,475 1,071,475 - Capital contributions - grants and fees 765,242 765,242 - Total capital contributions 1,836,717 1,836,717 - Change in net position 6,324,562 6,324,562 (26,493) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 94,259,178 94,259,178 797,354	Transfers to other funds			(140,565)	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS: Capital contributions - infrastructure 1,071,475 1,071,475 - Capital contributions - grants and fees 765,242 765,242 - Total capital contributions 1,836,717 1,836,717 - Change in net position 6,324,562 6,324,562 (26,493) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 94,259,178 94,259,178 797,354	Total transfers	15,038	15,038	(140,565)	
Capital contributions - infrastructure 1,071,475 1,071,475 - Capital contributions - grants and fees 765,242 765,242 - Total capital contributions 1,836,717 1,836,717 - Change in net position 6,324,562 6,324,562 (26,493) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 94,259,178 94,259,178 797,354	Net income (loss) before contributions	4,487,845	4,487,845	(26,493)	
Capital contributions - grants and fees 765,242 765,242 - Total capital contributions 1,836,717 1,836,717 - Change in net position 6,324,562 6,324,562 (26,493) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 94,259,178 94,259,178 797,354	CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS:				
Capital contributions - grants and fees 765,242 765,242 - Total capital contributions 1,836,717 1,836,717 - Change in net position 6,324,562 6,324,562 (26,493) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 94,259,178 94,259,178 797,354		1,071,475	1,071,475	-	
Change in net position 6,324,562 6,324,562 (26,493) NET POSITION, BEGINNING 94,259,178 94,259,178 797,354		765,242	765,242		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING 94,259,178 94,259,178 797,354	Total capital contributions	1,836,717	1,836,717		
	Change in net position	6,324,562	6,324,562	(26,493)	
NET POSITION, ENDING \$ 100,583,740 \$ 100,583,740 \$ 770,861	NET POSITION, BEGINNING	94,259,178	94,259,178	797,354	
	NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 100,583,740	\$ 100,583,740	\$ 770,861	

	Business-Typ Enterpri	Governmental Activities	
	Wastewater Operations	Total	Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from customers and users Cash received from interfund services provided	\$ 10,941,595 -	\$ 10,941,595 -	\$ - 2,550,660
Cash received from other operating sources - insurance reimbursements Cash paid to employees and others for salaries and benefits Cash paid to suppliers and others Cash received for rental revenue	(2,130,028) (2,793,673) 26,670	(2,130,028) (2,793,673) 26,670	57,145 (530,221) (1,994,320)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	6,044,564	6,044,564	83,264
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Principal paid on pension-related obligations Transfers to/(from) other funds Interfund loan payments	(23,740) 15,038 144,069	(23,740) 15,038 144,069	(6,331) (140,565)
Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital financing activities	135,367	135,367	(146,896)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of capital assets Principal paid on lease payable Capital contributions to other governments Interest paid	(3,265,060) (1,756) 765,242 (77)	(3,265,060) (1,756) 765,242 (77)	(33,675)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	(2,501,651)	(2,501,651)	(33,675)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest received	191,645	191,645	2,917
Net cash provided by investing activities	191,645	191,645	2,917
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	3,869,925	3,869,925	(94,390)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING	39,297,613	39,297,613	879,424
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$ 43,167,538	\$ 43,167,538	\$ 785,034
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO			
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating Income	\$ 4,254,569	\$ 4,254,569	\$ 111,155
Adjustments: Cash from rental activities, recognized as non-operating on the Statement			
of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Depreciation and amortization Amortization of deferred lease resources	26,670 2,138,420 117,356	26,670 2,138,420 117,356	15,680
Decrease (increase) in: Accounts receivable and due from other funds Due from component unit	(107,038) 82,586	(107,038) 82,586	39,982
Prepaids Increase (decrease) in:	136	136	(15,622)
Accounts payable Accrued payroll and other payroll liabilities	(338,006) 1,105	(338,006) 1,105	(26,631)
Retainage payable Unearned revenue	86,868 (1,409)	86,868 (1,409)	3,344
Compensated absences Net other post employment benefits	(1,639) (19,444)	(1,639) (19,444)	5,747 407
Net pension benefits Other liabilities	(195,610)	(195,610)	24,391 (75,189)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ 6,044,564	\$ 6,044,564	\$ 83,264
NON-CASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:	_	_	_
Capital contributions to other governments	\$ 1,071,475	\$ 1,071,475	\$ -
Total non-eash capital financing activities	\$ 1,071,475	\$ 1,071,475	\$ -

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of McMinnville, Oregon (the City) have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). GAAP statements require the application of all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

A. Description of Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government and its component unit. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from a legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

B. Reporting Entity

1. Primary Government

The City of McMinnville, Oregon (City), an Oregon municipal corporation, is organized under the general laws of the State of Oregon and the provisions of the *McMinnville City Charter*. The City's council-manager form of government provides for a governing body, or legislative branch, consisting of the Mayor and a six-member City Council. The Mayor and City Council appoint a City Manager who, along with the City department heads, form a management team to lead and direct the administrative and service functions of the City and carry out City Council policy.

The accompanying basic financial statements present the City and its component units, McMinnville Water and Light Department (Department) and McMinnville Urban Renewal Agency (Agency). The Department is a discretely presented component unit and as such is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize the Department's separate enterprise operations. The City and the Department have June 30th fiscal year ends.

Various other governmental agencies and special service districts provide services within the City's boundaries. However, the City is not financially accountable for any of these entities and accordingly, their financial information is not included in these basic financial statements.

2. Blended Component Unit

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 61, the activities of the McMinnville Urban Renewal Agency (the Agency) are included in the City's financial statements as a blended component unit. The Agency is a legally separate entity, created in July 2013, which is governed by a board comprised of the City Council, as stipulated in the bylaws. The Council has the ability to impose its will on the Agency as determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, and funding. The purpose of the Agency is to undertake urban renewal projects and activities pursuant to the City's downtown and NE Gateway District redevelopment plans. The financial results of the Agency are reported herein as one debt service fund and one capital projects fund. The Agency also prepares a separate component unit financial report which may be obtained from the Agency's administrative offices at 230 NE Second Street, McMinnville, Oregon 97128.

3. Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Department, which operates under the provisions of *Chapter X* of the *McMinnville City Charter*, is reported as a discretely presented component unit enterprise fund type. The Department provides electricity and water to residential and commercial customers in the city limits and adjacent areas of McMinnville, Oregon. The Department's governing board, the five-member Water and Light Commission, appoints a General Manager who is responsible for the day-to-day operations of the Department.

The Department is presented as a discretely presented component unit as the City's Mayor appoints and the City Council affirms all members of the Department's Water and Light Commission. While the Department operates as a separate financial entity, the City receives significant payments from the Department based on a percentage established by the City Council and as outlined in state law for municipal electric utilities that are otherwise exempt from property taxes.

Financial statements for the Department may be obtained at the McMinnville Water and Light Department, Administrative Office, 855 Marsh Lane, McMinnville, Oregon 97128.

C. Basic Financial Statements

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

Basic financial statements are presented at both the government-wide and fund financial level. Both levels of statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

Government-wide financial statements present information about the primary government and its component units. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements except for interfund services provided and used between funds which, if eliminated, would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions. These aggregated statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows, and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from a function or segment or are otherwise directly affected by it; 2) operating grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting requirements of a particular function or segment; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting requirements of a particular function or segment. Property taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

2. Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements present information at the individual fund level. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary type. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Non-major funds are combined into a single column in the fund financial statements and are detailed in the supplemental information. Internal service funds are also combined into a single column in the fund financial statements and are detailed in the supplemental information. The City does not report any fiduciary funds.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Capital assets are capitalized and depreciated, and City debt is reported as a liability with premiums and discounts amortized over the life of the debt.

Governmental fund financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both *measurable and available*. *Measurable* means the amount of the transaction can be determined and revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of year end. Property taxes, franchise fees from the Department, assessment liens, and state shared revenues are susceptible to the year-end 60-day accrual. Expenditure driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

An unavailable revenue deferred inflow arises on the balance sheets of the governmental funds when potential revenue does not meet both the *measurable* and *available* criteria for recognition in the current period. This unavailable revenue consists primarily of uncollected property taxes not deemed available to finance operations of the current period. In the government-wide statement of activities, with a full accrual basis of accounting, revenue must be recognized as soon as it is earned regardless of its availability. Thus, the deferred inflow created on the balance sheets of the governmental funds for unavailable revenue, is eliminated.

Similar to the way its revenues are recorded, governmental funds only record those expenditures that affect current financial resources. Debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. In the government-wide financial statements, however, with a full accrual basis of accounting, all expenses affecting the economic resource status of the government are recognized.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental column, a reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the government-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the basic financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expense, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

E. Financial Statement Presentation

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. A fund is an independent accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts comprised of assets, liabilities, deferred inflows/outflows of resources, fund balances, revenues, and expenditures. Fund accounting segregates resources according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) set forth minimum criteria for the determination of major funds. The City elected to include the Airport Maintenance Fund as a major funds due to community interest.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the
 City except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal sources of revenue are
 property taxes; licenses and permits, which includes franchise fees; intergovernmental revenues;
 and charges for services. Expenditures are for police, municipal court, fire and ambulance services,
 parks and recreation, park maintenance, library, engineering, planning, administration, and finance.
- <u>Airport Maintenance Fund</u> is a special revenue fund which accounts for airport property rental income committed for operations and Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) grants restricted for airport improvement projects.
- Grants and Special Assessment Fund accounts for both federal and state grants in addition to downtown economic improvement district (DEID) assessments, which are collected by the City and turned over to the McMinnville Downtown Association.
- <u>Debt Service Fund</u> accounts for property taxes levied for payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonds.
- <u>Urban Renewal Debt Service Fund</u> accounts for urban renewal tax increment revenue and payment of principal and interest on urban renewal debt.
- <u>Transportation Fund</u> accounts for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects related to highways and roads.

Additionally, the City reports non-major funds within the governmental classification which include the following fund types:

- <u>Special Revenue Funds</u> account for revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.
- <u>Capital Projects Funds</u> account for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects other than those being financed by proprietary funds.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

- Wastewater Fund combines budgetary basis Wastewater Services Fund and Wastewater Capital Fund for full accrual presentation.
 - Wastewater Services Fund accounts for charges for services to support wastewater operations and rate payer transfer to the Wastewater Capital Fund.

 <u>Wastewater Capital Fund</u> – accounts for sanitary sewer system development charges used for major sanitary sewer system construction projects and transfers from the Wastewater Services Fund supporting debt service and major capital projects.

The City also reports internal service funds within the proprietary fund type. The City's internal service funds include the Insurance Services Fund which accounts for the City's property, liability, and workers' compensation insurance and the Informational Systems and Services Fund which accounts for computer support, including personnel services, repairs and maintenance, and software and hardware purchases.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments, including restricted cash and investments, consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, and the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) deposits. Investments in the LGIP are stated at share value, which approximates fair value, and is the value at which the shares can be withdrawn.

The LGIP is administered by the Oregon State Treasury. The LGIP is an open-ended no-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the sate who by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any public funds. The LGIP is commingled with the state's short-term funds. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment of the LGIP.

The City's investment policy, adopted by the City Council, essentially mirrors the requirements of the Oregon Revised Statutes. Currently, the City's investment portfolio consists of investments in the LGIP and a Public Money Market Savings account.

Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is based on current market prices. Changes in the fair value of investments are recognized as revenue. GASB Statement 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application* provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritized the inputs for valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements).

2. Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending or borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year, as well as all other outstanding balances between funds or between the primary government and its component unit are referred to as "due to", "advance to" or "due from", "advance from" other funds or component unit. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Property taxes are assessed as of January 1 and become a lien as of July 1 on all taxable property. Property taxes are due on November 15. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the amount due or two-thirds of the amount due is received by November 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

In the government-wide financial statements, property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. In the fund financial statements, property taxes receivable which have been collected within 60 days subsequent to year-end are considered *measurable* and *available* and are

recognized as revenues. All other property taxes receivable are offset by deferred inflows of resources as they are deemed unavailable to finance operations of the current period.

In the government-wide financial statements an allowance for uncollectible accounts is recorded in the Department. No allowance for uncollectible accounts is recorded for sewer charges as uncollectible accounts are deemed immaterial. No allowance for uncollectible accounts is considered necessary in governmental activities as receivables either become property liens when past due or are considered immaterial.

Receivables of the proprietary fund types and the Department are recorded as revenue when earned. Accounts receivables in the Department also include estimated revenues, that are accrued for power and water deliveries not yet billed to customers from meter reading dates prior to month end (unbilled revenue) and are reversed in the following year when the billings occur. In the Department, the allowance for uncollectible accounts is determined by considering a number of factors, including the length of time trade accounts receivable are past due, the customer's previous loss history, the customer's current ability to pay its obligation, and the condition of the general economy and the industry as a whole.

3. Lease Receivables

Lease receivables are recognized at the net present value of the leased assets at a borrowing rate either explicitly described in the agreement or implicitly determined by the City, reduced by principal payments received.

4. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of the Department are valued at the lower of average cost or market and charged against operations or construction in progress as used.

In both government-wide and fund financial statements, certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future City accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

5. Restricted Assets

Certain cash and investments are restricted, including unspent proceeds from bond and other debt issues, and certain monies received for capital improvements.

6. Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets include property, plant, equipment, infrastructure assets (streets, traffic lights, storm drain, and sanitary sewer), and intangible assets (easements and land rights) and are reported in the applicable governmental activity, business-type activity, or component unit columns. In the governmental fund financial statements, capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased; while in the proprietary fund financial statements, capital assets are capitalized when purchased.

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial cost of \$10,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. With respect to the Department, utility plant is stated at cost and includes property, plant, and equipment with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Cost generally includes materials, labor and an allocation of overhead costs. The cost of normal repairs and maintenance that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value. Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary fund type's capital assets is reflected in

the capitalized value of the asset constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period.

All easements and infrastructure assets, including those acquired before the fiscal year ended June 30, 1980, have been capitalized. Estimated historical cost has been determined by estimating current cost and trending back to the acquisition date using an applicable cost index. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Land, land rights, and easements have an indefinite life and therefore are not amortized. Exhaustible assets of the City and the Department are depreciated using the straight-line method.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
City:	
Land improvements	20
Buildings and building improvements	20-50
Computer equipment	4-5
Machinery and equipment	5-15
Vehicles	5-10
Computer infrastructure	10-50
Street and sewer infrastructure	20-50
Department:	
Office and other equipment	5-10
Transportation and equipment	5-10
Electricity and water infrastructure	20-100

7. Lease Assets

Lease assets are assets which the City leases for a term of more than one year. The value of leases is determined by the net present value of the leases at the City's incremental borrowing rate at the time of the lease agreement, amortized over the term of the agreement.

8. Renewable Energy Certificates

Renewable Energy Certificates (REC or Certificate) are a unique representation of the environmental, economic, and social benefits associated with the generation of electricity from renewable energy sources that produce qualifying electricity. One Certificate is created in association with the generation of one megawatt-hour (MWh) of qualifying electricity. While a Certificate is always directly associated with the generation of one MWh of electricity, transactions for Certificates may be conducted independently of transactions for the associated electricity.

The Department receives RECs as part of the purchase agreement with Bonneville Power Administration for buying Green Energy Premium Wind. The Department also receives RECs as part of the renewable energy purchased from Waste Management Renewable Energy (WMRE). These RECs are also available for sale at market prices or are banked to satisfy future Oregon Renewable Portfolio Standard obligations. Markets for the sale of RECs are very limited at the present time. Future sales will be transaction specific and subject to approval by the governing body of the Department.

9. Compensated Absences

The City's and Department's policies permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, compensatory time, and sick leave benefits. No liability is reported for unpaid accumulated sick leave benefits as sick leave benefits do not vest. In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, all vacation and compensatory time is accrued when incurred. Management uses historical

averages to estimate the current portion of compensated absences for the City. The Department considers all compensated absences as current liabilities. For governmental activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the fund that incurred the liability. The significant fund incurring these liabilities is the General Fund. In the governmental fund financial statements, a liability for compensated absences is reported only if they have matured and thus become due.

10. Lease Payable

In the government-wide financial statements, leases payable are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

11. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide and proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term debt is reported as a liability in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Premiums, discounts and deferred amounts on refunding are amortized over the life of the related debt issue. Long-term debt payable is reported net of the related unamortized premium or discount. Issuance costs are reported as period costs in the year of issue.

In the governmental fund financial statements, the face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums are also reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

12. Pensions

A pension liability is reported in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements as a liability in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Interest and amortization are reported as pension expense in the government-wide statement of activities for governmental and business-type activities, and as operating expense in the proprietary funds.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to pension, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from OPERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by OPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Other Postemployment Benefit Obligations

For purposes of measuring the OPEB asset and liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City and Department's two separate plans the Implicit Rate Subsidy and Oregon Public Employees Retirement Systems (OPERS) and additions to/deductions from Implicit Rate Subsidy and OPERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by Implicit Rate Subsidy and OPERS. For this purpose, Implicit Rate Subsidy and OPERS recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

14. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three types of deferred inflows that qualify for reporting in this category. *Unavailable revenue* is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that amount becomes available. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from five sources: property taxes, payments in lieu of taxes assessments, and lease receivables where a timing requirement has not been met and grants that have been approved for payment that have not been received within 60 days. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The City also reports deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period when the City recognizes pension and OPEB income. Deferred inflows are included in the government-wide statement of net position and the proprietary funds statement of net position.

15. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

16. Fund Balance

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

Fund balance is reported as *nonspendable* when the resources cannot be spent because they are either in a nonspendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Resources in nonspendable form include inventories and prepayments.

Fund balance is reported as *restricted* when the constraints placed on the use of the resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority are reported as *committed* fund balances. The City reports fund balances as committed when the City Council passes a resolution that places specific constraints on how the resources may be used. The City Council can modify or rescind the resolution at any time through passage of an additional resolution.

Amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to use them for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed, are reported as *assigned* fund balance. Intent is expressed when the City Council approves certain amounts during the adoption of the annual budget.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. This classification is also used to report deficit fund balance amounts in other governmental funds.

The City considers restricted amounts to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) amounts are available. For unrestricted fund balance amounts, the City considers that committed amounts are

reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

A formal fund balance policy was updated and adopted by the City Council in fiscal year 2020-21. The fund balance policy establishes a goal for General Fund unassigned fund balance levels and is intended to serve as a guide for important budgetary decisions. It also establishes fund balance targets for other City funds. For the General Fund, two months of budgeted operating expense is the target for unassigned ending fund balance, excluding the assigned ending fund balance for the volunteer firefighters' Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP). The City plans to make progress toward this two-month's operating reserve target over three to five years (in or prior to the FY2025-26 budget cycle).

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and deferred inflows, the disclosure of contingent assets, liabilities and deferred inflows at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts could differ from those estimates.

II. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

All City governmental funds adopt annual budgets on a budgetary basis of accounting, which is similar to the modified accrual basis of accounting with certain differences. All City proprietary funds adopt annual budgets on a budgetary basis of accounting, which is similar to the modified accrual basis of accounting, with certain full accrual basis adjustments that are acceptable under State of Oregon Budget Law. Budget to modified accrual or budget to full accrual reconciling items are listed on the individual fund Statements/Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget and Actual. All annual appropriations lapse at June 30th.

The City begins its budgeting process by appointing Budget Committee members in January of each year. Budget recommendations are developed by management through early spring, with the Budget Committee meeting and approving the proposed budget in May. Public notices of the approved budget and City Council public hearing are generally published in May and June with the budget public hearing held in June. The City Council adopts the budget, makes appropriations, and declares the operating and debt service property tax levies and tax rate no later than June 30th.

The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. For the General and Wastewater Services Funds, levels of budgetary control are established at the department level. For all other funds, appropriations are established at the program (personnel services, materials and services, capital outlay), debt service, operating contingencies, and other requirements level.

All changes and amendments to the budget require the approval of the City Council. Supplemental budgets less than 10 percent of a fund's original budget may be adopted by the City Council at a regular City Council meeting. A supplemental budget greater than 10 percent of a fund's original budget requires publication, a hearing before the public, and approval by the City Council. The City Council approved six amendments to the budget during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between levels of control. Such transfers also require approval by the City Council. The City Council approved four appropriation transfers during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. The Statements/Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, Budget and Actual present both the budget as originally adopted and the budget after adjustments for all legally authorized revisions.

The Department is exempt from Oregon Local Budget Law, pursuant to Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 294.316, due to being a municipal public utility operating under a separate commission and not receiving ad valorem tax support.

III. Detailed Notes on Accounts

A. Cash and Investments

Oregon Revised Statutes authorize the City to invest in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies; certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities; bank repurchase agreements; certificates of deposit; bankers' acceptances; the State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool; and certain corporate indebtedness, which includes only the four highest ratings by the ratings agencies.

The State of Oregon Local Government Investment Pool (Pool) is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The Oregon Revised Statutes and the Oregon Investment Council govern the Pool's investment policies. The State Treasurer is the investment officer for the Pool and is responsible for all funds in the Pool. These funds must be invested, and the investments managed as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill, and caution. Investments in the Pool are further governed by portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board which establishes diversification percentages and specifies the types and maturities of investments. The Oregon Audits Division audits the Pool annually. The Division's report on the Pool as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 was unmodified. The fair value of the City's position in the Pool at June 30, 2022 was 100 percent of the value of the Pool shares. The Pool does not have a credit quality rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization and is therefore unrated.

At year end, the City's total book balance for deposits with financial institutions was \$20,414,298 and the bank balance was \$19,919,328. The City's bank balances were covered by \$250,000 Federal Depository Insurance. Of the Department's bank balances, \$250,000 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance. As required by Oregon Revised Statutes, deposits in excess of federal depository insurance were held at a qualified depository for public funds. All qualified depositories for public funds are included in the multiple financial institution collateral pool that is maintained by and in the name of the Office of the State Treasurer.

At June 30, 2022, the City's cash and investment balances were as follows:

Cash held in city offices	\$	3,250
Deposits with financial institutions	20	,414,298
Oregon State Local Government Investment Pool - City's general account	47	,861,675
Oregon State Local Government Investment Pool – Urban Renewal Loan Proceeds		179,100
Total City cash and investments	\$68	,458,323

The City's cash and investments are reflected in the government-wide statement of net position as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activites	Total
Cash and investments:			
Unrestricted	\$ 8,203,427	\$ 43,167,538	\$51,370,965
Restricted	17,087,358		17,087,358
Total cash and investments	\$ 25,290,785	\$ 43,167,538	\$68,458,323

At June 30, 2022, the Department's cash and investment balances were as follows:

	Fa	ir Value
Cash on hand	\$	61,112
Deposits with financial institutions		652,860
Oregon State Local Government Investment Pool	51	1,234,933
Oregon State Local Government Intermediate Fund	5	5,312,560
Total Department cash and investments	\$57	7,261,465

The Oregon Local Government Intermediate Fund ("OLGIF") is a commingled investment pool for local governments offered by Oregon State Treasury due to Legislation HB2140 and pursuant to ORS Chapter 294. OLGIF provides qualified local government participants with a vehicle to invest assets over an intermediate time horizon (three to five years). OLGIF is actively managed to maintain a diversified portfolio of investment grade bond investments. Based on historical market performance, it is anticipated that the returns generated over extended periods will be greater in OLGIF than in shorter maturity vehicles such as the Oregon Short Term Fund.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of a counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a policy relating to custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2022, the City does not have investments exposed to custodial credit risk.

The City's investment policy allows 100 percent of the City's investments to be invested in the Pool. As a means to limit exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates, the City's investment policy requires that all investments other than the Pool mature in less than one year.

B. Receivables

1. Government Funds and Governmental Activities

Receivables as of year-end for the City's governmental individual major, non-major funds and internal service funds in the aggregate are as follows:

			Airport		ants and Special	Debt	,	JR Debt		Total	li	nternal	Go	vernmental
Receivables:	General	M	aintenance	Ass	essment	Service	;	Service	N	on-Major	Serv	ice Funds		Activities
Accounts	\$2,267,661	\$	115,025	\$	-	\$ 22	\$	-	\$	817,898	\$	13	\$	3,200,619
Property taxes	665,053		-		-	141,105		17,245		-		-		823,403
Cash with county	75,437		-		-	13,618		4,579		-		-		93,634
Assessments	1,829		-		8,638	-		-		-		-		10,467
Lease	317,976		3,511,111		-	-		-		-		-		3,829,087
Due from Component U	152,146		-		-	-		-		-				152,146
Total	\$3,480,102	\$	3,626,136	\$	8,638	\$ 154,745	\$	21,824	\$	817,898	\$	13	\$	8,109,356

In the government-wide financial statements, property tax revenue is reported net of discounts, adjustments, and interest as follows:

	Total	Governmental
Gross revenue	\$	19,107,577
Less: discounts and adjustment		(646,235)
Net revenue	\$	18,461,342

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report deferred inflows of resources in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds report revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, unavailable revenue at the fund statement level includes delinquent property taxes, delinquent special assessments, and delinquent fire fees.

Unearned revenue at the government-wide level includes operating funds received but not earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, unearned revenue at the government-wide level mainly consists of an airport land lease credit and fees for summer recreation programs.

2. Business-Type Activities

Receivables as of year-end for the City's individual major enterprise funds are as follows:

	Wa	stewater
Accounts receivable	\$	683,471
Less: allowance for uncollectable accounts		-
Net receivables	\$	683,471

3. Lease Receivable

Governmental Activities:	June 30, 2021			June 30, 2022
Airport Ground Leases; interest between 1.38% and 2.30%, total annual principal and interest payments range from \$4,850 to \$67,000, due 2053	\$ 933,160	Additions \$ -	\$ 56,299	\$ 876,861
Airport Building Leases; interest between 0.89% and 1.99%, total annual principal and interest payments range from \$131,000 to \$193,000, due 2036	2,294,326	-	137,868	2,156,458
Airport Land Leases; interest between 1.06% and 1.76%, total annual principal and interest payments range from \$7,100 to \$89,000, due 2033	553,574	-	75,782	477,792
Fire Cell Tower Lease; interest at 1.76%, total annual principal and interest payments range from \$29,000 to \$34,500, due 2033	341,176		23,200	317,976
	\$ 4,122,236	\$ -	\$ 293,149	\$ 3,829,087

Business-Type Activities:

WRF Land Leases; interest at 1.45%, total annual principal and interest payments are \$12,500, due 2030 \$ 106,145 - \$ 12,372 \$ 93,773 WRF Stormwater Discharge Pond Lease; interest at 2.58%, total annual principal and interest payments are \$686, due 2108 24,032 23,583 \$ 130,177 \$ 12,821 \$ 117,356

Future maturities are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-t	ype Activities
Fiscal				
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	\$ 291,259	\$ 71,539	\$ 11,216	\$ 1,970
2024	303,710	66,494	11,380	1,806
2025	316,600	61,225	11,546	1,640
2026	319,208	55,755	11,714	1,472
2027	310,075	50,210	11,885	1,301
2028-2032	1,254,976	174,431	36,895	4,033
2033-2037	878,139	56,952	520	2,908
2038-2042	93,567	12,926	590	2,838
2043-2047	39,008	5,426	671	2,757
2048-2052	22,545	1,777	1,777 762	
2053-2057	-	-	865	2,563
2058-2062	-	-	983	2,445
2063-2067	-	-	1,117	2,311
2068-2072	-	-	1,269	2,159
2073-2077	-	-	1,441	1,987
2078-2082	-	-	1,637	1,791
2083-2087	-	-	1,860	1,568
2088-2092	-	-	2,113	1,315
2093-2097	-	-	2,400	1,028
2098-2102	-	-	2,727	701
2103-2107	-	-	3,098	330
2108-2112		<u> </u>	667	17
	\$ 3,829,087	\$ 556,735	\$117,356	\$ 41,606

Deferred inflows of resources mirror the principal payment maturities described above.

4. Department

In the government-wide financial statements, receivables as of year-end for the Department are as follows:

Accounts and notes receivable \$4,435,392 Less: allowance for uncollectibles (34,475) Net receivables \$4,400,917

C. Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, the City's governmental activities' capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 is illustrated in the following table. Activity includes additions, dispositions, annual depreciation/amortization expense and adjustments.

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Transfers & Adjustments		Ending Balance	
Non-depreciable/amortizable:	 									
Land	\$ 28,607,972	\$	-	\$	-	\$	21,349	\$	28,629,321	
Easements	1,970,950		-		-		(21,350)		1,949,600	
Public art	263,303		-		-		-		263,303	
Construction in progress	325,514		65,618		(30,414)		(295, 100)		65,618	
Total non-depreciable/amortizable	31,167,739		65,618		(30,414)		(295,101)		30,907,842	
Depreciable/amortizable:										
Land improvements	20,631,581		1,435,690		-		8,970,076		31,037,347	
Buildings	33,355,816		11,479		-		-		33,367,295	
Machinery and equipment	7,169,165		141,227		(139,536)		15,930		7,186,786	
Vehicles	6,874,497		5,744		(507,753)		(15,929)		6,356,559	
Infrastructure	99,429,268		2,782,038		-	((8,674,976)		93,536,330	
Right-to-use leased asset - land	200,000		-		-		-		200,000	
Right-to-use leased asset - building	66,971		8,968		-		_		75,939	
Total depreciable/amortizable	167,727,298		4,385,146		(647,289)		295,101	_	171,760,256	
Accumulated depreciation/amortization:										
Land improvements	(14,211,822)		(868,332)		-		-		(15,080,154)	
Buildings	(22,282,779)		(722,028)		-		-		(23,004,807)	
Machinery and equipment	(6,104,829)		(114,225)		130,321		-		(6,088,733)	
Vehicles	(4,845,394)		(231,069)		478,816		-		(4,597,647)	
Infrastructure	(46,695,163)		(2,909,012)		-		-		(49,604,175)	
Right-to-use leased asset	(57,817)		(16,840)		-		-		(74,657)	
Total accumulated										
depreciation/amortization	(94, 197, 804)		(4,861,506)		609,137		_		(98,450,173)	
Governmental activities capital										
assets, net	\$ 104,697,233	\$	(410,742)	\$	(68,566)	\$	-	\$	104,217,925	

At June 30, 2022, the City's government-wide governmental activities construction in progress consisted of costs related to building improvements, a civil art installation, and audio visual equipment.

City restated beginning capital assets at June 30, 2021 to include right-to-use leased assets and associated accumulated amortization for leased assets which were placed in service prior to June 30, 2021.

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to governmental activities functions as follows:

	Total
General government	\$ 132,427
Comm development	37,878
Public safety:	
Police	421,891
Fire	214,792
Emergency communications	33,504
Highways and streets	2,898,985
Parks & Rec/Maintenance	654,345
Library	47,551
Airport	381,949
I/S Fund	15,680
Building Fund (Govtl-Cmty Dev)	22,504
Total	\$4,861,506

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, the City's business-type activities' capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 is illustrated in the following table. Activity includes additions, dispositions, annual depreciation expense, adjustments.

	Beginning Balance				Decreases		CIP Transfers		Ending Balance		
Non-depreciable/amortizable:											
Land	\$	785,223	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	785,223	
Easements		240,735		-		-		-		240,735	
Construction in progress		5,471,589		2,533,819		53,405)	(3	,745,606)		4,006,397	
Total non-depreciable/amortizable		6,497,547	_	2,533,819	(2	53,405)	(3	,745,606)		5,032,355	
Depreciable/amortizable:											
Land improvements		80,655		-		-		-		80,655	
Buildings		54,645,763		832,846		-		-		55,478,609	
Machinery and equipment		2,390,165		285,907		-		673,690		3,349,762	
Vehicles		1,117,869		64,919	(1	54,370)		-		1,028,418	
Infrastructure		51,558,153		1,008,953		-	3	,071,916		55,639,022	
Right-to-use leased asset - buildin	1	-		8,787		-		-		8,787	
Total depreciable/amortizable		109,792,605		2,201,412	(1	54,370)	3	,745,606		115,585,253	
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	on:										
Land improvements		(77,742)		(1,621)		-		-		(79,363)	
Buildings		(41,023,268)		(666, 149)		-		-		(41,689,417)	
Machinery and equipment		(2,023,004)		(223,476)		-		-		(2,246,480)	
Vehicles		(725,120)		(151,296)		17,864		-		(858,552)	
Infrastructure		(16,559,838)		(1,094,091)		-		-		(17,653,929)	
Right-to-use leased asset		-		(1,785)		-		-		(1,785)	
Total accumulated											
depreciation/amortization		(60,408,972)		(2,138,418)		17,864		-		(62,529,526)	
Governmental activities capital		<u> </u>		.						<u> </u>	
assets, net	\$	55,881,180	\$	2,596,813	\$ (3	89,911)	\$		\$	58,088,082	

At June 30, 2022, the City's business-type activities construction in progress consisted of costs related to various wastewater projects.

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to business-type activities functions as follows:

Wastewater Operations \$ 2,138,418

The Department's capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Jı	Balance, une 30, 2021	Increases			Decreases	J	Balance, June 30, 2022		
Land and land rights	\$	8,073,684	\$	2,910,834	\$	-	\$	10,984,518		
Construction in progress		1,965,987		7,984,587		(4,981,917)		4,968,657		
Total non-depreciable		10,039,671		10,895,421	_	(4,981,917)		15,953,175		
Structures and improvements		10,179,742		23,973		-		10,203,715		
Water treatment plant		35,037,250		-		-		35,037,250		
Supply and distribution systems		142,942,751		5,322,354		(1,074,707)		147,190,398		
Furniture and equipment		3,339,856		86,913		-		3,426,769		
Transportation equipment		4,430,161	_	249,740		(121,750)		4,558,151		
Total depreciable		195,929,760		5,682,980		(1,196,457)		200,416,283		
Less accumulated depreciation:										
Electric plant		(30,096,146)		(2,277,372)		467,619		(31,905,899)		
Water plant		(32,566,847)		(1,934,273)		15,629		(34,485,491)		
Transportation equipment		(2,691,177)		(291,605)		120,112		(2,862,670)		
Total accumulated depreciation		(65,354,170)	_	(4,503,250)		603,360		(69,254,060)		
Utility plant, net	\$	140,615,261	\$	12,075,151	\$	(5,575,014)	\$	147,115,398		

For the Department, accumulated depreciation information for beginning balances, increases, decreases, and ending balances by major class of capital assets is unavailable.

D. Interfund Balances and Transfers

The City's General Fund receives a monthly franchise fee from the Department. The Department bills and collects the City's sewer user charges which are turned over to the City on a monthly basis. The City and Department also work together on common projects which result in miscellaneous reimbursements between the two entities.

The following due to/due from balances between the primary government and its component unit resulted from the routine monthly cycle timing between the dates that payments between entities were made and received:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	Amount
Major governmental fund - General Fund	Department	\$ 152,146
Major enterprise fund - Wastewater Fund	Department	831,132
		\$ 983,278

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

		Transfers In:									
General Fund		neral Fund		nsportatio n Fund		onmajor ⁄ernmental Funds		stewater erations	Total		
Transfer Out:											
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	819,281	\$	-	\$	819,281	
Urban Renewal Debt Service Fund Nonmajor		-		-		40,221		-		40,221	
Governmental Funds		487,753		200,000		-		-		687,753	
Internal Service Funds		116,502		-		9,025		15,038		140,565	
	\$	604,255	\$	200,000	\$	868,527	\$	15,038	\$	1,687,820	

Transfers are used to: 1) move allocation of transient lodging tax from the receipting funds to the general fund; 2) move portion of street fund gas tax to support specific capital projects or programs in transportation fund; 3) move urban renewal tax receipts from receipting fund for specific projects in the urban renewal plan; 4) transfer police and fire contributions for 911 services.

E. Due To/From Other Funds

	Due To:								
		Governmental Business Type Activities Activities							
Por France	Conoral			astewater		tal Internal			
Due From:	General			Capital		Loans Payable			
Governmental Activities:									
General - Police	\$	-	\$	272,961	\$	272,961			
General - Fire/EMS		-		294,247		294,247			
Urban Renewal Debt Service Fund		1,610,060				1,610,060			
Total Internal Loans receivable	\$	1,610,060	\$	567,208	\$	2,177,268			

The amount payable to the General Fund relates to a loan for street improvements in the urban renewal district, as follows:

Fiscal Year					
ending June 30	Principal Interest				
2023	\$	155,230	\$	32,058	
2024		158,420		28,875	
2025		161,660		25,626	
2026		164,980		22,312	
2027		168,370		18,929	
2028-2032		801,400		41,425	
Total	\$	1,610,060	\$	169,224	

The amount payable to the Wastewater Capital Fund relates to the purchase of three patrol vehicles for the police department in the general fund is as follows:

Fiscal Year				
ending June 30	Р	rincipal	li	nterest
2023	\$	146,839	\$	10,789
2024		149,663		7,966
2025		152,542		5,087
2026		118,164		2,152
Total	\$	567,208	\$	25,993

F. Renewable Energy Certificates (REC) – Department

As of June 30, 2022, the Department has 268,198 RECs banked in its Western Renewable Energy Generation Information System (WREGIS) account, valued at \$.50 per REC, for a total value of \$134,099. The value of these RECs is based on management's estimate of fair value.

The Department also holds 512,635 in its WREGIS account for RECs received from Waste Management Renewable Energy. As these RECs are internally generated, they have no corresponding value on the statement on net position at June 30, 2022.

G. Regulatory Asset - Conservation Charges - Department

In November 2008, the Department entered into a long-term power purchase agreement with the Bonneville Power Administration. The Commission also authorized conservation funding in order to secure a more favorable rate structure over the delivery period of 17 years. The Department will amortize these expenditures over the 17 year period which commenced October 1, 2011.

H. Leases Payable

Leases payable currently outstanding as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Interest Rate(s)	Date of Issue	Remaining Years	Amount of Original Note		Principal Outstanding	
Governmental Activities:							<u> </u>
2017 MPD pursuit vehicles (3), FordMC	6.45	03/10/18	2022	\$	135,500	\$	-
Emergency Comms Equip, Govt Cap Corp	4.15	05/14/19	2023-2026		228,449		134,454
2019 MPD pursuit vehicles (3), Mun Asset Mgt	3.88	03/22/19	2023-2023		153,497		62,499
Copier and postage leases	0.51 - 11.26	Various	2023-2027		52,122		37,910
Total governmental leases payable:				\$	569,568	\$	234,863
Business-type Activities:							
Copier and postage leases	0.51 - 11.26	Various	2023-2027	\$	8,787	\$	7,031
Total business-type leases payable:				\$	8,787	\$	7,031

Annual debt service requirements for leases payable for governmental activities are as follows:

Fiscal Year				
ending June 30	Principal Interes			
2023	\$	77,225	\$	8,927
2024		76,544		6,176
2025		40,714		3,354
2026		39,306		1,714
2027		1,074		41
Total	\$	234,863	\$	20,212

Annual debt service requirements for leases payable for business-type activities are as follows:

Fiscal Year				
ending June 30	Pr	incipal	Int	erest
2023	\$	1,767	\$	66
2024		1,786		47
2025		1,805		28
2026		1,673		9
Total	\$	7,031	\$	150

I. Long-Term Liabilities

1. General Obligation Bonds - Governmental Activities

General obligation bonds have been issued for governmental activities to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities including park system and transportation improvements and new public safety and civic hall buildings.

The 2006 Public Safety and Civic Buildings Bonds were subject to federal arbitrage rebate calculations. The final calculation was completed in 2016 and there is no contingent rebatable arbitrage liability as of June 30, 2022.

Interest rates are associated with respective maturities and do not represent variable rate debt.

General Obligation bonds currently outstanding as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Bond Series	Interest Rate(s)	Date of Issue	Remaining Years of Maturity	Amount of Original Issue	Principal Outstanding
Public Safety and Civic Center Bldgs	2015	2.50 - 5.00	04/16/15	2023-2027	\$ 7,235,000	\$ 3,775,000
Transportation	2015	2.50 - 5.00	04/16/15	2023-2030	16,085,000	9,755,000
Transportation	2018	3.00 - 4.00	02/28/18	2023-2033	7,915,000	6,120,000
Total Governmental Activities Bonds:					\$ 31,235,000	\$ 19,650,000

Annual Debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds for governmental activities are as follows:

Fiscal Year		
ending June 30	Principal	 Interest
2023	\$ 2,185,000	\$ 817,150
2024	2,290,000	717,500
2025	2,390,000	607,900
2026	2,500,000	498,500
2027	2,615,000	383,900
2028-2032	7,030,000	668,400
2033	640,000	 20,800
Total	\$19,650,000	\$ 3,714,150

2. Full Faith and Credit Obligations

Full Faith and Credit obligations include a loan to purchase fire equipment and a loan from Oregon Department of Transportation related to the Newberg-Dundee Bypass. The fire equipment loan is subject to interest at 3.1% through June 30, 2024 at which time the interest rate will be adjusted based on current market rates. The loan may be prepaid without penalty after June 30, 2021.

In October 2016, the City also entered into a financing agreement with JPMorgan Chase Bank to borrow \$2,192,300 for urban renewal related capital improvements. The loan is subject to interest at 2.04% through 2032.

Loans and notes payable currently outstanding as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

				Amount of	
	Interest		Remaining	Original	Principal
Governmental Activities:	Rate(s)	Date of Issue	Years	Note	Outstanding
OTIB Loan Dundee Bypass, ODOT	2.26	07/01/13	2023-2036	\$ 3,209,600	\$ 2,294,230
Fire Vehicle, Key Bank	3.10	05/20/14	2023-2024	1,370,000	720,493
Urban Renewal, Chase	2.04	10/31/16	2023-2032	2,192,300	1,610,060
Total Governmental Activities Notes:				\$ 6,771,900	\$ 4,624,784

Amount of

Annual debt service requirements for loans and notes payable for governmental activities, are as follows:

Fiscal Year	_		
ending June 30	<u></u>	rincipal	 nterest
2023	\$	398,305	\$ 105,522
2024		938,012	96,036
2025		317,888	70,647
2026		324,738	63,802
2027		331,739	56,808
2028-2032		1,675,323	173,741
2033-2036		638,779	32,030
Total	\$	4,624,784	\$ 598,586

3. Pension Related Debt

In 2001 the City and Department became members of OPERS Local Government Rate Pool (LGRP). Subsequent to the City joining the LGRP, the Oregon legislature merged the LGRP with the State/Community College Pool, forming the State and Local Government Rate Pool (SLGRP). In 2001, the City elected to become a member of the SLGRP.

Upon joining the LGRP in 2001, a transition liability or surplus was calculated to ensure that each employer entered the pool on a comparable basis.

The City and Department elected to pay the balance owed on the PERS transition liability in 2016. The City entered into a financing agreement to pay its share of the transition liability. The Department used available cash to pay its share.

Pension obligation notes payable currently outstanding as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

				Amount of	
	Interest		Remaining	Original	Principal
	Rate(s)	Date of Issue	Years	Note	Outstanding
PERS Transitional Liability, Chase	2.73	10/31/16	2023-2028	\$ 3,525,860	\$ 2,169,770
	Allocation				
Governmental Activities:		-			
Allocation Governmental Funds	90.50%			\$ 3,190,903	\$ 1,963,642
Allocation Internal Service Funds	2.00%			70,517	43,395
Business Type	7.50%			264,440	162,733
Total Pension Obligation Notes				\$ 3,525,860	\$ 2,169,770

Annual debt service requirements for pension obligation notes payable are as follows:

			Governme	ntal	Funds	Gov'tal Int Serv Funds			Business Type				Total				
Fisc	cal Year ending June 30	Р	rincipal	- 1	nterest	Pr	incipal	In	iterest	Р	rincipal	li	nterest	Р	rincipal	- 1	nterest
	2023	\$	306,632	\$	51,550	\$	6,776	\$	1,139	\$	25,412	\$	4,272	\$	338,820	\$	56,961
	2024		327,800		43,036		7,244		951		27,166		3,567		362,210		47,554
	2025		349,982		33,938		7,734		750		29,004		2,813		386,720		37,500
	2026		373,258		24,226		8,249		535		30,933		2,008		412,440		26,769
	2027		397,639		13,872		8,788		307		32,954		1,150		439,380		15,328
	2028		208,331		2,844		4,604		63		17,264		236		230,200		3,142
	Total	\$	1,963,642	\$	169,466	\$	43,395	\$	3,745	\$	162,733	\$	14,046	\$	2,169,770	\$	187,254

4. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Ending Reductions Balance		Due Within One Year
Governmental activities					
General obligation bonds	\$22,360,000	\$ -	\$ 2,710,000	\$19,650,000	\$ 2,185,000
Unamortized premium	2,033,073	-	272,358	1,760,715	263,950
Notes payable	5,013,839	-	389,055	4,624,784	398,305
PERS Transitional Liability, Chase	2,250,111	-	286,469	1,963,642	306,632
Capital leases*	285,647	-	285,647	-	-
Compensated absences	1,034,083	1,098,163 1,184,443		947,803	216,431
Governmental Totals	\$32,976,753	\$ 1,098,163	\$ 5,127,972	\$28,946,944	\$ 3,370,318
Internal service funds					
PERS Transitional Liability, Chase	\$ 49,726	\$ -	\$ 6,331	\$ 43,395	\$ 6,776
Compensated absences	45,133	24,044	18,297	50,880	8,430
Internal service fund Totals	\$ 94,859	\$ 24,044	\$ 24,628	\$ 94,275	\$ 15,206
Business type activities					
PERS Transitional Liability, Chase	\$ 186,473	\$ -	\$ 23,741	\$ 162,733	\$ 25,412
Compensated absences	98,684	107,705	109,344	97,045	18,431
Business type totals	\$ 285,157	\$ 107,705	\$ 133,085	\$ 259,778	\$ 43,843

^{*} Capital leases now reported with GASB 87 lease note disclosures

Pension-related debt is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

J. Fund Balances

Fund balances by classification for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

				rants and Special					Urt	oan Renewal	G	Other Sovernment	G	Total overnment
Fund Balances	G	eneral Fund	Airport	sessment	Tr	ansportation	D	Debt Service		ebt Service	Funds		Funds	
Nonspendable:														
In Form	\$	29,884	\$ 152	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	30,036
Restricted for:														
Street Maintenance		-	-	-		-		-		-		2,224,396		2,224,396
Tourism Promotion		-	-	-		-		-		-		400		400
Airport Maintenance		-	617,091	-		-		-		-		-		617,091
Grants and Assessments		-	-	148,758		-		-		-		813		149,571
Capital Projects		-	-	-		3,480,963		-		-		2,159,091		5,640,054
Debt Service		-	-	-		-		463,398		-		-		463,398
Committed to:														
Emergency Communications		-	-	-		-		-		-		152,469		152,469
Assigned to:								-						
LOSAP Benefit Plan		833,933	-	-		-		-		-		-		833,933
Telecommunications		-	-	-		-		-		-		1,958		1,958
Building		-	-	-		-		-		-		1,924,710		1,924,710
Unassigned:	_	6,703,907	 _	 -	_	-		-		(1,027,580)		-		5,676,327
Total fund balances	\$	7,567,724	\$ 617,243	\$ 148,758	\$	3,480,963	\$	463,398	\$	(1,027,580)	\$	6,463,837	\$	17,714,343

IV. Other Information

A. Risk Management

1. City

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to employees. The City is covered for comprehensive liability, property, auto liability and physical damage, employer's liability, and workers' compensation insurance through City County Insurance Services (CIS), a public entity risk pool. The pooling agreement does not permit the pool to make additional assessments to its members in the event of unanticipated losses.

Additional insurance policies are in place to cover cybersecurity risk and the specialized risks associated with operating a municipal airport.

For property and liability insurance, cyber security, airport and for workers' compensation insurance, settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past four fiscal years.'

2. Department

The Department is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and injuries to employees. The Department is covered for comprehensive liability, property, auto liability and physical damage, employer's liability, and workers' compensation insurance through City County Insurance Services (CIS), a public entity risk pool. For property and liability insurance, settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

B. Deferred Compensations Plans

The City offers employees two deferred compensation plans and the Department offers employees one deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. All plan assets are maintained by separate deferred compensation companies and are valued at market. The plans permit employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The City does not contribute to the plan. Deferred compensation is not available to participants until termination, retirement, death, or certain unforeseeable emergency. The assets and income of the plans are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries and accordingly are not included in the City's or the Department's financial statements. Employees are immediately vested in all contributions to the plan.

C. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The other postemployment benefits (OPEB) for the City and Department combine two separate plans for each entity. The City and Department provide an implicit rate subsidy for a retiree post-employment healthcare plan, which is administered by City County Insurance Services (CIS) Trust, and a contribution to the State of Oregon's PERS cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. Information for the Department's OPEB follows the City's information.

1. Financial Statement Presentation

The City's two OPEB plans are presented in the aggregate on the Statement of Net Position. The amounts on the financial statements relate to the plans as follows:

	Implicit Rate PERS RHIA Subsidy Plan		Total OPEB on Financials
Net OPEB Asset	\$ -	\$ 603,367	\$ 603,367
Deferred Outflows of Resources Change in Assumptions	33,432	11,872	45,304
Difference in Expected and Actual Experience	112,489	-	112,489
Change in Proportionate Share Contributions After MD	- 65,548	8,048 2,383	8,048 67,931
Net OPEB Liability	(1,461,576)	-	(1,461,576)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Difference in Expected and Actual			
Experience	(571,996)	(16,787)	(588,783)
Difference in Earnings Change in Assumptions Change in Proportionate Share	(253,754)	(143,392) (8,976)	(143,392) (262,730)
Change in Proportionate Share	- 	(73,649)	(73,649)
OPEB Expense/(Income)*	15,844	(132,835)	(116,991)

^{*}Included in program expenses on Statement of Activities

2. Post-Employment Healthcare Plan - City

Plan Description:

The City's single-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan is administered by CityCounty Insurance Services (CIS). Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the City and representatives of collective bargaining units or through resolutions passed by City Council. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

The City's postemployment healthcare plan administrator issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for CIS. This report may be obtained through their website at: https://www.cisoregon.org/About/TrustDocs.

Benefits Provided:

The plan provides eligible retirees and their dependents under age 65 the same health care coverage at the same premium rates as offered to active employees. The retiree is responsible for the premiums. As of the valuation date of July 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	144
Eligible retirees	6
Spouses of ineligible retirees	0
Total participants	150

OPEB Plan Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

The City's net OPEB liability of \$1,461,576 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expenses from this plan of \$15,844. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to this OPEB plan from the following sources:

		ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and	<u> </u>		-			
actual experience	\$	112,489	\$	571,996		
Changes of assumptions		33,432		253,754		
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)		145,921		825,750		
Contributions subsequent to the MD		65,548				
Total	\$	211,469	\$	825,750		

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$65,548 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (117,492)
2024	(117,492)
2025	(117,492)
2026	(117,492)
2027	(117,492)
Thereafter	(92,369)
Total	\$ (679,829)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs:

The net OPEB liability in the July 1, 2020 valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation Rate 2.50 percent Discount Rate 2.16 percent

Projected Salary Increases 3.50 percent overall payroll growth
Retiree Healthcare Participation 55% of eligible employees 60% of male members and 35% of female members will

elect spouse coverage.

Mortality Health retirees and beneficiaries: Pub-

2010 General and Safety Employee and Healthy Retiree tables, sex distinct for members and dependents, with a one-year setback for male general service employees

and female safety employees.

Healthcare cost trend rate:

Medical and vision: 3.75 percent per year

increasing to 5.75 percent.

Dental: 4.00 percent per year

The discount rate was based on Bond Buyer 20-Year General Obligation Bond Index.

Changes in Net OPEB Liability:

Changes in assumptions is the result of the change in the discount rate from 2.21% to 2.16%.

	Net OPEB Liability
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$1,382,834
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest on total OPEB liability Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	101,203 32,133 5,851
Benefit payments	(60,445)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$1,461,576

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the City's OPEB liability, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.16 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.16 percent) than the current discount rate. A similar sensitivity analysis is then presented for changes in the healthcare trend assumption.

Discount Rate:

			Curr	ent Discount		
	1% Decrease (1.16%)		Rate (2.16%)		1% Increase (3.16%)	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,582,438	\$	1,461,576	\$	1,348,194
Healthcare Cost Trend:						
			Curre	nt Health Care		
	19	6 Decrease	Tr	end Rates	19	% Increase
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,294,214	\$	1,461,576	\$	1,660,190

3. Oregon Public Employees' Retirement Systems (OPERS) Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) - City

Plan Description:

The City contributes to the PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by PERS. ORS 238.420 established this trust fund and authorizes the Oregon Legislature to establish and amend the benefit provisions. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information which can be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700, telephone (503) 598-7377, or online at https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2021-ACFR.pdf

Benefits Provided:

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the RHIA established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost, the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Contributions:

PERS funding policy provides for employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. Employer contribution rates for the period were based on the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation and a percentage of payroll that first became effective July 1, 2021. The City contributed 0.06% of PERS-covered salaries for Tier One/Tier Two members to fund the normal cost portion of RHIA benefits and 0.00% of all PERS-covered salaries to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued

liabilities being amortized over 20 years. The City's total for the year ended June 30, 2021 contributions was \$2,383.

OPEB Assets, Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

At June 30, 2022, the City reported an asset of \$603,367 for its proportionate share of the OPERS net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the net OPEB asset used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2019 rolled forward to June 30, 2021. The City's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the City's contributions to the RHIA program during the measurement period relative to contributions from all participating employers. At June 30, 2021, the City's proportionate share was 0.1757%, which is an increase from its proportion of 0.1157% as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City recognized OPEB income from this plan of \$132,835. At June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to this OPEB plan from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		ed Inflows of esources
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$	-	\$ 16,787
Changes of assumptions		11,872	8,976
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on investments		-	143,392
Changes in proportionate share		8,048	73,649
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)		19,920	242,804
Contributions subsequent to the MD		2,383	
Total	\$	22,303	\$ 242,804

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$2,383 resulting from the City's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year e	nded June 30:	
	2023	\$ (85,630)
	2024	(59,222)
	2025	(32,737)
	2026	(45,295)
Total		\$ (222,884)

Actuarial Methods & Assumptions:

The net OPEB liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation Date December 31, 2019
Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Experience Study Report 2018, published July 2019

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method Market value of assets

Actuarial Assumptions:

Inflation Rate2.40 percentLong-Term Expected Rate of Return6.90 percentProjected Salary Increases3.40 percent

Retiree Healthcare Participation Healthy retirees: 32%

Disabled retirees: 20%

Mortality Health retirees and beneficiaries: Pub-

2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Active Members: Pub-2010 Employee, sex district, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Disabled retirees: Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree, sex district, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as

described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2018 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2018.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in June 2021 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Assumed Asset Allocation

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	Target
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	27.5%	37.5%	32.5%
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Private Equity	14.0%	21.0%	17.5%
Alternative Portfolio	7.5%	17.5%	15.0%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	5.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity	0.0%	2.5%	2.5%
Total			100.0%

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Compounded Annual Return (Geometric)
Global Equity	30.62%	5.85%
Private Equity	25.50%	7.71%
Core Fixed Income	23.75%	2.73%
Real Estate	12.25%	5.66%
Master Limited Partnerships	0.75%	5.71%
Infrastructure .	1.50%	6.26%
Commodities	0.63%	3.10%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy	1.25%	5.11%
Hedge Fund Equity - Hedge	0.63%	5.31%
Hedge Fund - Macro	5.62%	5.06%
US Cash	-2.50%	1.76%
Total	100.00%	
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.40%

Discount rate:

The discount rate used to measure the net OPEB liability was 6.90% for the RHIA Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the RHIA plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the RHIA Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the net OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.90%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90%) than the current rate:

Discount Rate:

		Current Discount					
	1% Dec	crease (5.90%)	Ra	te (6.90%)	1% Inc	crease (7.90%)	
Net OPEB Asset	\$	(533,589)	\$	(603,367)	\$	(662,973)	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position:

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

Changes in Plan Provisions During the Measurement Period:

There were no changes during the June 30, 2021 measurement period that require disclosure.

Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Date:

There were no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2021 measurement period that require disclosure.

4. Oregon Public Employees' Retirement Systems (OPERS) Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) – Department

The Department's RHIA plan is the same plan as the City's plan discussed above in Note C.3.

Contributions:

The Department contributed 0.06% of PERS-covered salaries for Tier One/Tier Two members to fund the normal cost portion of RHIA benefits and 0.00% of all PERS-covered salaries to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 20 years. The Department's total for the year ended June 30, 2022 contributions was \$1,067.

5. Post-Employment Healthcare Plan - Department

The Department's plan is a single employer plan administered by the Department. The authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing is accomplished through contractual agreement with union employees and through board adopted personnel policies for non-union employees.

Employees covered by benefit terms:

At July 1, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	60
Retired employees	8
Total	68

Changes in Net OPEB Liability:

	Net OPEB Liability
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$1,420,684
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	52,032
Interest on total OPEB liability	32,293
Effect of assumptions changes or inputs	4,803
Benefit payments	(144,637)
Net RHIA change	(75,182)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$1,289,993

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Department, as well as what the Department's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase
2022 Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,521,493	\$ 1,289,993	\$ 1,332,837

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates:

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the Department, as well as what the Department's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current health care trend rates:

	1% Decrease	Healthcare Trend	1% Increase
2022 Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,291,621	\$ 1,289,993	\$ 1,580,973

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Department recognized an OPEB credit of \$28,515. At June 30, 2022, the Department reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between actual and expected experience Changes of assumptions or other inputs	\$	18,475 34,502	\$	6,202 464,676
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		34,302		404,070
OPEB plan investments		-		32,225
Changes in proportionate share		7,999		12,063
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		126,582		
Total	\$	187,558	\$	515,166

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB of \$126,582 resulting from the Department's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase in the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (101,996)
2024	(103,055)
2025	(98,945)
2026	(97,001)
2027	(52,740)
Thereafter	 (453)
Total	\$ (454,190)

D. Employee Retirement Pension Plan

1. Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS)

Plan Description:

The City and the Department are participating employers in the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. The Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system. All benefits of the System are established by the legislature pursuant to ORS Chapters 238 and 238A. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan, established by ORS Chapter 238, is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. The Pension Program, established by ORS Chapter 238A, provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. OPERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and Actuarial Valuation that can be obtained at http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

ORS 238 Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefits:

<u>Pension Benefits</u> – The PERS retirement allowance benefit is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from thirteen retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results. Monthly payments must be a minimum of \$200 per month or the member will receive a lump-sum payment of the actuarial equivalent of benefits to which he or she is entitled.

Under Senate Bill 1049, passed during the 2019 legislative session, the salary included in the determination of Final Average Salary will be limited for all members beginning in 2020. The limit will be equal to \$197,730 in 2021 and will be indexed with inflation in later years.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General services employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of eligible service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

<u>Death Benefits</u> – Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met: (1) member was employed by a OPERS employer at the time of death; (2) member died within 120 days after termination of OPERS-covered employment; (3) member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a OPERS-covered job; or (4) member was on an official leave of absence from a OPERS-covered job at the time of death.

<u>Disability Benefits</u> – A member with ten or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including OPERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of OPERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

<u>Benefit Changes after Retirement</u> – Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living (COLA) changes. The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.

ORS 238A OPSRP Pension Program Benefits:

The Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. Benefits under this portion of OPSRP provide a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

For police and fire members, 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

For general service members, 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65 or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

Under Senate Bill 1049, passed during the 2019 legislative session, the salary included in the determination of final average salary will be limited for all members beginning in 2020. The limit will be equal to \$197,730 in 2021 and will be indexed with inflation in later years.

A member of the OPSRP Pension Program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

<u>Death Benefits</u> – Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

<u>Disability Benefits</u> – A member who has accrued ten or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

<u>Benefit Changes after Retirement</u> – Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the cost-of-living changes in fiscal year 2016 and beyond will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP):

<u>Pension Benefits</u> – An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account is established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.

Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5, 10, 15, or 20 year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

<u>Death Benefits</u> – Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives, in a lump sum, the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum amount.

<u>Recordkeeping</u> – OPERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

Contributions:

OPERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the OPERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans.

<u>Employer Contributions</u> – PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2017 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2019. Effective January 1, 2020, Senate Bill 1049 required employers to pay contributions on re-employed PERS retirees' salary as if they were an active member, excluding IAP (6 percent) contributions. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$3,705,946, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. The rates in effect for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were 27.81 percent for Tier One/Tier Two General Service Member and Tier One/Tier Two Police and Fire, 20.75 percent for OPSRP Pension Program General Service Members, 25.11 percent for OPSRP Pension Program Police and Fire Members.

<u>Employee Contributions</u> – Beginning January 1, 2004, all employee contributions were placed in the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP), a defined contribution pension plan established by the Oregon Legislature. Prior to that date, all member contributions were credited to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Member contributions are set by statute at 6.0 or 7.0 percent of salary and are remitted by participating employers. The contributions are either deducted from member salaries or paid by the employers on the members behalf. The IAP member accounts represent member contributions made on or after January 1, 2004, plus earnings allocations less disbursements for refunds, death benefits, and retirements. As permitted, the City has opted to pick-up the contributions on behalf of employees; contributions were \$843,976 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Starting July 1, 2020, Senate Bill 1049 required a portion of member contributions to their IAP accounts to be redirected to the Defined Benefit fund. If the member earns more than \$2,500 per month (increased to \$2,535 per month on January 1, 2021) 0.75 percent (if OPSRP member) or 2.5 percent (if Tier One/Tier Two member) of the member's contributions that were previously contributed to the member's IAP now fund the new Employee Pension Stability Accounts (EPSA). The EPSA accounts will be used to fund the cost of future pension benefits without changing those benefits, which means reduced contributions to the member's IAP account. Members may elect to make voluntary IAP contributions equal to the amount redirected.

Pension Assets, Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources related to Pensions:

At June 30, 2022, the City and Department reported liabilities of \$19,025,370 and \$6,257,043, respectively for their proportionate share of the plan pension liability excluding LOSAP. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. Their proportionate shares were based on a projection of their long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members of the cost sharing pool, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as of the measurement date was 0.1590% and the Department's proportion was 0.0523%. The City's and Department's proportionate share at the prior measurement date was 0.1582% and 0.0503%, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the City and Department recognized pension expense of \$2,176,235 and \$2,182,210, respectively. The Department has elected to use regulatory accounting to recognize pension expense in conjunction with the required employer contribution rates. At June 30, 2022, the City and Department reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions excluding LOSAP from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual			-	
experience	\$	1,780,899	\$ -	
Changes of assumptions		4,762,623	50,070	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on investments		-	14,084,334	
Changes in proportion		1,019,203	2,528,688	
Differences between employer contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		561,764	302,795	
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)		8,124,489	16,965,887	
Contributions subsequent to the MD		3,705,946	-	
Total	\$	11,830,435	\$ 16,965,887	

Deferred outflow and inflow pension data for the Department:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$	585,700	\$ -	
Changes of assumptions		1,566,326	16,467	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on investments		-	4,632,040	
Changes in proportion		1,842,674	349,255	
Differences between employer contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		145,800	60,881	
Total (prior to post-MD contributions)		4,140,500	5,058,643	
Contributions subsequent to the MD		1,287,835	 -	
Total	\$	5,428,335	\$ 5,058,643	

City and Department's contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$3,705,946 and \$1,287,835, respectively, are reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

City:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (2,376,183)
2024	(1,660,598)
2025	(2,123,772)
2026	(3,233,844)
2027	552,999
Total	\$ (8,841,398)

Department:

Year ended June	e 30:	
2023	 \$	728,592
2024		(246,862)
2025		(544,570)
2026		(1,025,823)
2027		170,520
Total	\$	(918,143)

Actuarial Assumptions:

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2021 were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

For the ORS 238 Tier One/Tier Two component of the OPERS defined benefit plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), and (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over twenty years.

For the ORS 238A OPSRP Pension Program component of the OPERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year) and (2) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over sixteen years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the actuarial methods and assumptions that are the same as listed above in Note IV.C.3 – Actuarial Methods and Assumptions.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:

Are the same as listed above in Note IV.C.3 – Long-Term Expected Rate of Return.

Depletion Date Projection:

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and pension plan investments. GASB 68 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; that is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for PERS:

- PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which
 is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100 percent funded position by the endo the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the
 assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods
 and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience
 which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is PERS' independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 68 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the defined benefit pension plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's and Department's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the City and Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

	19	% Decrease (5.90%)	Di	scount Rate (6.90%)	19	% Increase (7.90%)
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	37,361,275	\$	19,025,370	\$	3,684,872
Department's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	12,287,335	\$	6,257,043	\$	1,211,877

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

Payable to OPERS:

At June 30, 2022, the City's payable to OPERS for defined benefit contributions was approximately \$491,000. This amount represents legally required contributions to the plan for services incurred in the current fiscal year. The Department did not have outstanding contributions at June 30, 2022.

Changes in Plan Provisions During the Measurement Period:

A legislative change that occurred after the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation date affected the plan provisions reflected for June 2021 financial reporting liability calculations. Senate Bill 111, enacted in June 2021, provides an increased pre-retirement death benefit for members who die on or after their early retirement age.

For GASB 67 and GASB 68, the benefits valued in the Total Pension Liability are required to be in accordance with the benefit terms legally in effect as of the relevant fiscal year-end for the plan. As a result, Senate Bill 111 was reflected in the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability. The increase in the Total Pension Liability resulting from Senate Bill 111, measured as of June 30, 2021, is shown in Exhibit A as the "Effect of plan changes" during the measurement period. While Senate Bill 111 also made changes to certain aspects of the System's funding and administration, the change in the death benefit provision is the only change that affects the measured Total Pension Liability. As a result, the death benefit provision is the only difference between June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021 in the plan provisions basis used to determine the Total Pension Liability as of those two respective Measurement Dates.

Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Period:

There were no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2021 measurement period that require disclosure.

2. McMinnville Fire Department Length of Service Awards Program

Plan Description:

Effective July 1, 1994, the City established the McMinnville Fire Department Length of Service Awards Program (LOSAP), a non-qualified retirement plan for the City's volunteer fire fighters. The LOSAP is a length of service award plan as provided for in Internal Revenue Code Section 457(e)(11)(A)(ii). The purpose of the LOSAP is to provide a retirement income for volunteers in recognition of their service to the City. This is a single employer, stand-alone plan, which does not issue its own financial statements.

Plan Benefits:

LOSAP participants become 100 percent vested upon five years of active service. Entitlement age varies depending on the years of service. Vested volunteer fire fighters attaining entitlement age are entitled to maximum annual benefits of \$20 per month multiplied by total years of service, not to exceed \$400 per month. At the inception of the plan, past service was limited to ten years and service prior to July 1, 1984 was excluded. Vested volunteer fire fighters who become inactive retain vested pension benefits earned through date of resignation. In addition to retirement benefits, the LOSAP also provides a \$20,000 term life insurance policy and a disability benefit to active members. The LOSAP is administered by VFIS, a division of Glatfelter Insurance Group. VFIS is an insurance provider that specializes in offering insurance products to emergency services organizations such as fire departments, ambulance and rescue squads, and 911 centers.

Contributions:

The City's LOSAP plan is unfunded as defined by governmental accounting standards. Contributions to the plan are determined on a pay-as-you-go basis. The LOSAP Master Plan does not require the City to guarantee the pay out of benefits nor to continue the plan. In addition, it is not intended that any trust for the benefit of participants is to be created by setting aside assets and/or purchasing annuities. However, the City has set aside assets and/or purchased annuities to discharge all or part of its expected benefit payments under the LOSAP. These assets remain in the name of the City and do not qualify as plan assets.

At June 30, 2021, there were 16 active employees, 23 inactive employees that are entitled but not yet receiving benefit payments and 7 inactive employees that are receiving benefit payments.

Employer contributions for the City were \$21,048, \$21,894, and \$21,876 for fiscal years 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively.

Pension Assets, Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources related to Pensions:

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the LOSAP pension expense as defined by GASB 68 was \$34,178.

For the LOSAP plan, at June 30, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		red Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$	10,861	\$ 40,984
Changes of assumptions		181,793	 249,402
Total	\$	192,654	\$ 290,386

LOSAP deferred outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense (income) as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2023	\$ (10,734)
2024	(6,643)
2025	(6,643)
2026	(7,012)
2027	(22,074)
2028	(44,626)
Total	\$ (97,732)

Actuarial Assumptions:

Costs and liabilities for LOSAP were calculated using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each active volunteer included in the valuation is allocated on a level percent of pay basis over the service of the active volunteer between assumed entry age (date of hire) and assumed exit age(s). The portion of this actuarial present value allocated to the valuation year is called the service cost for that active volunteer. The sum of these individual service costs is the LOSAP's Service Cost for the valuation year.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2022
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.50 percent
Discount Rate	3.54 percent
Mortality	Healthy mortality rates are based on the RP 2014 Blue Collar generational tables projected forward using Scale MP 2021. Disability rates and disability mortality are assumed to follow those used in the 2020 Oregon PERS valuation for Police and Fire employees.

Liabilities will be satisfied through monthly payments made by the City. In the prior valuation, it was assumed that liabilities would be satisfied by the purchase of annuities.

Sensitivity of the proportionate share of the LOSAP net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following represents the proportionate share of the LOSAP pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.54 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease (2.54%)	Dis	count Rate (3.54%)	 (4.54%)
Net LOSAP pension liability	\$	1,258,552	\$	1,069,882	\$ 920,758

Changes in total pension liability:

	-	Net LOSAP usion Liability
Balance as of June 30, 2021	\$	1,357,933
Changes for the year:		
Service cost		15,643
Interest on total pension liability		29,778
Effect of assumptions changes or input	:	(274,901)
Benefit payments		(21,048)
Experience (gain)/loss		(37,523)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$	1,069,882

E. Commitments and Contingencies

1. City

At June 30, 2022, the City was committed to 17 contracts. In the major governmental funds, a total of approximately \$511,000 is for capital maintenance professional services, \$467,000 for other professional services, \$386,000 for ambulances and \$86,000 in Municipal Airport activities. In the non-major fund for Emergency Communication \$102,000 is for communications equipment maintenance, Other non-major fund commitments include \$211,000 remaining in parks master planning services, \$695,000 in street maintenance services and \$230,000 in transportation fund commitments. In the Wastewater Fund, a business-type activity, approximately \$3.42 million remained on contracts for sanitary sewer rehabilitation projects and a water reclamation facility biosolids project.

The City purchases workers' compensation insurance from SAIF, a non-profit workers comp insurance provider in Oregon. Formerly, the city contracted with CIS for workers comp in a plan where the initial premium contribution for the plan is calculated using a retrospective rate. The premium was then adjusted throughout the period of coverage based on the City's actual workers' compensation claims. The premium is subject to a minimum (initial contribution) and a maximum limit. The maximum limit is designed to compensate the insurer if larger than expected losses are incurred. At June 30, 2022, the City had two open plan years remaining with a total potential remaining liability of \$587,813. The potential remaining liability is the difference between the premium that has been paid by the City and the maximum limit for the premium. For comparison purposes, workers' compensation retrospective plan premiums paid by the City in fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020 were \$391,000, \$348,000 and \$275,000, respectively.

2. Department

The Department purchases power from Priest Rapids Development and Wanapum Development and is required to pay a portion of the development costs under these contracts through April 1, 2052, which coincides with the expiration of the new FERC license (unless terminated earlier under terms of the contract.) Costs associated with these contracts for the year ended June 30, 2022 were approximately \$760,000.

F. Major Customer and Supplier - Department

Department sales of electricity were made to one major commercial customer during the year ended June 30, 2022 in amounts exceeding ten percent of total sales. This customer accounted for approximately \$14,034,000 of revenues during the year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, accounts receivable from this same customer amounted to approximately \$1,147,257.

Department purchases were made from one major supplier of power, including supply, transmission and distribution during the year ended June 30, 2022 in amounts exceeding ten percent of the total of such purchases. The supplier accounted for \$28,465,000 of purchases during the year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, amounts due to this same supplier, and included in accounts payable, amounted to \$2,178,500.

G. Jointly Governed Organization - City

The City entered into a joint operational agreement effective January 1, 1988 with other local governments. Under the terms of this agreement, an intergovernmental agency known as Yamhill Communications Agency (YCOM) was established to provide public safety communication services to member jurisdictions.

YCOM is partially funded by member contributions, which are based on a cost-sharing formula determined by the YCOM Executive Board. The City paid \$782,000 in member contributions to YCOM in fiscal year 2022. YCOM also receives 911 Excise Taxes that are charged on telephone exchange access services and are collected by the State of Oregon. The City received approximately \$31,000 from YCOM for providing operational space within the Police Department.

The governing body of YCOM is a five-member Executive Board. The five members include the Sheriff of Yamhill County, a Yamhill County Commissioner, a representative of the City of McMinnville, a representative of YCOM's city members excluding the City of McMinnville, and a representative of YCOM's fire districts. The Sheriff serves as the Chair of the Executive Board. The Executive Board members have full voting powers over all areas affecting YCOM including budget, public policy, and administration.

Associate members do not receive direct public safety communication services but wish to remain affiliated with YCOM. Associate members may not serve on the Executive Board. Contributions for associate members are determined by the Executive Board.

Financial statements for YCOM may be obtained at Yamhill County, Accounting Division, 535 NE 5th Street, McMinnville, Oregon 97128.

H. McMinnville Rural Fire Protection District

McMinnville Rural Fire Protection District (MRFPD) contracts with the City for fire protection services. For fiscal year 2022, the City received \$410,447 from MRFPD for contract services, which is included in fire department charges for services in the government-wide statement of activities and in the General Fund's Intergovernmental Revenue in the fund financial statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

I. Tax Abatement

The City of McMinnville has entered into property tax abatement agreements whereby the assessed value of property tax has been reduced. The City's property tax revenue for the year ended June 30, 2022 has been abated under the following programs:

		Ar	nount of
Program and Statutory Author	rity	Ab	atement
Housing for low income rental	ORS 307.517	\$	62,322
Historic property	ORS 358.475 - 358.545		6,656
Total		\$	68,978

J. Deficit Fund Balance/Net Position

The following fund had a deficit fund balance/net position at June 30, 2022. This deficit will be financed through future revenues.

Fund	Amount
Urban Renewal Debt Service Fund	\$ (1,027,580)

K. New Accounting Pronouncement

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 87, Leases. GASB Statement 87 establishes new standards for accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The requirements of this statement are effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The City implemented Statement 87 for the year ending June 30, 2022.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the GASB but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

- > Budgetary Comparison Schedules
 - General Fund
 - Airport Maintenance Fund
 - Grants and Special Assessment Fund
- > Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- > Schedule of Contributions Pensions
- > Schedule of the Proportionate Share of OPEB RHIA
- > Schedule of Contributions to OPEB RHIA
- > Schedule of Changes in OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Implicit Rate Subsidy
- > Schedule of Contributions to OPEB Implicit Rate Subsidy

	Bue	dget		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES:					
Property taxes	\$ 15,272,000	\$ 15,272,000	\$ 15,088,868	\$ (183,132)	
Licenses and permits	3,789,670	3,789,670	4,149,546	359,876	
Intergovernmental	3,267,521	3,597,521	3,910,352	312,831	
Charges for services	4,829,705	4,829,705	4,125,347	(704,358)	
Fines and forfeitures	420,500	420,500	359,948	(60,552)	
Miscellaneous	800,168	820,168	769,094	(51,074)	
Total revenues	28,379,564	28,729,564	28,403,155	(326,409)	
EXPENDITURES:					
General government:					
Administration	1,443,624	1,736,287	1,533,989	202,298	
Finance	657,173	790,373	755,255	35,118	
Community development:					
Engineering	1,057,828	1,007,065	795,778	211,287	
Planning	1,373,531	1,388,331	979,080	409,251	
Public safety:					
Police	9,252,701	9,290,101	8,549,124	740,977	
Municipal court	505,812	583,412	515,124	68,288	
Fire	9,400,338	9,624,638	9,065,190	559,448	
Culture and recreation:	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-,,	-,,	,	
Parks and recreation	3,133,535	3,215,435	2,217,261	998,174	
Park maintenance	1,389,713	1,409,713	1,297,281	112,432	
Library	1,835,005	2,108,105	2,024,623	83,482	
Nondepartmental:	1,055,005	2,100,103	2,024,023	05,402	
Personnel services	51,097	51,097	6,474	44,623	
Debt service:	31,097	31,097	0,4/4	44,023	
	460.660	460.660	460.660		
Principal	468,660	468,660	468,660	-	
Interest	100,930	100,930	100,930	-	
Contingency	1,000,000	683,578		683,578	
Total expenditures	31,669,947	32,457,725	28,308,769	4,148,956	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,290,383)	(3,728,161)	94,386	3,822,547	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	30,267	30,267	
Interfund loan proceeds	187,297	187,297	187,297	-	
Interfund loan payments	(161,621)	(161,621)	(157,632)	3,989	
Transfers in	1,739,616	1,760,975	1,898,297	137,322	
Transfers out	(1,276,163)	(1,289,501)	(1,289,500)	1	
Total other financing sources (uses)	489,129	497,150	668,729	171,579	
Net change in fund balance	(2,801,254)	(3,231,011)	763,115	3,994,126	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	4,957,677	5,439,415	5,761,757	322,342	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 2,156,423	\$ 2,208,404	6,524,872	\$ 4,316,468	
Outstanding interfund loan receivable Outstanding interfund loan payable			1,610,060 (567,208)		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING GAAP BASIS			\$ 7,567,724		

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON AIRPORT MAINTENANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Budget					Variance with		
	Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,559,207	\$	1,559,207	\$	1,385,460	\$	(173,747)	
Charges for services	351,602		351,602		390,969		39,367	
Miscellaneous	 12,500		12,500		22,837		10,337	
Total revenues	 1,923,309		1,923,309		1,799,266		(124,043)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Airport:								
Personnel service	-		-		579		(579) *	
Materials and services	410,425		418,685		364,949		53,736 *	
Capital outlay	1,341,382		1,341,382		1,272,907		68,475 *	
Contingency	 300,000		296,895				296,895	
Total expenditures	 2,051,807		2,056,962		1,638,435		418,527	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (128,498)		(133,653)		160,831		294,484	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out	 (101,582)		(96,427)		(96,427)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (101,582)		(96,427)		(96,427)			
Net change in fund balance	(230,080)		(230,080)		64,404		294,484	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	 433,296		433,296		552,839		119,543	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 203,216	\$	203,216	\$	617,243	\$	414,027	

^{*} Expenditures are appropriated together as airport operations

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON GRANTS AND SPECIAL ASSESSMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Budget					Variance with	
	Origin	al	Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES:								
Special assessments		\$,000 \$	60,000	\$	74,910	\$	14,910	
Intergovernmental	7,406	,	7,406,800		176,417		(7,230,383)	
Miscellaneous	1	,250	1,250		21,873		20,623	
Total revenues	7,468	3,050	7,468,050		273,200		(7,194,850)	
EXPENDITURES:								
General government:								
Materials and services	7,466	5,800	7,466,800		250,236		7,216,564	
Contingency	35	5,000	34,701				34,701	
Total expenditures	7,501	,800	7,501,501		250,236		7,251,265	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(33	5,750)	(33,451)		22,964		56,415	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out	(7	<u>',702)</u>	(8,001)		(8,001)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7	7,702)	(8,001)		(8,001)			
Net change in fund balance	(41	,452)	(41,452)		14,963		56,415	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	133	5,979	133,979		133,795		(184)	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 92	2,527 \$	92,527	\$	148,758	\$	56,231	

City					(b/c) City's	
	(a)		(b)		proportionate share of	Plan fiduciary
	City's		City's	(c)	the net pension	net position as
Measurement	proportion of		ortionate share	City's	liability (asset) as a	a percentage of
Date	the net pension		he net pension	covered	percentage of its	the total pension
June 30,	liability (asset)	118	bility (asset)	 payroll	covered payroll	liability
2021	0.15898886%	\$	19,025,370	\$ 15,074,044	126.21%	87.60%
2020	0.15816053%		34,516,068	14,648,781	235.62%	75.80%
2019	0.16803680%		29,066,342	14,345,060	202.62%	80.20%
2018	0.14991760%		22,710,542	13,566,496	167.40%	82.10%
2017	0.15823662%		21,330,356	12,704,671	167.89%	83.10%
2016	0.16659100%		25,009,124	12,346,146	202.57%	80.53%
2015	0.18762836%		10,772,610	11,689,472	92.16%	91.90%
2014	0.18541902%		(4,202,920)	11,141,496	-37.72%	103.60%
2013	0.18541902%		9,462,204	10,951,360	86.40%	91.97%
Department					(b/c)	
•					Department's	
	(a)		(b)		proportionate share of	Plan fiduciary
	Department's	Γ	epartment's	(c)	the net pension	net position as
Measurement	proportion of	prop	ortionate share	Department's	liability (asset) as a	a percentage of
Date	the net pension	of t	he net pension	covered	percentage of its	the total pension
June 30,	liability (asset)	lia	bility (asset)	 payroll	covered payroll	liability
2021	0.05228808%	\$	6,257,043	\$ 5,330,572	117.38%	75.80%
2020	0.05025634%		10,967,662	5,000,050	219.35%	75.80%
2019	0.04704994%		8,138,513	4,865,881	167.26%	80.20%
2018	0.05375311%		8,142,888	4,888,677	166.57%	82.10%
2017	0.05938144%		8,004,641	4,999,100	160.12%	83.10%
2016	0.06251600%		9,385,171	4,876,213	192.47%	80.53%
2015	0.07041000%		3,990,001	4,858,713	82.12%	91.90%
2014	0.06593000%		(1,494,371)	4,665,911	-32.03%	103.60%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Plan is provided to employees with pensions through defined benefit plans that are not administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements.

Changes in Benefit Terms:

The 2013 Oregon Legislature made a series of changes to PERS that lowered projected future benefit payments from the System. These changes included reductions to future Cost of Living Adjustments(COLA) made through Senate Bills 822 and 861. Senate Bill 822 also required the contribution rates scheduled to be in effect from July 2013 to June 2015 to be reduced. The Oregon Supreme Court decision in Moro v. State of Oregon, issued on April 30, 2015, reversed a significant portion of the reductions the 2013 Oregon Legislature made to future System Cost of Living Adjustments(COLA) through Senate Bills 822 and 861. This reversal increased the total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 compared to June 30, 2014 total pension liability.

A legislative change that occurred after the December 31, 2017 valuation date affected the plan provisions reflected for financial reporting purposes. Senate Bill 1049, signed into law in June 2019, introduced a limit on the amount of annual salary included for the calculation of benefits. Beginning in 2020, annual salary in excess of \$195,000 (as indexed in future years) will be excluded when determining member benefits. As a result, future Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP benefits for certain active members are now projected to be lower than prior to the legislation. Senate Bill 1049 was reflected in the June 30, 2019 Total Pension Liability as a reduction in liability.

Changes of Assumptions:

The PERS Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the June 30, 2016 total pension liability and June 30, 2018 total pension liability. For June 30, 2016, the changes included the lowering of the long-term expected rate of return to 7.50 percent and lowering of the assumed inflation to 2.50 percent. For June 30, 2018, the long-term expected rate of return was lowered to 7.20 percent. In addition, the healthy mortality assumption was changed to reflect an updated mortality improvement scale for all groups, and assumptions were updated for merit increases, unused sick leave, and vacation pay were updated.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSIONS

For the Last Ten Fiscal Years 1

City					
Year Ended June 30,	(a) Statutorily required contribution	(b) Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(a-b) Contribution deficiency (excess)	(c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014	\$ 3,705,946 3,661,207 3,366,306 2,671,712 2,420,608 2,144,698 2,115,936 1,692,462 1,658,475	3,661,207 3,366,306 2,671,712 2,420,608 2,144,698 2,115,936 1,692,462	- - - - - - -	\$ 15,464,857 15,074,044 14,648,781 14,345,060 13,566,496 12,704,671 12,346,146 11,689,472 11,141,496	23.96% 24.29% 22.98% 18.62% 17.84% 16.88% 17.14% 14.48%
Year Ended June 30,	(a) Statutorily required contribution	(b) Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(a-b) Contribution deficiency (excess)	(c) Department's covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015	\$ 1,287,835 1,154,464 1,086,161 820,096 751,095 804,840 691,701 601,765	1,154,464 1,086,161 820,096 751,095 804,840 691,701	- - - - - -	\$ 5,630,164 5,330,572 5,000,050 4,865,881 4,888,677 4,999,100 4,876,213 4,858,713	22.87% 21.66% 21.72% 16.85% 15.36% 16.10% 14.19% 12.39%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Plan is provided to employees with pensions through defined benefit plans that are not administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used to Set the Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuarial valuation
Effective
Actuarial cost method
Amortization method
Asset valuation method
Remaining amortization periods
Actuarial assumptions:
Inflation rate
Projected salary increases
Investment rate of return

December 31, 2015	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2011
July 2017-June 2019	July 2015-June 2017	July 2013-June 2015
Entry Age Normal		Projected Unit Credit
Level percent	tage of payroll	•
Market	t Value	
20 years		N/A
	July 2017-June 2019 Entry Age Normal Level percent Marke	July 2017-June 2019 July 2015-June 2017 Entry Age Normal Level percentage of payroll Market Value

2.50 p	ercent	2.75 p	ercent
	3.50 p	percent	
7.20 percent	7.50 percent	7.75 percent	8.00 percent

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

City - OPERS Reti	rement Health Insu	rance A	Account		(b/c) City's	
Measurement Date June 30,	(a) City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	of th	(b) City's rtionate share ae net OPEB ility (asset)	(c) City's covered payroll	proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016	0.17570348% 0.11569878% 0.13236308% 0.12981751% 0.12462946% 0.13230662%	\$	(603,367) (235,748) (255,773) (144,912) (52,013) 35,930	\$ 15,074,044 14,648,781 14,345,060 13,566,496 12,704,671 12,346,146	-4.00% -1.61% -1.78% -1.07% -0.41% 0.29%	183.9% 150.1% 144.4% 124.0% 108.9%

Department - OPERS Retirement Health Insurance Account

Measurement Date June 30,	(a) Department's proportion of the net OPEB liability (asset)	propo of the	(b) epartment's ortionate share he net OPEB oility (asset)	(c) Covered payroll	(b/c) Department's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2021	0.03948631%	\$	(135,596)	\$ 5,330,572	-2.54%	183.9%
2020	0.02964946%		(60,414)	5,000,050	-1.21%	150.1%
2019	0.04619607%		(89,267)	4,865,881	-1.83%	144.4%
2018	0.04653525%		(51,946)	4,888,677	-1.06%	124.0%
2017	0.04676968%		(19,519)	4,999,100	-0.39%	108.9%
2016	0.04965069%		13,483	4,876,213	0.28%	108.9%

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

Changes of Assumptions:

Plan is provided to employees with other postemployement benefits through defined benefit plans that are not administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements.

The PERS Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the June 30, 2018 total OPEB liability. The changes include lowering of the long-term expected rate of return to 7.20 percent. In addition, healthy retiree participation and healthy mortality assumptions were changes to reflect an updated trends and mortality improvement scale for all groups.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

	City - OPER	S Retirement	Health	Insurance A	Account
--	-------------	--------------	--------	-------------	---------

Year Ended June 30,	de	(a) tractually termined ntribution	relat actuari	(b) ributions in tion to the fally required ntribution	Contr defic	n-b) ribution ciency cess)	 (c) City's covered payroll	(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2022	\$	2,383	\$	2,383	\$	-	\$ 15,464,857	0.02%
2021		44,056		44,056		-	15,074,044	0.29%
2020		8,262		8,262		-	14,648,781	0.06%
2019		65,602		65,602		-	14,345,060	0.46%
2018		62,455		62,455		-	13,566,496	0.46%
2017		61,907		61,907		-	12,704,671	0.49%

Department - OPERS Retirement Health Insurance Account

				(b)				(b/c)
		(a)	Contr	ibutions in	(a	-b)		Contributions
Year	Cont	ractually	relat	ion to the	Contr	ibution	(c)	as a percent
Ended	det	ermined	actuari	ally required	defic	eiency	Covered	of covered
June 30,	con	tribution	con	tribution	(exc	cess)	 payroll	payroll
2022	\$	1,067	\$	2,383	\$	-	\$ 5,630,164	0.04%
2021		1,057		1,057		-	5,330,572	0.02%
2020		2,117		2,117		-	5,000,050	0.04%
2019		22,896		22,896		-	4,865,881	0.47%
2018		24,000		24,000		-	4,888,677	0.49%
2017		23,000		23,000		-	4,999,100	0.46%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Plan is provided to employees with other postemployement benefits through defined benefit plans that are not administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used to Set the Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuarial valuation:

Effective:

Actuarial cost method:

Amortization method:

Amortization period:

Asset valuation method:

Remaining amortization periods:

Actuarial assumptions

Inflation rate

Projected salary increases Investment rate of return

Healthcare cost trend rates

December 31, 2017	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2011					
July 2019 - June 2021	July 2017 - June 2019	July 2015 - June 2017	July 2013 - June 2015					
	Entry Age Normal		Projected Unit Credit					
Level percentage of payroll, closed								
	10 y	years						
	Marke	et value						
10 years	20 y	/ears	N/A					

2.50 p	ercent	2.75 percent				
3.50 p	ercent	3.75 p	ercent			
7.20 percent	7.50 percent	7.75 percent	8.00 percent			
None. Statu	te stipulates \$60 month	ly payment for healthca	re insurance			

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS - IMPICIT RATE SUBSIDY For the Last Ten Fiscal Years $^{\rm 1}$

City										
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability	•	101 202	e.	70.707	•	70.664	e.	1.42.001	e.	156 107
Service Interest	\$	101,203	\$	79,797	\$	70,664	\$	143,891	\$	156,197
Interest		32,133		45,165		45,716		79,991		64,110
Differences between economic/demographic gains or losses Changes of assumptions		5,851		142,487 (70,713)		40,455		(959,788) (179,625)		(164,168)
Benefit payment		(60,445)		(48,629)		(64,858)		(63,859)		(54,197)
Net change in total OPEB liability		78,742		148,107		91,977		(979,390)		1,942
Total OPEB liability - beginning		1,382,834		1,234,727		1,142,750		2,122,140		2,120,198
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$	1,461,576	\$	1,382,834	\$	1,234,727	\$	1,142,750	\$	2,120,198
Total Of ED hability - Chaing (a)	Ψ	1,401,370	Ψ	1,302,034	Ψ	1,234,727	Ψ	1,142,730	Ψ	2,122,140
Covered-employee payroll	\$	15,464,857	\$	15,074,044	\$	14,648,781	\$	14,345,060	\$	13,566,496
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		9.45%		9.17%		8.43%		7.97%		15.64%
Department										
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total OPEB Liability										
Service Interest	\$	52,032	\$	44,132	\$	38,871	\$	80,853	\$	88,568
Interest		32,293		52.716		50 55 0				
TD:00 1 . : /1 1: : 1		32,273		53,716		59,779		81,690		70,010
Differences between economic/demographic gains or losses		-		(3,225)		59,779		81,690 -		70,010
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- -		81,690 - 34,195		70,010 - -
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions		4,803		(3,225)		- - 42,160		34,195 (699,861)		- (138,226)
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payment		4,803 (144,637)		(3,225) (34,242) (138,581)		42,160 (173,010)		34,195 (699,861) (210,866)		(138,226) (164,408)
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payment Net RHIA change		4,803 (144,637) (75,182)		(3,225) (34,242) (138,581) 28,853		42,160 (173,010) (37,320)		34,195 (699,861) (210,866) (32,427)		(138,226) (164,408) (33,002)
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payment Net RHIA change Net change in total OPEB liability		4,803 (144,637) (75,182) (130,691)		(3,225) (34,242) (138,581) 28,853 (49,347)		42,160 (173,010) (37,320) (69,520)		34,195 (699,861) (210,866) (32,427) (746,416)		(138,226) (164,408) (33,002) (177,058)
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payment Net RHIA change Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning		4,803 (144,637) (75,182) (130,691) 1,420,684		(3,225) (34,242) (138,581) 28,853 (49,347) 1,470,031		42,160 (173,010) (37,320) (69,520) 1,539,551		34,195 (699,861) (210,866) (32,427) (746,416) 2,285,967		(138,226) (164,408) (33,002) (177,058) 2,463,025
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payment Net RHIA change Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	4,803 (144,637) (75,182) (130,691)	\$	(3,225) (34,242) (138,581) 28,853 (49,347)	\$	42,160 (173,010) (37,320) (69,520)	\$	34,195 (699,861) (210,866) (32,427) (746,416)	\$	(138,226) (164,408) (33,002) (177,058)
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payment Net RHIA change Net change in total OPEB liability Total OPEB liability - beginning	<u>\$</u>	4,803 (144,637) (75,182) (130,691) 1,420,684	\$	(3,225) (34,242) (138,581) 28,853 (49,347) 1,470,031	\$	42,160 (173,010) (37,320) (69,520) 1,539,551	\$	34,195 (699,861) (210,866) (32,427) (746,416) 2,285,967	\$	(138,226) (164,408) (33,002) (177,058) 2,463,025

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at July 1 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TO OPEB - IMPLICIT RATE SUBSIDY For the Last Ten Fiscal Years¹

City Year Ended June 30,	de	(a) tuarially termined ntribution	(b) Contributions in relation to the actuarially required contribution		(a-b) (c) Contribution City's deficiency covered (excess) payroll		(b/c) Contributions as a percent of covered payroll	
2022 2021	\$	65,548 32,283	\$	65,548 32,283	\$	-	\$ 15,464,857 15,074,044	0.42% 0.21%
2020		48,629		48,629		-	14,648,781	0.33%
2019		64,858		64,858		-	14,345,060	0.45%
2018		63,859		63,859		-	13,566,496	0.47%
2017		54,197		54,197		-	12,704,671	0.43%
Department								
				(b)				(b/c)
		(a)	Conti	ributions in	(a	-b)		Contributions
Year	Ac	tuarially	relat	tion to the	Contr	ibution	(c)	as a percent
Ended	de	termined	actuari	ally required	defic	iency	Covered	of covered
June 30,	COI	ntribution	coı	ntribution	(exc	cess)	payroll	payroll
2022	\$	126,582	\$	126,582	\$	-	\$ 5,630,164	2.25%
2021		145,694		145,694		-	5,330,572	2.73%
2020		140,698		140,698		-	5,000,050	2.81%
2019		173,011		173,011		-	4,865,881	3.56%
2018		210,866		210,866		-	4,888,677	4.31%
2017		164,408		164,408		-	4,999,100	3.29%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE

Plan is provided to employees with other postemployement benefits through defined benefit plans that are not administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods Used to Set the Actuarially Determined Contributions

Actuarial valuation:	July 1, 2020	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2016					
Effective:	June 30, 2020 and 2021	June 30, 2018 and 2019	June 30, 2016 and 2017					
Actuarial cost method:		Entry Age Normal						
Amortization method:	Level percentage of payroll, closed							
Amortization period:	5.8 years	6.8 years	7.7 years					
Asset valuation method:		Market value						
Remaining amortization periods:		20 years						
Actuarial assumptions:								
Inflation rate	2.50 percent	2.50 percent	2.50 percent					
Projected salary increases	2.50 percent	2.50 percent	2.50 percent					

¹This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Other supplementary information includes financial schedules not required by the GASB, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

Such statements and schedules include:

- Budgetary Comparision Schedules
 - Transportation Fund
 - Debt Service Fund
 - Urban Renewal Debt Service Fund
- ➤ Combining Statements Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
 - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
 - Enterprise Funds
 - Internal Service Funds

COMBINING STATEMENTS

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for revenue derived from specific taxes or other earmarked revenue sources, which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Funds included in this category are:

Affordable Housing Fund

This fund accounts for grant proceeds under the Oregon Department of Administrative Service Navigation Center. In future periods it will also include activity associated with the city's Construction Excise Tax.

Transient Lodging Fund

This fund accounts for transient lodging taxes collected from the occupants of temporary lodgings, such as hotels and motels.

Telecommunications Fund

This fund accounts for franchise fees received from service providers that operate telecommunications and cable systems within the public rights-of-way.

Emergency Communications Fund

This fund accounts for the City's participation in the 911 Central Emergency Dispatch Center operated by Yamhill Communications Agency (YCOM).

Street Fund

The principal revenue for this fund is state gas tax revenues used to pay for street maintenance, pavement repairs, equipment purchases, and street lighting.

Building Fund

This fund accounts for fees for building inspections and plan review of residential, commercial and industrial projects.

Capital Projects Fund

These funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital items and facilities. The funds included in this category are:

Park Development Fund

This fund accounts for the 2001 Park System Improvement bond proceeds. Other revenues include park system development charges (SDCs), grants, and donations which are used for park system expansion and improvements.

Urban Renewal Fund

This fund accounts for capital improvement projects intended to foster economic growth and revitalization with the City.

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON TRANSPORTATION FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Bu	dget		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 201,248	\$ 201,248	\$ 201,248	\$ -	
Charges for services	400,000	400,000	678,011	278,011	
Miscellaneous	34,000	34,000	13,126	(20,874)	
Total revenues	635,248	635,248	892,385	257,137	
EXPENDITURES:					
Highways and streets:					
Materials and services	398,500	398,500	50,442	348,058	
Capital outlay	685,000	685,000	175,725	509,275	
Debt service:					
Principal	146,097	146,097	146,097	-	
Interest	55,151	55,151	55,151	-	
Contingency	500,000	494,441		494,441	
Total expenditures	1,784,748	1,779,189	427,415	1,351,774	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,149,500)	(1,143,941)	464,970	1,608,911	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	200,000	200,000	200,000	-	
Transfers out	(109,194)	(114,753)	(114,753)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	90,806	85,247	85,247		
Net change in fund balance	(1,058,694)	(1,058,694)	550,217	1,608,911	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING -					
BUDGETARY BASIS	2,983,528	2,983,528	2,930,746	(52,782)	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -					
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 1,924,834	\$ 1,924,834	\$ 3,480,963	\$ 1,556,129	

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Buo	lget			Variance with	
	Original		Final	 Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:			_	 		
Property taxes	\$ 2,767,000	\$	2,767,000	\$ 2,790,670	\$	23,670
Miscellaneous	 14,000		14,000	 11,531		(2,469)
Total revenues	 2,781,000		2,781,000	 2,802,201		21,201
EXPENDITURES:						
Debt service:						
Principal	2,710,000		2,710,000	2,710,000		-
Interest	 924,900		924,900	924,900		
Total expenditures	 3,634,900		3,634,900	 3,634,900		
Revenues over (under) expenditures	 (853,900)		(853,900)	 (832,699)		21,201
Net change in fund balance	(853,900)		(853,900)	(832,699)		21,201
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	 1,302,284		1,302,284	1,296,097		(6,187)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 448,384	\$	448,384	\$ 463,398	\$	15,014

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON URBAN RENEWAL DEBT SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget					Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES:								
Property taxes	\$	446,200	\$	446,200	\$	518,537	\$	72,337
Miscellaneous		4,000		4,000		2,430		(1,570)
Total revenues		450,200		450,200		520,967		70,767
EXPENDITURES:								
Contingency		100,000		100,000				100,000
Total expenditures		100,000		100,000				100,000
Revenues over (under) expenditures		350,200		350,200		520,967		170,767
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Interfund loan payments		-		-		(187,297)		(187,297) *
Transfers out		(414,374)		(414,374)		(40,221)		374,153 *
Total other financing sources (uses)		(414,374)		(414,374)		(227,518)		186,856
Net change in fund balance		(64,174)		(64,174)		293,449		357,623
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS		219,204		219,204		289,031		69,827
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -								
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	155,030	\$	155,030		582,480	\$	427,450
Interfund loan payable						(1,610,060)		
FUND BALANCE, ENDING					\$	(1,027,580)		

^{*} Appropriated together as transfers out

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			al Nonmajor pital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS:						
Accounts receivable, net	\$	817,898	\$	-	\$	817,898
Restricted cash and investments		6,143,043		2,208,455		8,351,498
Total assets	\$	6,960,941	\$	2,208,455	\$	9,169,396
LIABILITIES:						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	442,070	\$	49,364	\$	491,434
Accrued payroll and other payroll liabilities		30,352		-		30,352
Advances to other funds		174,026		-		174,026
Unearned revenue		2,009,015				2,009,015
Total liabilities		2,655,463		49,364		2,704,827
DEREFFED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Unavailable revenue - other		732				732
Total deferred inflows of resources		732				732
FUND BALANCE:						
Restricted		2,225,609		2,159,091		4,384,700
Committed		152,469		-		152,469
Assigned		1,926,668				1,926,668
Total fund balance		4,304,746		2,159,091		6,463,837
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balance	\$	6,960,941	\$	2,208,455	\$	9,169,396

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES:	Φ 2.022.622	Φ.	Φ 2.022.622
Licenses and permits	\$ 2,923,623	\$ -	\$ 2,923,623
Intergovernmental	2,772,964	401.250	2,772,964
Charges for services	15,480	401,250	416,730
Miscellaneous	30,359	79,146	109,505
Total revenues	5,742,426	480,396	6,222,822
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
General government	1,414,742	-	1,414,742
Public safety	830,045	-	830,045
Highways and streets	2,142,117	-	2,142,117
Culture and recreation	-	50,301	50,301
Community development	704,747	207,774	912,521
Capital outlay:			
Highways and streets	654	-	654
Community development	762	-	762
Debt service:			
Principal	30,333	-	30,333
Interest	6,839		6,839
Total expenditures	5,130,239	258,075	5,388,314
Revenues over (under) expenditures	612,187	222,321	834,508
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
Transfers in	828,306	40,221	868,527
Transfers out	(687,753)		(687,753)
Total other financing sources (uses)	140,553	40,221	180,774
Net change in fund balance	752,740	262,542	1,015,282
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING	3,552,006	1,896,549	5,448,555
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 4,304,746	\$ 2,159,091	\$ 6,463,837

	Afforda Housing l			Transient Lodging Fund		Telecommunicat		Emergency Communications Fund		Street Fund		Building Fund		Total
ASSETS: Accounts receivable, net	s		s	488.087	s	83,351	s	9,278		236,216	s	966	s	817,898
Restricted cash and investments	•	1,500,813		488,087		83,331	•	146,864	\$	2,553,194		1,942,172	2	6,143,043
Total assets	\$	1,500,813	\$	488,087	\$	83,351	\$	156,142	\$	2,789,410	\$	1,943,138	\$	6,960,941
LIABILITIES:														
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	-	\$	337,035	\$	58,019	\$	3,673	\$	37,699	\$	5,644	\$	442,070
Accrued payroll and other payroll liabilities Advances to other funds		-		150,652		23,374		-		17,769		12,583		30,352 174,026
Unearned revenue		1,500,000		130,032		23,374				509,015				2,009,015
Total liabilities		1,500,000		487,687		81,393		3,673		564,483		18,227		2,655,463
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:														
Unavailable revenue - other										531		201		732
Total deferred inflows of resources										531		201		732
FUND BALANCE:														
Restricted		813		400		-		-		2,224,396		-		2,225,609
Committed		-		-		-		152,469		-		-		152,469
Assigned						1,958						1,924,710		1,926,668
Total fund balance		813		400		1,958		152,469		2,224,396		1,924,710		4,304,746
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund														
balance	\$	1,500,813	\$	488,087	\$	83,351	\$	156,142	\$	2,789,410	\$	1,943,138	\$	6,960,941



	Affordable Housing Fund		nsient Lodging Fund	Telecommunicatio ns Fund		
REVENUES:						
Licenses and permits	\$	- \$	1,657,452	\$	244,529	
Intergovernmental		-	-		-	
Charges for services		-	-		-	
Miscellaneous	81:	<u> </u>	675		3	
Total revenues	81:	3	1,658,127		244,532	
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government		-	1,170,213		244,529	
Public safety		-	-		-	
Highways and streets		-	-		-	
Community development		-	-		-	
Capital outlay:						
Highways and streets		-	-		-	
Community development		-	-		-	
Debt service:						
Principal		-	-		-	
Interest						
Total expenditures			1,170,213		244,529	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	81	3	487,914		3	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		-	-		-	
Transfers out	-		(487,753)		<u>-</u>	
Total other financing sources (uses)			(487,753)			
Net change in fund balance	81:	3	161		3	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		<u>-</u>	239		1,955	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 81:	3 \$	400	\$	1,958	

Emergency nmunications					
 Fund	S	Street Fund	Bu	ilding Fund	 Total
\$ 66,037 7,500	\$	27 2,765,311	\$	955,578 153	\$ 2,923,623 2,772,964
15,480 452		16,639		11,777	15,480 30,359
89,469		2,781,977		967,508	 5,742,426
89,409		2,781,977		907,508	 3,742,420
-		-		-	1,414,742
830,045		- 2 142 117		-	830,045
-		2,142,117		- 704,747	2,142,117 704,747
-		-		/04,/4/	/04,/4/
-		654		-	654
-		-		762	762
30,333		_		-	30,333
 6,839					 6,839
 867,217		2,142,771		705,509	 5,130,239
 (777,748)		639,206		261,999	 612,187
819,282		6,016		3,008	828,306
 -		(200,000)		-	 (687,753)
819,282		(193,984)		3,008	 140,553
41,534		445,222		265,007	752,740
110,935		1,779,174		1,659,703	 3,552,006
\$ 152,469	\$	2,224,396	\$	1,924,710	\$ 4,304,746

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET June 30, 2022

	Park Development Fund		Urba	an Renewal Fund	Total
ASSETS:				_	
Restricted cash and investments	\$	2,049,951	\$	158,504	\$ 2,208,455
Total assets	\$	2,049,951	\$	158,504	\$ 2,208,455
LIABILITIES:					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	-	\$	49,364	\$ 49,364
Total liabilities				49,364	49,364
FUND BALANCE:					
Restricted		2,049,951		109,140	 2,159,091
Total fund balance		2,049,951		109,140	 2,159,091
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	2,049,951	\$	158,504	\$ 2,208,455

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Park Development Fund		Urb	Urban Renewal Fund		Total
REVENUES:		_				_
Charges for services	\$	401,250	\$	-	\$	401,250
Miscellaneous		7,726		71,420		79,146
Total revenues		408,976		71,420		480,396
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Culture and recreation		50,301		-		50,301
Community development		-		207,774		207,774
Total expenditures		50,301		207,774		258,075
Revenues over (under) expenditures		358,675		(136,354)		222,321
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in		<u>-</u>		40,221		40,221
Total other financing sources (uses)				40,221		40,221
Net changes in fund balances		358,675		(96,133)		262,542
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		1,691,276		205,273		1,896,549
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$	2,049,951	\$	109,140	\$	2,159,091

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Governmental Budgetary Comparison schedules included the following:

- > Special Revenue Funds
 - Affordable Housing Fund
 - Transient Lodging Fund
 - Telecommunications Fund
 - Emergency Communications Fund
 - Street Fund
 - Building Fund
- Capital Project Fund
 - Park Development Fund
 - Urban Renewal Fund

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON AFFORDABLE HOUSING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		dget				Variance Positive		
	Orig	ginal		Final		ctual	(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	1,500,000	\$	-	\$ (1,500,000)	
Miscellaneous						813	813	
Total revenues				1,500,000		813	(1,499,187)	
EXPENDITURES:								
Community development:								
Materials and services				300,000			300,000	
Total expenditures				300,000			300,000	
Net changes in fund balances		-		1,200,000		813	(1,199,187)	
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING		_		1,200,000			(1,200,000)	
FUND BALANCES, ENDING	\$		\$	2,400,000	\$	813	\$ (2,399,187)	

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON TRANSIENT LODGING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						Variance with		
		Original		Final		Actual		Final Budget	
REVENUES: Licenses and permits Miscellaneous	\$	1,197,000 2,200	\$	1,717,000 2,200	\$	1,657,452 675	\$	(59,548) (1,525)	
Total revenues		1,199,200		1,719,200		1,658,127		(61,073)	
EXPENDITURES: General government:									
Materials and services		818,771		1,181,615		1,139,058		42,557	
Total expenditures		818,771		1,181,615		1,139,058		42,557	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		380,429		537,585		519,069		(18,516)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers out		(380,429)		(537,585)		(518,908)		18,677	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(380,429)		(537,585)		(518,908)		18,677	
Net change in fund balance		-		-		161		161	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS		<u>-</u> .		<u>-</u>		239		239	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	_	\$		\$	400	\$	400	

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON TELECOMMUNICATIONS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget					Variance with	
	Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:	_	,	_		_		
Licenses and permits	\$ 248,000	\$	272,000	\$	244,529	\$	(27,471)
Miscellaneous	 20		20		3		(17)
Total revenues	 248,020		272,020		244,532		(27,488)
EXPENDITURES:							
General government:							
Materials and services	248,000		272,000		244,529		27,471
Contingency	 1,500		1,500				1,500
Total expenditures	 249,500		273,500		244,529		28,971
Net change in fund balance	(1,480)		(1,480)		3		1,483
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	1,947		1,947		1,955		8
	 -					-	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -							
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 467	\$	467	\$	1,958	\$	1,491

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget				A1		Variance with	
	(Original		Final		Actual	Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:		•• ••	Φ.			.	•	
Licenses and permits	\$	23,500	\$	23,500	\$	66,037	\$	42,537
Intergovernmental		7,500		7,500		7,500		-
Charges for services		15,598		15,598		15,480		(118)
Miscellaneous		200		200		452		252
Total revenues		46,798		46,798		89,469		42,671
EXPENDITURES:								
Public safety:								
Materials and services		838,906		838,906		828,514		10,392
Debt service:								
Principal		30,333		30,333		30,333		-
Interest		6,839		6,839		6,839		-
Contingency		45,000		44,898				44,898
Total expenditures		921,078		920,976		865,686		55,290
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(874,280)		(874,178)		(776,217)		97,961
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		819,282		819,282		819,282		_
Transfers out		(1,429)		(1,531)		(1,531)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		817,853		817,751		817,751		
Net change in fund balance		(56,427)		(56,427)		41,534		97,961
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING -								
BUDGETARY BASIS		95,409		95,409		110,935		15,526
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	¢	20.002	¢	20.002	¢	152.460	¢.	112 407
DUDGETAKI DASIS	\$	38,982	\$	38,982	\$	152,469	\$	113,487

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON STREET FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		ıdget		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES:					
Licenses and permits	\$ 50	\$ 50	\$ 27	\$ (23)	
Intergovernmental	2,600,000	2,600,000	2,765,311	165,311	
Miscellaneous	20,000	20,000	16,639	(3,361)	
Total revenues	2,620,050	2,620,050	2,781,977	161,927	
EXPENDITURES:					
Highways and streets:					
Personnel service	964,070	987,570	899,871	87,699	
Materials and services	1,124,934	1,138,059	954,363	183,696	
Capital outlay	53,277	53,277	654	52,623	
Contingency	500,000	500,000		500,000	
Total expenditures	2,642,281	2,678,906	1,854,888	824,018	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(22,231)	(58,856)	927,089	985,945	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	5,777	6,016	6,016	-	
Transfers out	(492,055)	(487,883)	(487,883)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(486,278)	(481,867)	(481,867)		
Net change in fund balance	(508,509)	(540,723)	445,222	985,945	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	1,364,613	1,397,066	1,779,174	382,108	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 856,104	\$ 856,343	\$ 2,224,396	\$ 1,368,053	

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON BUILDING FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

BUDGETARY BASIS

	Bud	get		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES:					
Licenses and permits	\$ 582,000	\$ 582,000	\$ 955,578	\$ 373,578	
Intergovernmental	-	-	153	153	
Miscellaneous	15,000	15,000	11,777	(3,223)	
Total revenues	597,000	597,000	967,508	370,508	
EXPENDITURES:					
Community development					
Personnel service	601,203	603,203	578,379	24,824	
Materials and services	134,039	134,039	93,950	40,089	
Capital outlay	906	906	762	144	
Contingency	75,000	73,405		73,405	
Total expenditures	811,148	811,553	673,091	138,462	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(214,148)	(214,553)	294,417	508,970	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	2,888	3,008	3,008	_	
Transfers out	(29,482)	(32,418)	(32,418)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(26,594)	(29,410)	(29,410)		
Net changes in fund balances	(240,742)	(243,963)	265,007	508,970	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS	1,417,473	1,420,814	1,659,703	238,889	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -					

\$ 1,176,731 \$ 1,176,851 \$ 1,924,710 \$ 747,859

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON PARK DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget						Variance with	
	Oı	riginal		Final	Actual		Fin	al Budget
REVENUES:								
Charges for services	\$	320,000	\$	320,000	\$	401,250	\$	81,250
Miscellaneous		10,308		10,308		7,726		(2,582)
Total revenues		330,308		330,308		408,976		78,668
EXPENDITURES:								
Culture and recreation:								
Materials and services		1,700		1,700		1,395		305
Capital outlay		20,000		20,000		-		20,000
Contingency		500,000		498,129				498,129
Total expenditures		521,700		519,829		1,395		518,434
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(191,392)		(189,521)		407,581		597,102
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(47,035)		(48,906)		(48,906)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(47,035)		(48,906)		(48,906)		
Net change in fund balance	((238,427)		(238,427)		358,675		597,102
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING -								
BUDGETARY BASIS	1	,604,028		1,604,028		1,691,276		87,248
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -								
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 1	,365,601	\$	1,365,601	\$	2,049,951	\$	684,350

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON URBAN RENEWAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget					Variance with	
		Original		Final	 Actual	Fir	nal Budget
REVENUES:							
Miscellaneous	\$	11,650	\$	11,650	\$ 71,420	\$	59,770
Total revenues		11,650		11,650	 71,420		59,770
EXPENDITURES:							
Programs and imporovements:							
Materials and services		320,750		320,750	 161,661		159,089
Total expenditures		320,750		320,750	161,661		159,089
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(309,100)		(309,100)	(90,241)		218,859
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		227,077		227,077	40,221		(186,856)
Transfers out		(46,113)		(46,113)	(46,113)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		180,964		180,964	(5,892)		(186,856)
Net changes in fund balances		(128,136)		(128,136)	(96,133)		32,003
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS		128,136		128,136	205,273		77,137
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	_	\$		\$ 109,140	\$	109,140

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Enterprise Funds

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

Enterprise Budgetary Comparison schedules include the following:

- Wastewater Operations
 - Wastewater Services Fund
 - Wastewater Capital Fund

	Wastewater	Wastewater	Total Wastewater	
	Services Fund	Capital Fund	Operations	
DEVENUEC.				
REVENUES: Intergovernmental	\$ 23,894	\$ -	\$ 23,894	
Charges for services	10,832,680	5 -	10,832,680	
Miscellaneous	5,465	-	5,465	
Interest revenue	10,459	167,315	177,774	
System development charges	-	765,242	765,242	
System development charges		703,242	703,242	
Total revenues	10,872,498	932,557	11,805,055	
EXPENDITURES:				
Wastewater services administration	727,644	_	727,644	
Plant	1,833,226	_	1,833,226	
Environmental services	506,591	_	506,591	
Conveyance systems	529,093	-	529,093	
Non-departmental	633,787	660,830	1,294,617	
Capital outlay	-	2,423,568	2,423,568	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total expenditures	4,230,341	3,084,398	7,314,739	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	6,642,157	(2,151,841)	4,490,316	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Interfund loan proceeds	_	157,632	157,632	
Transfers in	15,039	6,013,407	6,028,446	
Transfers out	(6,436,967)	(211,100)	(6,648,067)	
Tunoleto out	(0,130,307)	(211,100)	(0,010,007)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,421,928)	5,959,939	(461,989)	
Net change in fund balance	220,229	3,808,098	4,028,327	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING -				
BUDGETARY BASIS	3,934,954	36,194,303	40,129,257	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -				
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 4,155,183	\$ 40,002,401	44,157,584	
RECONCILIATION TO NET POSITION - GAAP BASIS				
Interfund loan receivable			567,208	
Capital assets, net			58,081,080	
Lease assets, net			7,002	
Net OPEB asset			45,796	
Deferred outflows related to pensions			897,939	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB			17,743	
Lease payable			(7,031)	
Compensated absences payable			(97,045)	
Net pension liability			(1,444,040)	
Net OPEB liability			(110,935)	
Pension related debt			(162,733)	
Deferred outflows related to pensions			(1,287,724)	
Deferred outflows related to OPEB			(81,104)	
NET POSITION			\$ 100,583,740	

	Bu	dget		Variance with	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
REVENUES:	·				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,894	\$ 23,894	
Charges for services	10,866,328	10,866,328	10,832,680	(33,648)	
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	5,465	4,465	
Interest revenue	20,000	20,000	10,459	(9,541)	
Total revenues	10,887,328	10,887,328	10,872,498	(14,830)	
EXPENDITURES:					
Wastewater services administration	941,350	957,299	727,644	229,655 *	
Plant	1,946,289	1,968,989	1,833,226	135,763 *	
Environmental services	556,528	562,628	506,591	56,037 *	
Conveyance systems	776,794	790,294	529,093	261,201 *	
Non-departmental	612,000	612,000	633,787	(21,787) *	
Contingency	900,000	900,000		900,000	
Total expenditures	5,732,961	5,791,210	4,230,341	1,560,869	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	5,154,367	5,096,118	6,642,157	1,546,039	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Transfers in	14,442	15,039	15,039	-	
Transfers out	(6,428,981)	(6,436,967)	(6,436,967)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,414,539)	(6,421,928)	(6,421,928)		
Net change in fund balance	(1,260,172)	(1,325,810)	220,229	1,546,039	
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING -					
BUDGETARY BASIS	3,600,859	3,667,094	3,934,954	267,860	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING -					
BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 2,340,687	\$ 2,341,284	\$ 4,155,183	\$ 1,813,899	

^{*} Appropriated together as Wastewater Services Program

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON WASTEWATER CAPITAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budget				<u></u>		Variance with	
		Original		Final		Actual	Fi	nal Budget
REVENUES:								
Interest revenue	\$	312,500	\$	312,500	\$	167,315	\$	(145,185)
System development charges		325,000		325,000		765,242		440,242
Total revenues		637,500		637,500		932,557		295,057
EXPENDITURES:								
Wastewater:								
Materials and service		2,979,800		2,982,799		660,830		2,321,969
Capital outlay		11,414,000		11,414,000		2,423,568		8,990,432
Contingency		1,500,000		1,490,748				1,490,748
Total expenditures		15,893,800		15,887,547		3,084,398		12,803,149
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(15,256,300)	((15,250,047)		(2,151,841)		13,098,206
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Interfund loan proceeds		161,621		161,621		157,632		(3,989)
Transfers in		6,013,408		6,013,408		6,013,407		(1)
Transfers out		(204,847)		(211,100)		(211,100)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,970,182		5,963,929		5,959,939		(3,990)
Net change in fund balance		(9,286,118)		(9,286,118)		3,808,098		13,094,216
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING - BUDGETARY BASIS		35,509,802		35,509,802		36,194,303		684,501
FUND BALANCE, ENDING - BUDGETARY BASIS	\$	26,223,684	\$	26,223,684	\$	40,002,401	\$	13,778,717

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES Internal Service Funds

Pursuant to the provisions of Oregon Revised Statute, an individual schedule of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - budget and actual be displayed for each fund where legally adopted budgets are required.

- Combining Schedules Internal Service Funds
- Budgetary Comparison Schedules
 - Informational Systems & Services Fund
 - Insurance Services Fund

	Government	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds				
	Informational Systems & Services Fund	Insurance Services Fund		Total		
ASSETS:						
Current assets:	e 240.525	e 525.500	¢.	705.024		
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net	\$ 249,525 13	\$ 535,509	\$	785,034 13		
Prepaid expenses	10,904	330,156		341,060		
Total current assets	260,442	865,665		1,126,107		
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets, net	420,528	-		420,528		
Net OPEB asset	12,114			12,114		
Total noncurrent assets	432,642			432,642		
Total assets	693,084	865,665		1,558,749		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred outflows related to pensions	237,518	-		237,518		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	4,693			4,693		
Total deferred outflows of resources	242,211			242,211		
Total assets	\$ 935,295	\$ 865,665	\$	1,800,960		
LIABILITIES:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ 40,788	\$ 36,148	\$	76,936		
Accrued payroll and other payroll liabilities	12,347	-		12,347		
Claims payable	-	73,152		73,152		
Pension related liabilities - due in one year	6,776	-		6,776		
Accrued compensated absences	8,430			8,430		
Total current liabilities	68,341	109,300		177,641		
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Accrued compensated absences	42,450	-		42,450		
Net pension liability	381,970	-		381,970		
Net OPEB liability	29,344	-		29,344		
Pension related liabilities	36,619			36,619		
Total noncurrent liabilities	490,383			490,383		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Deferred inflows related to pensions	340,622	-		340,622		
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	21,453			21,453		
Total deferred inflows of resources	362,075			362,075		
NET POSITION:						
Net investment in capital assets	420,528	-		420,528		
Restricted for:				,		
OPEB benefits	12,114	-		12,114		
Unrestricted	(418,146)	756,365		338,219		
Total net position	14,496	756,365		770,861		
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 935,295	\$ 865,665	\$	1,800,960		

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds		
	Informational Systems & Services Fund	Insurance Services Fund	Total
OPERATING REVENUES:	ф	4 1 202 422	0.422.062
Charges for services	\$ 1,231,430	\$ 1,202,433	\$ 2,433,863
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	76,815	57,145	76,815 57,145
Miscenaneous		37,143	37,143
Total operating revenues	1,308,245	1,259,578	2,567,823
OPERATING EXPENSES:			
Personnel service	564,110	-	564,110
Materials and service	693,661	1,183,217	1,876,878
Depreciation/amortization	15,680		15,680
Total operating expenses	1,273,451	1,183,217	2,456,668
Operating income (loss)	34,794	76,361	111,155
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSE):			
Interest income	787	2,130	2,917
Total non-operating income (expenses)	787	2,130	2,917
Net income (loss) before transfers	35,581	78,491	114,072
TRANSFERS:			
Transfers to other funds	-	(140,565)	(140,565)
Net change in fund balance	35,581	(62,074)	(26,493)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING	(21,085)	818,439	797,354
NET POSITION, ENDING	\$ 14,496	\$ 756,365	\$ 770,861

		Governmenta	l Activ	ities - Internal S	Service	Funds
		Fund	Insu	rance Services Fund		Total
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from interfund services provided Cash received from other operating sources - insurance reimbursements Cash paid to employees and others for salaries and benefits Cash paid to suppliers and others	\$	1,314,664 - (530,221) (695,498)	\$	1,235,996 57,145 (1,298,822)	\$	2,550,660 57,145 (530,221) (1,994,320)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		88,945		(5,681)		83,264
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Principal paid on pension-related obligations Transfers to/(from) other funds		(6,331)		(140,565)		(6,331) (140,565)
Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital financing activities		(6,331)		(140,565)		(146,896)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of capital assets		(33,675)		_		(33,675)
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities		(33,675)				(33,675)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received		787		2,130		2,917
Net cash provided by investing activities	-	787		2,130		2,917
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		49,726		(144,116)		(94,390)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING		199,799		679,625		879,424
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ENDING	\$	249,525	\$	535,509	\$	785,034
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating Income Adjustments:	\$	34,794	\$	76,361	\$	111,155
Depreciation and amortization Decrease (increase) in:		15,680		-		15,680
Accounts receivable and due from other funds Prepaids		6,419 (358)		33,563 (15,264)		39,982 (15,622)
Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable Accrued payroll and other payroll liabilities Compensated absences Net other post employment benefits Net pension benefits Other liabilities		(1,479) 3,344 5,747 407 24,391		(25,152) - - - - (75,189)		(26,631) 3,344 5,747 407 24,391 (75,189)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activitie	\$	88,945	\$	(5,681)	\$	83,264

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON INFORMATIONAL SYSTEMS & SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

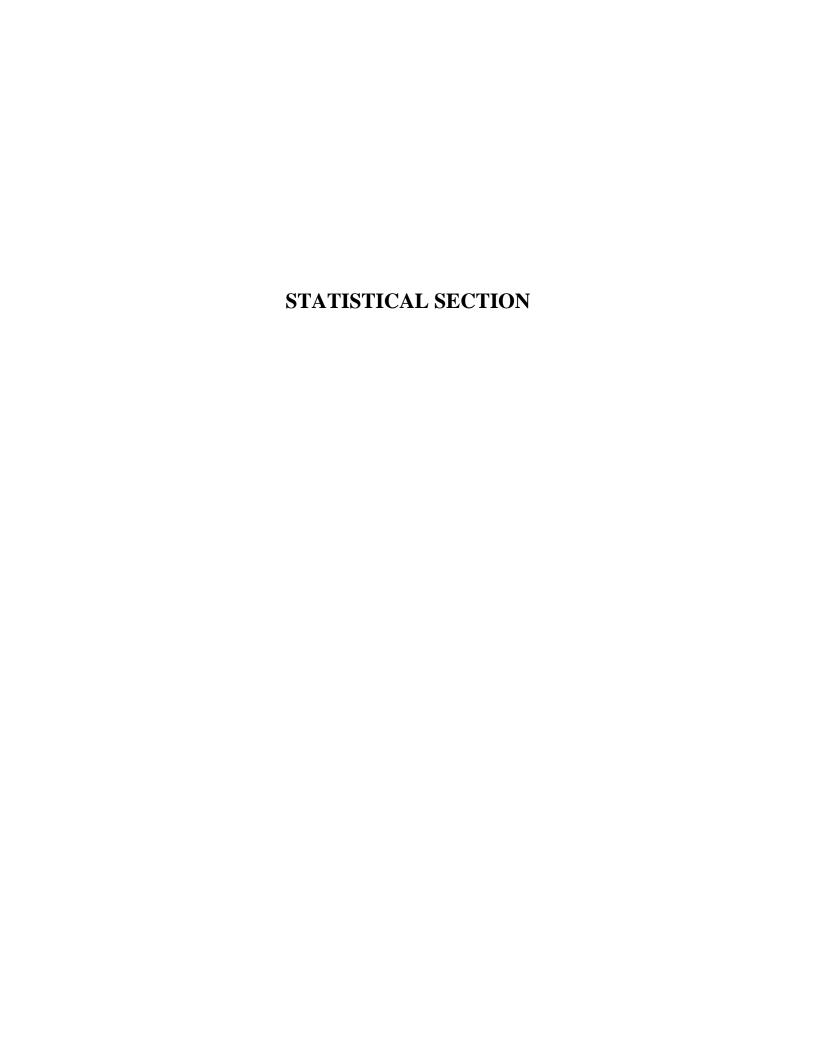
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Buc	dget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
REVENUES:				
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 35,000	\$ 76,815	\$ 41,815
Charges for services	762,310	762,310	683,440	(78,870)
Miscellaneous	2,000	2,000	787	(1,213)
Total revenues	764,310	799,310	761,042	(38,268)
EXPENDITURES:				
Information technology services:				
Personal services	532,039	545,239	539,896	5,343
Material services	698,910	698,910	649,764	49,146
Capital outlay	63,400	98,400	77,572	20,828
Contingency	75,000	61,800	<u> </u>	61,800
Total expenditures	1,369,349	1,404,349	1,267,232	137,117
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(605,039)	(605,039)	(506,190)	98,849
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
Transfers from other funds	532,039	547,990	547,990	
Total other financing sources (uses)	532,039	547,990	547,990	
Net change in fund balance	(73,000)	(57,049)	41,800	98,849
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS	402,010	402,010	165,507	(236,503)
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 329,010	\$ 344,961	207,307	\$ (137,654)
Add (deduct):				
Capital assets, net			420,528	
Net OPEB asset			12,114	
Deferred outflows - pensions			237,518	
Deferred outflows - OPEB			4,693	
Pension Related Debt			(43,395)	
Accrued compensated absence			(50,880)	
Net pension liability			(381,970)	
Net OPEB liability			(29,344)	
Deferred inflows - Pensions			(340,622)	
Deferred inflows - OPEB			(21,453)	
Net Position, full accrual - ending			\$ 14,496	

CITY OF MCMINNVILLE, OREGON INSURANCE SERVICES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For	the	Fiscal	Year	Ended	June	30,	2022

	Bu	lget				Variance Positive
	Original		Final	 Actual	(1	Negative)
REVENUES:	 			 		
Charges for services	\$ 1,291,691	\$	1,291,691	\$ 1,202,433	\$	(89,258)
Miscellaneous	 139,500		139,500	 59,275		(80,225)
Total revenues	 1,431,191		1,431,191	 1,261,708		(169,483)
EXPENDITURES:						
Insurance services:						
Materials and services	1,449,600		1,449,600	1,188,438		261,162
Contingency	 250,000		241,907	 		241,907
Total expenditures	 1,699,600		1,691,507	 1,188,438		503,069
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(268,409)		(260,316)	73,270		333,586
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers to other funds	 (202,440)		(210,533)	 (210,533)		<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (202,440)		(210,533)	 (210,533)		
Net changes in fund balances	(470,849)		(470,849)	(137,263)		333,586
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING BUDGETARY BASIS	922,845		922,845	 966,780		43,935
FUND BALANCE, ENDING BUDGETARY BASIS	\$ 451,996	\$	451,996	829,517	\$	377,521
Add (deduct): Insurance claims payable Net Position, full accrual - endin				\$ (73,152) 756,365		



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)* presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, property tax and sewer charges.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

City of McMinnville

City of McMinnville

City of McMinnville, Oregon

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_	2013	2014 Restated	2015 Restated	2016
Primary Government:					
Governmental activities:					
Invested in capital assets (b)	\$	60,826,806	\$ 59,579,789	\$ 59,688,968	\$ 60,243,871
Restricted (c)		4,139,865	5,932,257	23,156,125	22,841,795
Unrestricted		10,719,116	9,663,248	(11,568,107)	(20,675,519)
Total governmental activities net position (a)	\$	75,685,787	\$ 75,175,294	\$ 71,276,986	\$ 62,410,147
Business-type activities:					
Invested in capital assets	\$	45,568,283	\$ 48,275,891	\$ 55,205,674	\$ 58,125,477
Restricted		178,933	299,781	482,442	437,036
Unrestricted		20,057,090	20,417,335	15,948,799	14,733,277
Total business-type activities net position (a)	\$	65,804,306	\$ 68,993,007	<u>\$ 71,636,915</u>	\$ 73,295,790
Primary government:					
Invested in capital assets	\$	106,395,089	\$ 107,855,680	\$ 114,894,642	\$ 118,369,348
Restricted		4,318,798	6,232,038	23,638,567	23,278,831
Unrestricted (e) (f)		30,776,206	30,080,583	4,380,692	(5,942,242)
Total primary government net position (a)	\$	141,490,093	\$ 144,168,301	\$ 142,913,901	\$ 135,705,937
Component unit:					
Water and Light:					
Invested in capital assets (d)	\$	115,135,213	\$ 118,079,561	\$ 121,446,462	\$ 123,113,177
Restricted		-	-	-	-
Unrestricted (e) (f) (g)		31,952,469	35,154,147	36,515,824	36,415,854
Total component unit	\$	147,087,682	\$ 153,233,708	\$ 157,962,286	\$ 159,529,031

- (a) In fiscal year 2012-13, the City implemented GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*. As a result, net assets have been renamed to net position.
- (b) In fiscal year 2013-14, the City had a restatement to account for a change in accounting principle. The City changed street and sewer infrastructure depreciation from the composite method to the straight line method. This required a restatement of beginning net position of \$3,263,218 for governmental activites.
- (c) In fiscal year 2013-14, the City had a restatement to recognize revenue of \$383,161. Governmental activities net position required a restatement increasing restricted net positions for Highways and Streets by \$155,728 and unrestricted net position by \$227,433.
- (d) In fiscal year 2012-13, the component unit Water & Light included an interfund loan and invested in capital assets. This was corrected in fiscal year 2013-14 with no change to total net position.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

2017	2018 Restated	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 66,165,718	\$ 72,977,099	\$ 75,161,026	\$ 69,862,297	\$ 74,795,521	\$ 78,122,481
16,277,620 (20,166,704)	15,270,498 (18,800,083)	10,997,806 (17,136,984)	11,411,706 (17,176,002)	8,672,824 (20,978,032)	5,119,023 (12,782,231)
\$ 62,276,634	\$ 69,447,514	\$ 69,021,848	\$ 64,098,001	\$ 62,490,313	\$ 70,459,273
\$ 56,791,990	\$ 55,036,414	\$ 56,285,132	\$ 56,189,935	\$ 55,881,180	\$ 57,964,430
707,615 18,380,560	1,132,758 23,260,392	1,094,349 25,027,458	19,122 33,956,973	18,568 38,359,430	45,796 42,573,514
\$ 75,880,165	\$ 79,429,564	\$ 82,406,939	\$ 90,166,030	\$ 94,259,178	\$ 100,583,740
\$ 122,957,708	\$ 128,013,513	\$ 131,446,158	\$ 126,052,232	\$ 130,676,701	\$ 136,086,911
16,985,235 (1,786,144)	16,403,256 4,460,309	12,092,155 7,890,474	11,430,828 16,780,971	8,691,392 17,381,398	5,164,819 29,791,283
\$ 138,156,799	\$ 148,877,078	\$ 151,428,787	\$ 154,264,031	\$ 156,749,491	\$ 171,043,013
* 400 000 440	4.404.770.000	A 400 400 400	* 400 007 070	* 440 045 004	A 447 445 000
\$ 123,366,419	\$ 124,776,038	\$ 128,423,468	\$ 136,687,073 89,267	\$ 140,615,261 60,414	\$ 147,115,398 135,596
40,284,763 \$ 163,651,182	<u>45,312,269</u> \$ 170,088,307	49,459,337 \$ 177,882,805	48,416,227 \$ 185,192,567	51,044,706 \$ 191,720,381	52,015,650 \$ 199,266,644

⁽e) In fiscal year 2014-15, the City and the Department had a restatement of \$11,324,390 and \$4,026,413, respectively, to account for the implementation of GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and to correct an error relating to accounting for transition liability.

⁽f) In fiscal year 2017-18, the City and the Department had a restatement of \$526,351 and \$1,187,975, respectively, to account for the implementation of GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Other post-employment benefits (OPEB).

⁽g) In fiscal year 2019-20, the City and the Department recorded a restricted Net Position to account for OPEB benefits.

City of McMinnville, Oregon Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years

Functions/Programs	 2013	 2014	2015			2016	
Expenses							
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 1,869,910	\$ 2,031,927	\$	2,065,497	\$	7,389,396	
Community development (e)	1,283,292	1,215,961		949,452		1,341,282	
Public safety: (d)							
Police	7,710,365	8,370,060		7,084,384		11,604,781	
Fire	2,534,766	2,537,593		2,048,332		2,766,437	
Highways and streets	3,839,179	2,443,173		2,964,608		4,804,574	
Culture and recreation: (f)							
Parks and recreation	4,074,988	4,113,605		3,810,278		5,103,934	
Library	1,416,283	1,343,265		1,092,515		1,448,885	
Airport	553,974	560,272		692,357		1,147,840	
Interest on long-term debt	 525,129	 484,383		519,917		614,253	
Total governmental activities expenses	 23,807,886	 23,100,239		21,227,340		36,221,382	
Business-type activities:							
Wastewater	5,818,847	5,808,434		5,523,163		7,811,354	
Ambulance (d)	3,395,105	3,508,377		2,868,982		5,125,215	
Building (e)	 277,561	 283,842		225,229		453,557	
Total business-type activities expenses	9,491,513	9,600,653		8,617,374		13,390,126	
Total primary government expenses	\$ 33,299,399	\$ 32,700,892	\$	29,844,714	\$	49,611,508	
Component unit:							
Water and Light	\$ 41,583,845	\$ 43,187,324	\$	42,099,300	\$	44,911,690	

- (a) From fiscal years 2008-09 through 2014-15, transportation system development charges were lower due to a significant drop in construction activity with increases in fiscal years 2010-11, 2014-15, and 2015-16. Prior to 2016-17, systems development charges were included in charges for services. They are now included in capital grants and contributions.
- (b) From fiscal years 2007-08 through 2014-15, developer donations decreased due to a significant drop in construction activity. In 2016-17 and 2017-18 FAA and Oregon Department of Transportation Grant monies of \$3,593,000 and \$641,395 respectivley were received for a Runway Rehabilitation Project at the McMinnville Municipal Airport.
- (c) Beginning in fiscal year 2008-09 and continuing through fiscal year 2015-16, interest revenue decreased due to significantly lower interest rates. For governmental activities, interest revenue increased due to higher interest rates and interest earned on bond proceeds. For business-type activities, interest revenue increased due to higher interest rates.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

_	2017	_	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$	3,233,556	\$	3,103,821	\$	3,952,533	\$	5,012,227	\$	6,994,737	\$	6,324,485
	1,536,152		1,631,905		2,473,857		2,679,541 19,336,814		2,693,877 21,598,458		2,627,751 18,315,116
	9,664,865		9,126,532		11,783,861		.0,000,0		,,,,,,,,		.0,0.0,
	3,155,530		3,135,785		4,341,851						
	3,539,224		3,224,152		3,996,504		5,935,410		4,853,034		3,388,601
							7,446,256		6,269,894		6,052,570
	4,246,590		4,018,893		5,291,479						
	1,581,460		1,466,633		1,980,816						
	598,401		697,787		364,338		629,796		590,187		635,814
	1,229,866		1,028,859		1,274,644		1,075,895		913,854		838,170
	28,785,644		27,434,367		35,459,883		42,115,939		43,914,041		38,182,507
	7.039.396		6.846.447		7,797,715		7,162,265		7,973,136		6,595,608
	4,934,709		4,377,101		6,375,039		7,102,203		1,913,130		0,393,000
	361,604		428,003		786,701		_		-		
	12,335,709	_	11,651,551	_	14,959,455	_	7,162,265	_	7,973,136	_	6,595,608
\$	41,121,353	\$	39,085,918	\$	50,419,338	\$	49,278,204	\$	51,887,177	\$	44,778,115
\$	46,506,252	\$	46,597,185	\$	48,180,704	\$	51,186,359	\$	50,610,016	\$	50,509,633
											(Continued)

(Continued)

⁽d) In fiscal year 2019-20 the Business-type Ambulance Fund was move into the General Fund under the Fire program. The City also decided to stop breaking out separate Public Safety programs in the annual financial report.

⁽e) In fiscal year 2019-20 the Business-type Building Fund was changed to a Special Revenue Fund. The program activities are grouped with the other Community development programs.

⁽f) In fiscal year 2019-20 the City decided to stop breaking out separate Culture and Recreation programs in their annual financial report. Programs were previously broken down by Parks and recreation and Library programs.

City of McMinnville, Oregon Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Functions/Programs		2013	2014			2015		2016
Program revenues								
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General government	\$	477,936	\$	569,633	\$	719,791	\$	1,074,482
Community development (e)		571,421		611,380		743,044		770,042
Public safety: (d)								
Police		905,505		730,264		673,672		751,326
Fire		340,253		347,407		378,028		419,445
Highways and streets (a)		190,481		160,383		344,459		253,342
Culture and recreation: (f)		,		,		, , , ,		,-
Parks and recreation		1,248,255		1,317,763		1,574,113		1,525,952
Library		69,482		45,433		55,294		44,693
Airport		239,436		244,969		247,965		260,293
Operating grants and contributions		2,234,195		2,281,464		2,460,484		2,654,786
Capital grants and contributions (b)		761,169		679,849		1,949,416		2,542,985
Total governmental activities program revenues		7,038,133	_	6,988,545		9,146,266		10,297,346
Business-type activities:	_	1,000,100	_	0,000,010	_	0,110,200	_	10,201,010
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Charges for services:		0 554 456		0.076.224		0.044.404		0.466.540
Wastewater		8,554,156		9,076,321		9,911,181		9,166,543
Ambulance (d)		2,846,540		2,646,881		2,911,613		3,373,134
Building (e)		290,537		390,852		561,441		393,079
Operating grants and contributions		564		27.000		76		-
Capital grants and contributions (b)	_	106,632	_	37,206		377,475		650,082
Total business-type activities program revenues		11,798,429	_	12,151,260	_	13,761,786	_	13,582,838
Total primary government program revenues	\$	18,836,562	\$	19,139,805	\$	22,908,052	\$	23,880,184
Component unit:								
Water and Light:								
Charges for services	\$	43,030,261	\$	44,662,133	\$	44,944,442	\$	45,275,019
Operating grants and contributions	•	-	•	-	•	-		-
Capital grants and contributions		474,900		909,683		1,560,929		974,832
Total component unit program revenues	\$	43,505,161	\$	45,571,816	\$	46,505,371	\$	46,249,851
Net revenue (expense)								
Primary government:								
Governmental activities	\$	(16,769,753)	Ф	(16,111,694)	Ф	(12,081,074)	Ф	(25,924,036)
Business-type activities	Ψ	2,306,916	Ψ	2,550,607	Ψ	5,144,412	Ψ	192,712
	_		_		_		Φ.	,
Total primary government net revenue (expense)	\$	(14,462,837)	<u>\$</u>	(13,561,087)	\$	(6,936,662)	\$	(25,731,324)
Component unit:								
Water and Light	\$	1,921,316	\$	2,384,492	\$	4,406,071	\$	1,338,161

	2017	_	2018	_	2019		2020		2021	_	2022
\$	1,102,898	\$	853,756	\$	1,553,039	\$	1,480,347	\$	2,940,808	\$	3,982,289
	128,813		198,648		199,146		1,090,486 3,923,646		1,121,556 4,287,979		1,425,276 5,068,100
	688,349		451,940		652,721						
	562,245 14		593,475 5,737		728,544 243,182		744,950		470,556		678,038
	14		5,737		243,162		1,485,238		517,447		983,424
	1,116,841		1,449,251		840,295		1, 100,200		017,117		000, 12 1
	38,658		39,914		73,010						
	256,854		313,680		341,479		355,515		353,071		401,744
	2,364,801		3,097,992		3,614,762		1,553,655		1,831,040		1,832,165
	2,686,710	_	6,938,770 13,943,163	_	4,185,240	_	2,418,349 13,052,186	_	1,827,955	_	2,405,178 16,776,214
-	8,946,183		13,943,103	_	12,431,418	_	13,052,166	_	13,350,412	_	10,770,214
	9,323,139		9,775,061		10,316,187		10,460,859		10,988,621		10,826,206
	3,494,130		3,247,282		3,709,176		-		-		
	612,659		832,010		728,107		-		-		
	617,329		- 411,498		- 1,854,802		- 1,483,355		1,074 740,389		23,894 1,836,717
	14,047,257	_	14,265,851	_	16,608,272	_	11,944,214	_	11,730,084	_	12,686,817
\$	22,993,440	\$	28,209,014	\$	29,039,690	\$	24,996,400	\$	25,080,496	\$	29,463,031
Ψ	22,990,440	Ψ	20,209,014	Ψ	29,039,090	Ψ	24,990,400	Ψ	25,000,490	Ψ	29,403,031
\$	46,246,552	\$	46,994,299	\$	47,502,181	\$	50,182,362	\$	50,536,707	\$	50,839,486
	-		-		-		-		-		60,033
_	1,076,976	_	1,660,556	_	2,300,239	_	1,934,815	_	4,244,830	_	2,878,686
\$	47,323,528	\$	48,654,855	\$	49,802,420	\$	52,117,177	\$	54,781,537	\$	53,778,205
\$ ((19,839,461)	\$	(13,491,204)	\$	(23,028,465)	\$	(29,063,753)	\$	(30,563,629)	\$	(21,406,293)
	1,711,548	_	2,614,300		1,648,817	_	4,781,949	_	3,756,948		6,091,209
\$ ((18,127,913)	\$	(10,876,904)	\$	(21,379,648)	\$	(24,281,804)	\$	(26,806,681)	\$	(15,315,084)
· <u>-</u>	_		_		_		_		_	_	_
φ	017.070	φ	2.057.670	φ	1 604 740	φ	020 040	φ	A 474 EQ4	φ	2 260 570
\$	817,276	\$	2,057,670	\$	1,621,716	\$	930,818	\$	4,171,521	\$	3,268,572 (Continued)
											(Continued)

City of McMinnville, Oregon Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Functions/Programs		2013	_	2014		2015		2016
General revenues and other changes in net position								
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
Taxes								
Property taxes	\$	12,145,519	\$	12,457,511	\$	12,937,499	\$	14,751,884
Franchise taxes		2,486,923		2,538,348		2,548,881		2,504,237
Transient lodging taxes		-		235,874		574,911		644,878
Unrestricted state shared revenues		760,551		807,749		834,087		825,156
Unrestricted investment earnings (c)		95,507		97,482		78,040		86,079
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		3,300		1,637		(56,454)		-
Other, net		-		-		-		617,243
Transfers		(239,644)		(537,400)		(389,542)		(1,327,911)
Total governmental activities	_	15,252,156		15,601,201		16,527,422		18,101,566
Business-type activities:								
Unrestricted investment earnings (c)		101,206		100,694		89,688		76,170
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		-		-		-		(50,308)
Other, net		-		-		-		112,390
Transfers		239,644		537,400		389,542		1,327,911
Total business-type activities		340,850		638,094		479,230		1,466,163
Total primary government	\$	15,593,006	\$	16,239,295	\$	17,006,652	\$	19,567,729
Component unit:								
Water and Light:								
Unrestricted investment earnings (c)	\$	182,845	\$	199,400	\$	167,244	\$	264,782
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	·	, -	·	,		(199,620)	·	(913,815)
Timber sales, net of related expenses		3,962,482		2,243,586		3,324,530		2,364,804
Other, net		666,093		1,318,548		1,019,342		1,304,702
Interest expense		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		37,424		(60,735)
Total component unit	\$	4,811,420	\$	3,761,534	\$	4,348,920	\$	2,959,738
Change in net position								
Primary government:								
Governmental activities	\$	(1,517,597)	\$	(510,493)	\$	4,446,348	\$	(7,822,470)
Business-type activities	•	2,647,766	•	3,188,701	·	5,623,642	•	1,658,875
Total primary government	\$	1,130,169	\$	2,678,208	\$	10,069,990	\$	(6,163,595)
Component unit:								
Water and Light	\$	6,732,736	\$	6,146,026	\$	8,754,991	\$	4,297,899

_	2017	2017 2018			2019	_	2020		2021		2022
\$	15,028,217	\$	16,228,026	\$	17,509,832	\$	17,802,972	\$	18,482,619	\$	18,461,342
*	2,420,309	Ψ	2,541,802	Ψ	2,688,775	Ψ	3,543,906	Ψ	4,407,646	Ψ	3,939,329
	691,102		947,467		1,274,661		1,059,160		1,125,340		1,657,452
	913,376		1,114,681		1,428,732		3,706,953		4,142,335		4,192,269
	317,994		377,589		151,605		127,503		34,923		41,798
	- 483,825		- 551,665		- 260,194		- 277,478		- 820,316		766,100
	(715,800)		(713,500)		(711,000)		(2,378,066)		(57,237)		(15,038)
	19,139,023		21,047,730		22,602,799		24,139,906		28,955,942		29,043,252
	157,027		332,672		591,066		575,914		252,670		191,645
	-		22,528		26,492		23,162		26,293		26,670
	715,800		713,500		711,000		2,378,066		57,237		15,038
_	872,827	_	1,068,700	_	1,328,558	_	2,977,142	_	336,200		233,353
\$	20,011,850	\$	22,116,430	\$	23,931,357	\$	27,117,048	\$	29,292,142	\$	29,276,605
\$	469,319	\$	803,958	\$	1,195,165	\$	1,046,203	\$	436,494	\$	344,343
	-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
	1,837,271		2,721,512		3,500,751		3,483,180		590,046		3,067,357
	998,285		2,041,960		1,476,866		1,849,561		1,329,753		865,991
\$	3,304,875	\$	5,567,430	\$	6,172,782	\$	6,378,944	\$	2,356,293	\$	4,277,691
Ψ	0,001,010	Ψ	0,007,100	<u>Ψ</u>	0,172,702	Ψ	0,070,011	Ψ	2,000,200	Ψ	1,277,001
ተ	(700 400)	ው	7 556 500	ው	(ADE 660)	φ	(4 000 047)	φ	(4 607 607)	φ	7 626 050
\$	(700,438) 2,584,375	\$	7,556,526 3,683,000	\$	(425,666) 2,977,375	\$	(4,923,847) 7,759,091	\$	(1,607,687) 4,093,148	\$	7,636,959 6,324,562
\$	1,883,937	\$	11,239,526	\$	2,551,709	\$	2,835,244	\$	2,485,461	\$	13,961,521
<u></u>	, , , -	Ė	<u> </u>	Ė	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Ė	<u> </u>	Ė			· · ·
•	4 400 45 1	_	7.005.400	<u>_</u>	7 70 / 100	_	7 000 700	_	0.507.04:	<u>_</u>	7.540.000
\$	4,122,151	\$	7,625,100	\$	7,794,498	<u>\$</u>	7,309,762	<u>\$</u>	6,527,814	\$	7,546,263

City of McMinnville, Oregon Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	
General Fund:					
Nonspendable	\$ 21,603	\$ 22,722	\$ 22,056	\$ 68,332	
Restricted	-	1,351,766	94,897	-	
Assigned	1,162,639	557,316	593,735	647,141	
Unassigned (b)	7,117,669	8,053,592	7,575,581	6,768,660	
Total General Fund	\$ 8,301,911	\$ 9,985,396	\$ 8,286,269	\$ 7,484,133	
Airport Maintenance Fund:					
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 247	\$ -	
Restricted	-	-	-	-	
Committed (b)	679,749	726,852	824,777	868,723	
Total Airport Maintenance Fund	\$ 679,749	\$ 726,852	\$ 825,024	\$ 868,723	
Transportation Fund: (a)					
Restricted	\$ 1,750,620	\$ 1,900,683	\$ 20,298,178	\$ 17,445,877	
Assigned	-	-	-	-	
Unassigned					
Total Transportation Fund	<u>\$ 1,750,620</u>	\$ 1,900,683	\$ 20,298,178	<u>\$ 17,445,877</u>	
All other governmental funds: (a) (b)					
Nonspendable	\$ 45	\$ 4	\$ 7,920	\$ 4	
Restricted	3,343,808	3,771,285	4,106,209	5,395,914	
Committed	-	262,238	109,721	117,120	
Assigned	1,158,861	814,162	831,013	156,556	
Unassigned				(188,784)	
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 4,502,714	\$ 4,847,689	\$ 5,054,863	\$ 5,480,810	

⁽a) In fiscal year 2014-15 and 2015-16, the Debt Service Fund was included with All Other Governmental Funds and the Transportation Fund was a major fund.

⁽b) In fiscal year 2013-14, the beginning fund balance was restated to reflect a prior period adjustment. Fiscal year 2012-13 Fund balances are restated here for comparison.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

	2017		2018		2019		2020		2021	2022
\$	2,245,416	\$	2,183,574	\$	2,113,747	\$	10,700	\$	20,328	\$ 29,884
	- 673,696		- 606,790		- 655,396		- 711,883		- 786,091	- 833,933
	6,444,745	_	6,179,445		5,813,577		6,602,148		6,006,241	 6,703,907
\$	9,363,857	\$	8,969,809	\$	8,582,720	\$	7,324,731	\$	6,812,660	\$ 7,567,724
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 152
•	-		-		_		562,914	-	552,839	617,091
	635,411		(185,123)		(33,778)				<u> </u>	 <u>-</u>
\$	635,411	\$	(185,123)	\$	(33,778)	\$	562,914	\$	552,839	\$ 617,243
\$	11,576,985	\$	10,370,473	\$	5,699,016	\$	5,803,291	\$	2,930,746	\$ 3,480,963
	-		-		-		-		-	-
	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 -
\$	11,576,985	\$	10,370,473	\$	5,699,016	\$	5,803,291	\$	2,930,746	\$ 3,480,963
\$	45	\$	-	\$	48,793	\$	71,723	\$	-	\$ -
	4,700,635		4,888,829		5,249,997		4,808,850		5,105,854	4,996,856
	136,238		156,197		174,734		39,890		110,935	152,469
	151,909		150,482		146,972		1,646,408		1,661,658	1,926,668
	(836,157)		(1,883,542)	_	(1,848,271)	_	(1,640,797)		(1,473,149)	 (1,027,580)
\$	4,152,670	\$	3,311,966	\$	3,772,225	\$	4,926,074	\$	5,405,298	\$ 6,048,413

City of McMinnville, Oregon Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds **Last Ten Fiscal Years**

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 12,041,594	\$ 12,435,395	\$ 12,866,111	\$ 14,688,381
Special assessments	53,608	59,515	54,328	57,151
Licenses and permits (d)	2,591,208	2,872,975	3,225,701	3,247,694
Intergovernmental (b) (e)	3,626,937	3,683,458	3,846,363	4,340,890
Charges for services	2,729,936	2,854,528	3,613,848	3,327,315
Fines and forfeitures	748,677	608,740	522,900	580,010
Miscellaneous (a)	334,355	358,783	425,410	523,785
Total revenues	22,126,315	22,873,394	24,554,661	26,765,226
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	1,664,094	1,804,140	2,298,268	3,245,287
Community development	1,226,600	1,165,511	1,221,604	1,295,680
Public safety	9,670,602	10,223,535	12,215,631	11,044,821
Highways and streets	1,431,792	1,485,187	1,775,502	3,364,488
Culture and recreation	4,419,442	4,427,361	4,698,934	4,855,542
Airport (b)	242,727	201,804	328,733	784,495
Capital outlay:				
Highways and streets	479,459	527,054	502,116	1,735,138
Culture and recreation	1,621	40,751	410,867	4,650
Debt service:				
Principal	1,075,000	1,070,000	1,173,594	1,600,529
Interest	575,375	535,025	540,023	950,387
Bond refunding (f)	-		32,000	
Total expenditures	20,786,712	21,480,368	25,197,272	28,881,017
Other financing sources (uses):				
Bond proceeds - par/premium (d) (f)	-	-	18,238,688	-
Refunding bonds issued - par/premium (d)	-	-	8,493,436	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent (d)	-	-	(8,414,899)	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	4 270 000	-	-
Proceeds from full faith and credit obligation (c) (e)	4 444 627	1,370,000	4 000 000	-
Transfers from other funds Police vehicles - lease purchase	1,111,637 -	874,500	1,026,200	1,148,148 -
Transfers to other funds	(1,613,737)	(1,411,900)	(1,697,100)	(2,217,148)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(502,100)	832,600	17,646,325	(1,069,000)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 837,503	\$ 2,225,626	\$ 17,003,714	\$ (3,184,791)
Nicolary M. Larrago Pharma				
Non-capital expenditures:	¢ 20 706 742	Ф 24 400 260	¢ 25 407 272	¢ 00 001 017
Total expenditures	\$ 20,786,712	\$ 21,480,368	\$ 25,197,272	\$ 28,881,017
Less: capital asset expenditures	(781,819)	(790,400)	(2,609,978)	(3,554,796)
Non-capital expenditures	\$ 20,004,893	\$ 20,689,968	\$ 22,587,294	\$ 25,326,221
Debt service as a percentage of	0.20/	7 00/	7.60/	10 10/
non-capital expenditures	8.2%	7.8%	7.6%	10.1%

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 15,097,552	\$ 16,165,021	\$ 17,863,899	\$ 17,950,893	\$ 18,515,849	\$ 18,398,075
53,265	59,565	53,718	53,509	52,226	74,910
3,461,315	3,975,367	4,682,788	5,866,434	6,789,542	7,073,169
5,969,106	9,704,144	5,456,340	6,879,753	7,380,330	8,446,441
3,501,405	3,748,962	4,709,392	7,030,008	6,092,162	6,905,099
566,537	638,281	628,167	484,305	370,123	359,948
455,973	1,137,878	1,258,385	1,440,219	801,655	985,573
29,105,153	35,429,218	34,652,689	39,705,121	40,001,887	42,243,215
3,020,757	3,110,103	3,645,620	4,595,959	4,752,138	4,438,920
1,352,798	1,681,015	2,046,261	2,057,368	2,421,371	2,688,141
11,388,862	12,329,098	12,875,329	18,865,896	19,261,197	18,959,483
4,180,581	3,011,186	2,653,285	3,468,228	2,267,850	2,307,312
4,916,702	5,306,436	5,719,811	5,780,644	5,125,062	5,589,466
2,258,610	6,142,718	849,991	601,619	415,914	1,734,862
5,601,383	10,557,967	5,622,190	1,019,558	4,720,958	176,379
142,519	1,141	512,264	661,143	1,200	-
6,025,848	2,889,141	3,065,189	3,248,557	3,349,042	3,355,090
1,153,618	1,289,328	1,398,691	1,315,493	1,223,029	1,136,556
40,041,678	46,318,133	38,388,631	41,614,465	43,537,761	40,386,209
-	8,204,575	-	-	-	-
_	-	_	_	_	_
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-		34,173	30,267
6,101,705	-	-	1,059,139	, -	, -
1,717,161	1,709,953	1,962,551	3,569,845	2,608,256	1,672,782
· · ·	136,045	-	-	-	-
(2,432,961)	(2,423,454)	(2,673,551)	(2,122,814)	(2,022,022)	(1,547,255)
5,385,905	7,627,119	(711,000)	2,506,170	620,407	155,794
\$ (5,550,620)	\$ (3,261,796)	\$ (4,446,942)	\$ 596,826	\$ (2,915,467)	\$ 2,012,800
\$ 40,041,678	\$ 46,318,133	\$ 38,388,631	\$ 41,614,465	\$ 43,537,761	\$ 40,386,209
(9,534,993)	(17,372,112)	(10,427,948)	(3,157,478)	(5,696,959)	(3,554,941)
\$ 30,506,685	\$ 28,946,021	\$ 27,960,683	\$ 38,456,987	\$ 37,840,802	\$ 36,831,268
23.5%	14.4%	16.0%	11.9%	12.1%	12.2%
					(Continued)

City of McMinnville, Oregon Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

- (a) From fiscal year 2008-09 through 2015-16, interest revenue decreased due to significantly lower interest rates.
- (b) During fiscal year 2008-09, 2010-11 and from fiscal years 2015-16 to 2017-18, the City improved runways and taxiways at McMinnville Municipal Airport financed by capital grants of; \$2,570,000, \$1,250,000 and \$7,321,000, respectively, from the Federal Aviation Administration and Oregon Department of Transportation.
- (c) During fiscal year 2012-13, the City received the proceeds from a full faith and credit bank loan to purchase Fire vehicles.
- (d) During fiscal year 2014-15, the 2006 Public Safety Building Bonds were refunded and the City received proceeds from a Transportation Bond.
- (e) During fiscal year 2016-17 and 2019-20, the City received proceeds from full faith and credit bank loans for the Dundee Bypass Project, Urban Renewal Improvements (Alpine Ave), and to refinance the pension-related debt (PERS transition liability), of \$383,545, \$2,192,300 and \$3,525,860 respectively.
- (f) During fiscal year 2017-18, the City received proceeds from a Transportation Bond.



City of McMinnville, Oregon Program Revenues by Functions/Programs

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Functions/Programs		2013		2015	2016	
Tunetioner regrame		20.0	2014			
Primary government:						
Governmental activities:						
General government	\$	635,997	\$ 668,316	\$ 814,832	\$ 1,074,482	
Community development (g)		638,007	666,128	805,423	770,042	
Public safety: (f)						
Police		1,050,176	758,739	857,084	786,951	
Fire		340,253	351,282	381,205	434,106	
Highways and streets (a) (b) (c) (e)		2,504,676	2,573,312	3,889,429	4,058,810	
Culture and recreation: (d) (h)						
Parks and recreation (b)		1,420,302	1,522,760	1,767,924	1,710,213	
Library		209,286	203,039	206,989	204,017	
Airport (c)		239,436	244,969	423,380	824,717	
Total governmental activities		7,038,133	6,988,545	9,146,266	9,863,338	
Business-type activities:						
Wastewater (b)		8,660,788	9,113,527	10,288,656	9,816,625	
Ambulance (f)		2,847,104	2,646,881	2,911,689	3,373,134	
Building (g)		290,537	390,852	561,441	393,079	
Total business-type activities	1	1,798,429	12,151,260	13,761,786	13,582,838	
Total primary government	<u>\$ 1</u>	8,836,562	\$ 19,139,805	\$ 22,908,052	\$ 23,446,176	
Component unit:						
Water and light	<u>\$ 4</u>	3,505,161	\$ 45,571,816	\$ 46,505,371	\$ 45,275,019	

- (a) Highways and streets contributions fluctuate significantly year-to-year depending on when subdivision plans are accepted and recorded and a public street is created
- (b) System Development Charges and subdivision capital contributions fluctuate significantly depending on trends in the construction industry.
- (c) During fiscal year 2010-11 and from fiscal years 2015-16 to 2017-18, the City improved runways and taxiways at McMinnville Municipal Airport financed by capital grants from the Federal Aviation Administration and Oregon Department of Transportation
- (d) During fiscal year 2019-20, the affects of COVID-19 impacted some program revenues for Culture and recreation activities.
- (e) Oregon federal exchange funds for Highways and streets fluctuate significantly from year-to-year depending on the federal funds available and the timing of the reimbursement
- (f) In fiscal year 2019-20 the Business-type Ambulance Fund was move into the General Fund under the Fire program. The City also decided to stop breaking out separate Public Safety programs in the annual financial report.
- (g) In fiscal year 2019-20 the Business-type Building Fund was changed to a Special Revenue Fund The program activities are grouped with the other Community development programs
- (h) In fiscal year 2019-20 the City decided to stop breaking out separate Culture and Recreation programs in their annual financial report. Programs were previously broken down by Parks and recreation and Library programs.

Fiscal \	ear/	Ended	June	30.
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2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 1,125,530		\$ 1,972,840	\$ 2,144,988	\$ 4,115,603	\$ 4,544,624
128,813	198,648	199,146	1,101,821	1,207,657	2,177,941
			4,432,537	4,577,246	5,268,001
693,864		873,325			
581,430	604,240	730,522			
2,728,669	3,040,293	6,052,010	2,009,823	2,273,081	1,742,373
			2,170,366	774,410	1,256,071
1,460,744		1,353,565			
220,229	- , -	248,674			
2,006,904	6,261,816	1,001,336	1,192,651	402,415	1,787,204
8,946,183	13,943,163	12,431,418	13,052,186	13,350,412	16,776,214
9,940,468	10,186,559	12,170,989	11,944,214	11,730,084	12,686,817
3,494,130	3,247,282	3,709,176	-	-	-
612,659	832,010	728,107			
14,047,257	14,265,851	16,608,272	11,944,214	11,730,084	12,686,817
\$ 22,993,440	\$ 28,209,014	\$ 29,039,690	\$ 24,996,400	\$ 25,080,496	\$ 29,463,031
\$ 47,323,528	\$ 48,654,855	\$ 49,802,420	\$ 52,117,177	\$ 54,781,537	\$ 53,778,205

City of McMinnville, Oregon Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, F		Real Property Mobile Home Property			Personal Property			Utilities (a)		
2013	\$	2,044,959,775	\$	33,514,726	\$	80,238,487	\$	40,432,100		
2014		2,079,603,829	·	34,025,542	•	78,234,266	·	41,303,400		
2015		2,152,656,982		29,389,640		82,315,868		40,151,340		
2016		2,297,104,909		33,465,952		80,930,768		38,880,800		
2017		2,324,209,411		34,381,495		84,909,545		44,490,351		
2018		2,425,373,589		35,322,954		81,535,244		41,793,532		
2019		2,470,785,684		46,428,107		83,393,071		33,831,500		
2020		2,591,423,947		49,112,143		93,395,821		33,608,680		
2021		2,788,239,793		51,819,766		110,584,089		39,354,500		
2022		2,938,085,608		53,537,917		110,116,641		42,650,405		

Source: Yamhill County Assessor's Office

Note: Prior to 1998 maximum assessed value equaled estimated real market value. Effective fiscal year 1997-98, with the implementation of Oregon Ballot Measure 50, maximum assessed value was reduced to 1995 estimated real market value less ten percent. Future increases are limited to three percent plus exceptions, which include, but are not limited to, new property and new improvements to property.

- (a) During fiscal year 2012-13, Cascade Steel Rolling Mills, Inc appealed the State Department of Revenue's valuation of its' McMinnville mill. The state agreed to lower the assessed value of the property by approximately \$10 million.
- (b) Excludes tax-exempt property.

					Total Taxable Assessed Value as a
	Total Taxable	Total		Estimated	Percentage of
	Assessed	Direct		Real Market	Estimated Real
	Value (b)	alue (b) Tax Rate		Value	Market Value
φ	2 400 445 000	E GE	Φ	0.767.604.640	70.5
\$	2,199,145,088	5.65	\$	2,767,634,640	79.5
	2,233,167,037	5.72		2,748,715,501	81.2
	2,304,513,830	5.74		2,861,726,286	80.5
	2,450,382,429	6.23		3,119,905,725	78.5
	2,487,990,802	6.18		3,418,882,530	72.8
	2,591,403,059	6.44		3,722,887,719	69.6
	2,634,438,362	6.57		3,930,001,020	67.0
	2,767,540,591	6.43		4,191,800,158	66.0
	2,989,998,148	6.43		4,617,331,941	64.8
	3,144,390,571	6.11		5,072,516,303	62.0

City of McMinnville, Oregon Property Tax Rates of Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

(rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

Fiscal		Direct	Rate						
Year		City of McI	Minnville		Yamhill County				
Ended June 30,	Operating (a)	Debt Service	Urban Renewal	Total Direct	Operating	Debt Service	Total		
2013	5.02	0.63	-	5.65	2.57	-	2.57		
2014	5.02	0.70	-	5.72	2.57	-	2.57		
2015	5.02	0.68	0.04	5.74	2.57	-	2.57		
2016	5.02	1.16	0.05	6.23	2.58	-	2.58		
2017	5.02	1.08	0.07	6.18	2.58	-	2.58		
2018	5.02	1.34	0.08	6.44	2.58	-	2.58		
2019	5.02	1.45	0.10	6.57	2.58	-	2.58		
2020	5.02	1.29	0.12	6.43	2.58	-	2.58		
2021	5.02	1.27	0.14	6.43	2.58	-	2.58		
2022	5.02	0.92	0.17	6.11	2.58	-	2.58		

Source: Yamhill County Assessor's Office

Note: Beginning fiscal year 1997-98, property tax rates are limited by an amendment to Oregon's constitution referred to as the permanent rate limit (Measure 50). Districts can levy a property tax rate every year that is less than or equal to this limit without additional voter approval. Voters can approve bond levies and local option levies in addition to the permanent rate levy.

(a) The City's permanent property tax rate limit established by Measure 50 is \$5.02 per thousand of assessed

(b) Yamhill County Extension Service, Yamhill County Soil & Water District, Willamette Regional Educational Service District, Chemeketa Library and Chemeketa Community College.

Overlapping Rates									
McMinnvil	le School District	No. 40	Other	Direct and					
Operating	Debt Service	Total	Operating & Local Option	Debt Service	Total	Overlapping Rates			
4.15	2.83	6.98	1.08	0.27	1.36	16.55			
4.15	2.72	6.87	1.08	0.23	1.32	16.48			
4.15	2.79	6.94	1.08	0.27	1.35	16.61			
4.15	2.72	6.87	1.08	0.28	1.36	17.04			
4.15	2.74	6.89	1.08	0.28	1.36	17.00			
4.15	2.60	6.75	1.08	0.27	1.35	17.12			
4.15	2.59	6.74	1.08	0.27	1.35	17.24			
4.15	2.60	6.75	1.08	0.26	1.34	17.10			
4.15	2.59	6.74	1.08	0.26	1.34	17.09			
4.15	2.56	6.71	1.08	0.27	1.35	16.75			

City of McMinnville, Oregon Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022				Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013				
			Assessed				Assessed			
Taxpayer	Type of Business		Value	Percentag	ge	Rank	Value	Percentage	<u> </u>	Rank
Cascade Steel Rolling Mills, Inc.	Steel production	\$	82,963,385	2.77	%	1	\$ 66,884,177	3.04	%	1
Willamette Valley Medical Center, LLC (a)	Health care		62,244,748	2.08		2	57,682,955	2.62		2
Brookdale Senior Living INC (c)	Retirement community		21,957,476	0.73		3	17,602,949	0.80		4
Jackson Family Wines INC (d)	Commercial wine producer		16,125,617	0.54		4	-	-		
Lowes Home Improvement Warehouse, Inc.	Home improvement retail store		15,989,084	0.53		5	15,232,530	0.69		5
Lafayette Place Apartments LLC	Residential real estate management		15,507,547	0.52		6	-	-		
March Hare LLC & McMincenter, LLC (e)	Commercial real estate management		14,722,130	0.49		7	-	-		
Winco Foods LLC	Supermarket Chain		13,089,513	0.44		8	-	-		
Northwest Natural Gas Co.	Natural gas distributor		12,694,000	0.42		9	-	-		
Cooperative Regions of Organic Producer	Cooperative of organic family farms		11,405,467	0.38		10	-	-		
McMinnville Properties LLC (b)	Developer/event center		-	-			24,219,936	1.10		3
Comcast Corporation	Cable television		-	-			14,487,200	0.66		6
Frontier Communications	Telephone communication		-	-			12,744,000	0.58		7
NBS-McMinnville Plaza OPCO, LLC (e)	Commercial real estate management		-	-			10,844,382	0.49		8
Air Liquide Industrial U S, LP	Liquid oxygen, nitrogen, argon		-	-			8,506,658	0.39		9
Total principal property tax payers			266,698,967	8.92			228,204,787	10.38		
All other property tax payers			2,723,299,181	91.08			1,970,940,301	89.62		
Total		\$ 2	2,989,998,148	100.00	%		\$ 2,199,145,088	100.00	%	

Source: Yamhill County Assessor's Office

- (a) Willamette Valley Medical Center, LLC is owned by Capella Heathlcare, LLC, but still operates under that name
- (b) A portion of Evergreen Vintage Aircraft Inc. property was aquired by McMinnville Properties LLC, although the property and facilities are the same
- (c) HCP SH ELP1 Properties LLC dba Hillside Senior Living Community & Brookdale Senior Living INC have been aquired by Brookdale Senior Living INC, although the property and facilities are the same
- (d) Jackson Family Wines INC and Jackson Family Wines are independent entities
- (e) NBS-McMinnville Plaza OPCO, LLC has been aquired by March Hare LLC & McMincenter, LLC, although the property and facilities are the same

The 10th ranked principal property tax payer for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 was not available



City of McMinnville, Oregon Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year		Levy	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy				
Ended				Total			Percentage of
<u>June 30,</u>	 Original	Adjustments (a)	_	Adjusted		Amount	Original Levy
2013	\$ 12,457,781	\$ (361,195)	\$	12,096,586	\$	11,539,961	92.6
2014	12,783,321	(338,882)		12,444,439		11,929,188	93.3
2015	13,220,677	(357,861)		12,862,816		12,364,308	93.5
2016	15,205,508	(499,925)		14,705,583		14,194,904	93.4
2017	15,439,224	(452,492)		14,986,732		14,532,891	94.1
2018	16,679,694	(437,197)		16,242,497		15,719,316	94.2
2019	18,016,281	(569,453)		17,446,828		17,048,835	94.6
2020	18,424,097	(556,905)		17,867,191		17,279,827	93.8
2021	19,096,894	(566,787)		18,530,107		18,174,389	95.2
2022	19,096,949	(580,317)		18,516,632		18,140,194	95.0

Source: Yamhill County Assessor's Office (a) Adjustments include discounts, write-offs, cancellations, and interest.

Co	ollections in	 Total Collecti	Total Collections to Date				
Subsequent Years		Amount	Percentage of Adjusted Levy				
\$	530,783	\$ 12,070,744	99.79				
	498,523	12,427,711	99.87				
	498,205	12,862,513	100.00				
	436,940	14,631,844	99.50				
	398,986	14,931,877	99.63				
	379,532	16,098,848	99.12				
	395,727	17,444,562	99.99				
	308,851	17,588,678	98.44				
	172,890	18,347,279	99.01				
	-	18,140,194	97.97				

City of McMinnville, Oregon Sewer Revenue Base by Type of Customer Last Ten Fiscal Years

(in cubic feet)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

Customer Type		2013	_	2014		2015	_	2016
Water consumption (e):								
Residential	\$	75,773,900	\$	75,498,100	\$	75,212,200	\$	75,670,000
Commercial - no average (b)		56,242,500		53,151,400		51,733,900		53,543,500
Commercial - with average (c)	_	7,882,400	_	5,879,700	_	5,727,300		5,824,500
Total	\$	139,898,800	\$	134,529,200	\$	132,673,400	\$	135,038,000
Residential sewer rates: (a)								
Service charge per residential unit	\$	17.05	\$	17.25	\$	17.73	\$	18.60
Volume charge per 100 cubic feet of water used (d) Commercial and industrial sewer rates:		4.77		4.94		5.08		5.22
Service charge per account		17.05		17.25		17.73		18.60
Volume charge per 100 cubic feet of water used		5.89		6.13		6.30		6.48

Sources: McMinnville Water & Light Department and City of McMinnville Engineering Department

- (a) Sewer rates are applied to water consumption amounts to derive sewer revenue.
- (b) Commercial sewer customers that do not have irrigation systems are billed according to actual water usage for all months.
- (c) Commercial sewer customers that have irrigation systems are billed according to actual water usage during the winter months (December - March) and are billed on the previous winter's monthly average water consumption or actual water usage, whichever is less, during the remaining months (April - November).
- (d) Residential sewer customers are billed according to actual water usage during the winter months (December - March). The remaining months (April - November) sewer charges are based on the previous winter's monthly average water consumption or actual water usage whichever is less.
- (e) Water consumption continues to decrease due to various factors includeing conservation measures and rate increases.

_	2017	_	2018	 2019	2020	2021	_	2022
\$	75,912,502	\$	75,958,939	\$ 74,939,700	\$ 75,446,000	\$ 78,915,000	\$	77,790,200
	44,729,900 6,221,000		43,761,700 5,861,500	45,964,700 5,721,100	44,991,500 5,458,100	47,846,400 5,041,800		44,217,400 5,504,100
\$	126,863,402	\$	125,582,139	\$ 126,625,500	\$ 125,895,600	\$ 131,803,200	\$ ^	127,511,700
\$	19.25	\$	20.00	\$ 20.73	\$ 22.38	\$	\$	22.38
	5.36		5.49	5.62	6.07	6.07		6.07
	19.25 6.65		20.00 6.81	20.73 6.96	22.38 7.51	22.38 7.51		22.38 7.51
	0.00		0.01	0.00	7.01	7.01		7.01

City of McMinnville, Oregon Number of Sewer Connections by Customer Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal			
Year		General	
Ended		Service &	
June 30,	Residential	Commercial	Total
			_
2013	11,784	1,164	12,948
2014	12,042	1,097	13,139
2015	12,280	1,157	13,437
2016	12,121	1,083	13,204
2017	12,493	1,113	13,606
2018	12,770	1,151	13,921
2019	12,869	1,158	14,027
2020	13,267	1,152	14,419
2021	13,697	1,172	14,869
2022	13,784	1,166	14,950

Source: McMinnville Water & Light Department

City of McMinnville, Oregon Sewer Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Resid	lential	Commercia	l & Industrial		
Year	Monthly	Rate per	Monthly	Rate per	Total Sewer	
Ended	Base	Additional	Base	Additional	and Septage	Annual
June 30,	Rate	100 cubic feet	Rate	100 cubic feet	Charges	Growth
2013	17.05	4.77	17.05	5.89	\$ 8,233,885	3.00
2014	17.25	4.94	17.25	6.13	8,601,036	4.46
2015	17.73	5.08	17.73	6.30	9,166,951	6.58
2016	18.60	5.22	18.60	6.48	9,166,543	(0.00)
2017	19.25	5.36	19.25	6.65	9,287,932	1.32
2018	20.00	5.49	20.00	6.81	9,764,579	5.13
2019	20.73	5.62	20.73	6.96	10,290,558	5.19
2020	22.38	6.07	22.38	7.51	10,366,710	1.85
2021	22.38	6.07	22.38	7.51	10,925,886	5.39
2022	22.38	6.07	22.38	7.51	10,805,702	(1.10)

Souce: City of McMinnville Engineering Department

Note: Sewer rates are set by City Council taking into consideration the City's Sewer Mater Plan which provides recommendations for future operational and capital needs. In 2015, City Council adopted the updated Watewater System Financial Plan which continues the City's policy of moderate annual rate increases.

City of McMinnville, Oregon Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	General Obligation Bonds	Less Amount Available in Debt Service Fund (a)	Net General Obligation Bonded Debt	Percentage of Estimated Real Market Value (b)	Per Capita (c)
2013	\$ 15,848,203	\$ 1,070,000	\$ 14,778,203	0.53	455
2014	14,734,796	1,105,000	13,629,796	0.50	417
2015	32,140,210	1,525,000	30,615,210	1.07	925
2016	30,333,129	1,850,000	28,483,129	0.91	853
2017	27,761,049	1,228,000	26,533,049	0.78	788
2018	33,216,319	1,268,000	31,948,319	0.86	945
2019	30,363,737	1,474,640	28,889,097	0.74	851
2020	25,085,000	1,109,475	23,975,525	0.57	699
2021	22,360,000	1,083,600	21,276,400	0.46	621
2022	19,650,000	408,575	19,241,425	0.38	n/a

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financia statements (Note III. G).

- (a) Amount of fund balance restricted for principal payments.
- (b) See Schedule of Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Property for estimated real market value data.
- (c) See Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data.
- (d) Includes general bonded debt, other governmental activities debt, and business-type activities debt. In fiscal year 2014-15, the primary government debt was restated from net to gross.
- (e) See Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income data.

n/a - not available

Governmental	Activities Debt	Busi	ness-Type Acti	vities			
			Full Faith		Total	Percentage	
Notes	Capital	Revenue	& Credit	Notes	Primary	of Personal	Per
Payable	Leases	Bonds	Bank Loan	Payable	Government (d)	Income (e)	Capita (c)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,891,742	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,739,945	1.64	\$ 576
1,370,000	-	-	-	-	16,104,796	1.34	492
1,766,095	-	-	-	-	33,906,305	2.60	1,025
3,221,241	-	-	-	-	33,554,370	2.51	1,004
5,563,799	-	-	-	-	35,897,950	2.45	1,066
5,297,484	105,333	-	952,758	-	41,989,239	2.71	1,242
4,960,241	74,621	-	895,092	-	38,524,371	2.39	1,135
5,401,554	370,282	-	817,167	-	34,246,983	2.12	998
5,013,839	285,647	-	186,473	-	32,178,869	1.84	940
4,624,784	196,952	-	162,733	-	28,402,221	1.47	823
	Notes Payable \$ - 1,370,000 1,766,095 3,221,241 5,563,799 5,297,484 4,960,241 5,401,554 5,013,839	Payable Leases \$ - 1,370,000 1,766,095 - 3,221,241 - 5,563,799 - 5,297,484 105,333 4,960,241 74,621 5,401,554 370,282 5,013,839 285,647	Notes Payable Capital Leases Revenue Bonds \$ - \$ - \$ 2,891,742 1,370,000	Notes Payable Capital Leases Revenue Bonds Full Faith & Credit Bank Loan \$ - \$ - \$ 2,891,742 \$ - 1,370,000	Notes Payable Capital Leases Revenue Bonds Full Faith & Credit Bank Loan Notes Payable \$ - \$ 2,891,742 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	Notes Payable Capital Leases Revenue Bonds Full Faith Bank Loan Notes Payable Primary Government (d) \$ - \$ - \$ 2,891,742 \$ - \$ - \$ 18,739,945 1,370,000 16,104,796 1,766,095 33,906,305 3,221,241 33,554,370 5,563,799 35,897,950 5,297,484 105,333 - 952,758 - 41,989,239 4,960,241 74,621 - 895,092 - 38,524,371 5,401,554 370,282 - 817,167 - 34,246,983 5,013,839 285,647 - 186,473 - 32,178,869	Notes Payable Capital Leases Revenue Bonds Full Faith Bank Loan Notes Payable Total Percentage Primary of Personal Income (e) \$ - \$ - \$ 2,891,742 \$ - \$ - \$ 18,739,945 1.64 1,370,000 16,104,796 1.34 1,766,095 33,906,305 2.60 3,221,241 33,554,370 2.51 5,563,799 35,897,950 2.45 5,297,484 105,333 - 952,758 - 41,989,239 2.71 4,960,241 74,621 - 895,092 - 38,524,371 2.39 5,401,554 370,282 - 817,167 - 34,246,983 2.12 5,013,839 285,647 - 186,473 - 32,178,869 1.84

City of McMinnville, Oregon Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt June 30, 2022

Governmental Unit	(Outstanding Debt	Estimateo Percentaç Applicable	je		Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Direct:						
General obligation bonded debt - City	\$	19,650,000	100.00	%	\$	19,650,000
Other governmental activities debt - City	Ψ	8,589,488	100.00	%	Ψ	8,589,488
Total direct debt (b)						28,239,488
Overlapping:						
General obligation bonded debt:						
Chemeketa Community College		38,460,000	6.98			2,684,508
McMinnville School District No. 40		108,355,000	77.66			84,148,493
Other governmental activities debt:						
Chemeketa Community College		86,950,671	6.98			6,069,157
Willamette Education Service District		17,216,922	6.36			1,094,996
Yamhill County		8,337,279	28.47			2,373,623
McMinnville School District No. 40		19,685,000	77.66			15,287,371
Total overlapping debt						111,658,148
Total direct and overlapping debt					\$	139,897,636

Source: Oregon State Treasury Debt Management Division

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

- (a) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using estimated real market values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's estimated real market value within the City's boundaries and dividing it by each governmental unit's total estimated real market value.
- (b) Disclosure notes regarding long-term liabilities include value of compensated absenses. Total direct debt in this table does not, thus the total is different by this amount.

Governmental compensated absense	1,079,216
Business type compensated absense	98,684
	1,177,900



City of McMinnville, Oregon Legal Debt Margin Calculation Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Total estimated real market value	\$ 2,767,634,640	\$ 2,748,715,501	\$ 2,861,726,286	\$ 3,119,905,725
Debt limitation: 3% of estimated real market value	83,029,039	82,461,465	85,851,789	93,597,172
Debt applicable to limitation: Total general obligation bonded debt Less amount available for payment	15,440,000	14,370,000	28,580,000	27,055,000
of general obligation principal	(1,070,000)	(1,105,000)	(1,525,000)	(2,290,000)
Net debt applicable to limitation	14,370,000	13,265,000	27,055,000	24,765,000
Total remaining debt limit	\$ 68,659,039	\$ 69,196,465	\$ 58,796,789	\$ 68,832,172
Total net debt applicable to limitation as a percentage of debt limit	17.31%	16.09%	31.51%	26.46%

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 3,418,882,530	\$ 3,722,887,719	\$ 3,930,001,020	\$ 4,191,800,158	\$ 4,617,331,941	\$ 5,072,516,303
102,566,476	111,686,632	117,900,031	125,754,005	138,519,958	152,175,489
24,765,000	30,275,000	27,720,000	25,085,000	22,360,000	19,650,000
(1,228,300) 23,536,700	(1,267,785) 29,007,215	(1,474,640) 26,245,360	(1,109,475) 23,975,525	(1,083,600) 21,276,400	(408,575) 19,241,425
\$ 79,029,776	\$ 82,679,417	\$ 91,654,671	\$ 101,778,480	\$ 117,243,558	\$ 132,934,064
22.95%	25.97%	22.26%	19.07%	15.36%	12.64%

City of McMinnville, Oregon Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Population	 Personal Income (a)	 Per Capita Personal come (b)	School Enrollment	Unemploym Rate (c)	ent
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019	32,510 32,705 33,080 33,405 33,665 33,810 33,930	\$ 1,139,442,990 1,198,703,660 1,303,054,280 1,335,331,470 1,465,875,095 1,550,053,260 1,611,471,420	\$ 35,049 36,652 39,391 39,974 43,543 45,846 47,494	6,606 6,620 6,734 6,794 6,778 6,764 6,752	8.1 6.6 5.4 5.1 4.5 3.1 3.9	%
2020 2021 2022	34,319 34,251 34,515	1,618,175,169 1,747,760,028 1,926,006,030	47,151 51,028 55,802	6,342 6,345 6,429	11.1 5.3 3.6	

Sources: Population information is provided by Portland State University certified yearly estimates. The current fiscal year population is based on the preliminary Oregon population estimate. Per capita personal income is from Federal Reserve Economic Data. School enrollment is provided by McMinnville School District No. 40, adjusted from the preliminary estimate in the current year to official count in the following year. Unemployment numbers are provided by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

- (a) Personal income is calculated using population and per capita personal income figures.
- (b) Per capital personal income figures are for Yamhill County in total, not just the City of Mcminnville.
- (c) Unemployment numbers prior to fiscal year 2015 were provided by the Oregon Employment Department.

n/a - not available

City of McMinnville, Oregon Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

Fiscal Year End					Ended June 30, 2022 Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 20				
Employer	Type of Business	Number of Employees	Percentage	Rank	Number of Employees	Percentage	Rank		
Employer	Type of Business	Linployees	1 crocmage	Italik	Linployees	1 crocinage	rtant		
McMinnville School District #40	Education	779	5.06 %	1	654	4.84	% 1		
Yamhill County	County government	629	4.09	2	386	2.86	4		
Linfield University (Perviously Linfield College)	Higher education - liberal arts	583	3.79	3	355	2.63	6		
Willamette Valley Medical Center, LLC	Health care	395	2.57	4	545	4.03	2		
Cascade Steel Rolling Mills, Inc.	Steel production	381	2.47	5	442	3.27	3		
City of McMinnville	City government	317	2.06	6	198	1.47	10		
Oregon Mutual Insurance Company	Insurance products and services	219	1.42	7	208	1.54	8		
Meggitt Polymer	Sealing solutions manufacturing	204	1.33	8	225	1.66	7		
Wal-Mart Stores, Inc.	Retail merchandise	198	1.29	9	200	1.48	9		
Betty Lou's Inc (a)	Snack manufacturer	44	0.29	10	-	-			
Evergreen Enterprises, Inc.	Air freight, helicopters, agriculture				381	2.82	5		
Total principal employers		3,749	24.35		3,594	26.59			
All other employers (estimated)		11,647	75.65		9,921	73.41			
Total		15,396	100.00 %)	13,515	100.00	%		

Sources: McMinnville Economic Development Partnership. Total employees is provided by Worksource Oregon Employment Department.

⁽a) Noble Foods Nutrition Inc. acquired the co-packing activities of Betty Lou's, Inc in August of 2020. Co-packing activities continue uninterrupted at the McMinnville facility, and all products manufactured under the Betty Lou's array of brands are now manufactured at a new facility located in McMinnville under the continued ownership of Betty Lou Carrier, the founder.

City of McMinnville, Oregon Construction Activity Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Commercial	and	Industrial (a)	Res	sident	ial (b)
Ended June 30,	Number of Permits		Value	Number of Permits		Value
2013	112	\$	12,025,990	116	\$	12,698,093
2014	141		12,233,453	173		21,608,492
2015	169		27,786,301	189		30,794,301
2016	124		8,342,488	197		29,861,929
2017	160		53,721,846	148		17,227,703
2018	144		67,534,920	168		25,020,298
2019	120		31,043,637	170		55,509,974
2020	99		19,675,592	225		61,702,997
2021	86		38,078,824	123		26,045,607
2022	83		34,000,293	180		47,520,686

Source: City of McMinnville Building Division

- (a) Commercial, industrial, schools, churches, and public buildings; including additions and major repairs.
- (b) Manufactured, single family, duplex homes; and multiple family units. Including additions and major repairs.



City of McMinnville, Oregon Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

Functions/Programs	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Primary government:					
Governmental activities:					
General government	13.38	13.31	13.71	14.11	14.65
Community development (a)	9.60	9.39	9.83	10.54	11.25
Public safety:					
Police:					
Sworn	34.00	37.00	37.00	37.00	41.00
Non-sworn	14.77	11.18	13.39	12.73	13.73
Fire (b)	14.03	14.48	14.47	14.75	15.40
Highways and streets	8.90	8.66	8.68	8.71	7.07
Culture and recreation:					
Parks and recreation:					
Full-time	14.00	14.00	14.00	17.00	17.85
Part-time	28.67	27.94	29.94	27.00	27.59
Library	15.55	15.38	15.52	15.45	15.31
Total governmental activities	152.90	151.34	156.54	157.29	163.85
Business-type activities:					
Wastewater	22.40	20.46	21.46	21.46	20.50
Ambulance (b)	20.46	22.65	22.65	22.95	25.02
Building (a)	2.00	1.90	2.00	3.25	3.75
Total business-type activities	44.86	45.01	46.11	47.66	49.27
Total primary government	197.76	196.35	202.65	204.95	213.12

Source: City of McMinnville Adopted Budgets

⁽a) In fiscal year 2019-20, the Building fund was changed to a Special Revenue Fund and employment FTE is now included under Community development in the Governmental activities section.

⁽b) In fiscal year 2019-20, the Ambulance fund was moved into the General Fund under Fire department and the employment FTE is now incuded under Fire in the Governmental activities section.

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
14.78	15.70	13.80	13.16	17.14
11.57	15.92	21.35	18.91	19.41
41.00	43.00	43.66	43.66	43.66
13.73	13.72	13.72	13.72	13.07
15.57	16.88	43.77	44.22	50.18
8.82	9.01	9.76	9.93	10.04
45.00	47.05	10.45	20.05	10.00
15.00	17.95	19.45	20.05	19.20
30.44	28.03 15.84	28.03	30.92	17.50
15.42		16.78	17.20	18.18
166.33	176.05	210.32	211.77	208.38
21.37	21.34	21.34	21.85	21.96
25.02	25.89	-	-	-
3.75	5.00			
50.14	52.23	21.34	21.85	21.96
216.47	228.28	231.66	233.62	230.34

City of McMinnville, Oregon Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Functions/Programs	2013	2014	2015	2016
Primary government:				
Police:				
Calls for service (a) (c) Crimes: (a)	29,419	29,823	31,047	29,059
Part I Crimes Against Persons	1,251	1,132	1,234	998
Part II Crimes Against Property	2,677	2,418	2,442	2,014
Part III Behavioral Crimes	1,133	1,287	1,364	1,317
Total crimes	5,061	4,837	5,040	4,329
Traffic crashes	235	334	284	373
Traffic citations/warnings	8,522	8,003	8,838	6,038
Fire:				
Self fire inspections conducted	-	-	-	-
On-site fire inspections conducted (f)	512	562	484	375
Fire responses	650	786	856	866
Fire/rescue responses	2,912	2,932	2,996	3,024
Level of insurance service	Class 3	Class 3	Class 3	Class 3
Parks and recreation: (f) Aquatic center attendance:				
General recreation programs	70,500	73,729	84,301	85,715
Fitness classes	70,500 18,586	18,229	19,989	25,790
Swim instruction	16,016	16,862	16,523	15,333
School district #40 programs	4,953	6,454	6,177	
Rental attendance	24,730	18,789	14,794	7,263 12,608
Total attendance	<u>134,785</u>	134,063	141,784	146,709

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
-				
36.284	34.043	31.200	31.727	na
, ,	- ,	- ,	- ,	
1,321	983	1,020	967	na
2,387	2,352	2,559	2,466	na
1,237	1,124	942	1,260	na
4,945	4,459	4,521	na	na
355	281	242	322	na
11,384	9,195	4,095	4,197	na
-	-	-	-	-
				367
				1,458
•				1,937
Class 3	Class 3	Class 3	Class 3	Class 3
62 723	61 682	40.062	1/1 8/15	27,943
				7,623
,		•	•	5,169
			1,7 14	2,053
			9 092	2,033 9,160
				
120,288	121,582	81,670	27,655	51,948
				(Continued)
	36,284 1,321 2,387 1,237 4,945	36,284 34,043 1,321 983 2,387 2,352 1,237 1,124 4,945 4,459 355 281 11,384 9,195	36,284 34,043 31,200 1,321 983 1,020 2,387 2,352 2,559 1,237 1,124 942 4,945 4,459 4,521 355 281 242 11,384 9,195 4,095	36,284 34,043 31,200 31,727 1,321 983 1,020 967 2,387 2,352 2,559 2,466 1,237 1,124 942 1,260 4,945 4,459 4,521 na 355 281 242 322 11,384 9,195 4,095 4,197

City of McMinnville, Oregon Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Functions/Programs	2013	2014	2015	2016
Community center and recreation programs:	0.550	0.000	0.054	4.040
Facility reservations	2,559	2,698	2,051	1,848
Children's programs (children per session):	200	00.4	4.40	4.47
Kids on the block (after school)	682	694	449	447
STARS (summer)	55	62	65	65
Community Center Programs (per year) (d)	,	,	,	0.444
Youth Programs	n/a	n/a	n/a	2,144
Adult Programs	n/a	n/a	n/a	392
Community Center Drop-In Participants (e)	n/a	n/a	n/a	5,941
Community Center / Library Programs				
Summer Fun				
Participants				
Programs				
Recreational sports:				
Soccer:	4.00=	4.004	4 000	4 000
Participants –	1,837	1,694	1,683	1,606
Teams	147	140	173	155
Matches	787	730	824	780
Baseball/softball:				
Participants _	1,162	1,042	1,120	1,100
Teams	91	83	93	97
Games	600	506	535	513
Other sports:				
Participants	492	554	598	615
Games/matches	331	346	357	333
Senior center:				
Attendance (b)	29,001	27,779	27,610	28,558
Facility rentals	269	194	203	212
Senior meals served	24,574	27,997	19,920	23,164
Day trips taken	19	19	15	18
Day trip attendance	207	265	221	249
Overnight trips taken	11	12	6	8
Overnight trip attendance	69	37	34	18
Park maintenance:				
Picnic reservations (a)	155	154	160	160
Library:				
Items circulated	352,211	351,672	359,093	384,347
Items in collecitons / resources	136,629	87,995	142,904	152,121
Service hours per week	45	45	45	45

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
2,796	2,595	2,992	2,184	141	902
407	373	295	271	_	_
71	75	76	28	38	38
3,313	4,091	4,071	2,626	999	2,047
423	392	238	227	83	259
7,215	9,026	7,379	6,080	36	2,424
					3,921
					90
4.004	4 555	4 400	755	004	4.040
1,634	1,555	1,439	755 70	821	1,349
158	150	142	70	88	120
731	748	683	352	320	476
950	978	1,096	-	708	878
78	82	93	-	54	69
427	437	568	-	227	280
571	492	532	514	_	420
305	254	297	257	-	109
30,866	33,400	34,006	22,561	1,867	5,711
190	175	177	119	2	28
24,801	24,818	27,291	4,690	-	-
11	10	11	6	-	-
153	131	153	93	-	-
5	2	-	1	-	-
10	5	-	2	-	-
179	180	138	85	-	39
371,872	360,300	374,451	349,347	318,249	323,062
160,363	162,807	168,595	222,060	230,218	217,618
45	45	50	50	35	35
.0	.5		20	20	(Continued)
					. ,

City of McMinnville, Oregon Operating Indicators by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Functions/Programs	2013	2014	2015	2016
Dublic Warter				
Public Works: Building division:				
Building permits issued	201	282	270	261
Plumbing permits issued	243	275	184	233
Mechanical permits issued	173	232	245	301
Demolition permits issued	12	4	6	10
Fire life safety permits issued	29	40	60	37
Miscellaneous permits issued	26	44	44	56
Manufactured home permits issued	2	8	21	15
Total permits issued	686	885	830	913
Wastewater Services:				
Daily average treatment in gallons	2,740,000	3,240,000	2,950,000	3,310,000
Service connections:				
Residential	11,784	12,042	12,280	12,121
General services/commercial	1,164	1,097	1,157	1,083
Ambulance:				
Emergency Medical Service (EMS) calls	5,795	5,879	6,211	7,248
EMS patients transported	4,388	4,385	4,546	5,156
Component unit:				
Water and light:				
Water system:				
Daily average consumption in gallons	5,020,000	4,500,000	4,700,000	4,800,000
Service connections:				
Residential	12,006	12,192	12,431	12,238
General services/commercial	1,485	1,511	1,551	1,475
Electric system:				
Туре	public power	public power	public power	public power
Service connections:				
Residential	13,160	13,260	13,526	13,616
General services/small industrial	2,206	2,189	2,002	2,293
Large industrial	2	2	2	2

Source: City of McMinnville departments

- (a) Calendar year
- (b) Senior Center established an attendance tracking system in fiscal year 2011-12. Previous years attendence is estimated.
- (c) Beginning in 2016, the Community Center started tracking programs for youth, adults and general drop-in participants.
- (d) Beginning in 2017-18, the Community Center started hosting the Senior Center Fitness program and classes.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
250	358	349	349	238	289
227	246	238	296	303	336
309	310	302	388	517	533
15	17	4	7	11	1
43	49	28	25	46	54
43	67	52	50	60	66
5	5	5	7	5	4
892	1,052	978	1,122	1,180	1,283
2,758,000	2,735,000	4,160,000	2,830,000	2,800,000	3,140,000
2,700,000	2,700,000	4,100,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	0,140,000
12,493	12,770	12,869	13,267	13,697	13,784
1,113	1,151	1,158	1,152	1,172	1,166
7.000	7.000	6.400	6 206	7 007	7 704
7,028 5,234	7,000 4,902	6,423 4,753	6,296 4,440	7,337 4,873	7,781 4,811
5,234	4,902	4,755	4,440	4,073	4,011
4,300,000	4,500,000	4,500,000	3,900,000	4,500,000	4,700,000
12,619	12,882	13,021	13,268	13,702	13,929
1,479	1,542	1,628	1,592	1,701	1,685
nublic nower	nublic newer	nublic newer	nublic neuver	nublic nower	nublic nower
public power					
13,807	13,909	14,084	14,560	14,733	14,849
2,224	2,247	2,254	2,282	2,321	2,322
2	2	2	2	2	2

⁽e) During fiscal years 2019-21, the affects of COVID-19 impacted some programs and seincluding On-site fire inspections. Most parks and recreation programs and facilities were closed beginning March 15th 2020 through the end of the 2020 fiscal year, some programs are still closed at the end of the 2021 fiscal year.

⁽f) During fiscal years 2019-21, the affects of COVID-19 impacted the partnership program with the McMinnville School District #40 such as KOB.

n/a - not available

City of McMinnville, Oregon Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Functions/Programs	2013	2014	2015	2016
Primary government:				
General government:				
Computers - desktops and laptops (e)	267	285	280	285
Computers - physical servers	17	17	17	12
Police:				
Station	1	1	1	1
Off-site evidence facility	1	1	1	1
Training facility	1	1	1	1
Patrol units	14	14	15	15
Command vehicle	2	2	2	2
Motorcycles	2	2	2	2
Fire:				
Stations	2	2	2	2
Training facility	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	16	16	16	16
Highways and streets:				
Miles of streets	103	103	104	104
Miles of storm drain sewers	76	76	77	77
Number of street lights	2,684	2,679	2,679	2,679
Parks and recreation:				
Aquatic center	1	1	1	1
Community center	1	1	1	1
Senior citizen center	1	1	1	1
Parks:				
Neighborhood parks (a)	3	3	3	3
Community parks	5	5	5	5
Linear park	2	2	2	2
Mini parks and play lots	7	7	7	7
Nature parks	2	2	2	2
Special use park	1	1	1	1
Greenway/greenspaces	15	15	15	15
Park system acreage (a)	353	353	357	357
Tennis courts (c)	4	4	4	4
Pickleball courts (c)	-	-	-	-
Baseball/softball fields	11	11	11	11
Soccer fields	11	11	11	11
Outdoor basketball courts	8	8	8	8
Skate parks	2	2	2	2
Library:				
Facility	1	1	1	1
Bookmobile	1	1	1	1

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
291	290	290	327	329	323
12	12	12	11	8	8
1	1	1	1	1	1
1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
15	15	16	16	17	17
2	2	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	2	2
1 16	1 16	1 16	1 16	1 16	1 16
.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
104	105	107	108	108	109
78	79	83	84	85	86
2,697	2,719	2,762	2,816	2,841	2,946
1	1	1	1	1	1
1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
3	3	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5
2	2	2	2	2	2
7 2	7 2	7 2	7 2	7 2	7 2
1	1	1	1	1	1
15	15	15	15	15	15
357 4	357 2	357 2	357 2	357 2	357 2
-	6	6	6	6	6
11	11	11	11	11	11
11 8	11 8	11 8	11 8	11 8	11 8
2	2	2	2	2	8 2
	_				
1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1

City of McMinnville, Oregon Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

Functions/Programs	2013	2014	2015	2016
Primary government (continued):				
Airport:	0	0	0	0
Runways	2	2	2	2
Runway 04/22: 100 ft x 5420 ft with 1,000 ft asphalt sto	opway (d)			
Runway 17/35: 75 ft x 4394 ft	•			•
Connecting taxiways	2	2	2	2
Automated weather station	1	1	1	1
Instrument landing system (ILS)	1	1	1	1
Precision approach path indicator (PAPI)	2	2	2	2
City owned hangars:	_	_	_	_
Maintenance	2	2	2	2
Rental	27	27	27	27
Land leased hangars:				
Private	84	84	84	84
Corporate	2	2	2	2
Wastewater Services:				
Treatment plant	1	1	1	1
Maximum daily capacity of treatment plant	•	•	'	•
in gallons	5,600,000	5,600,000	5,600,000	5,600,000
Miles of sanitary sewers	152	153	155	155
Miles of Santary Sewers	102	100	100	100
Ambulance:				
Vehicles	5	5	6	6
Component unit:				
Water and light:				
Water system:				
Maximum daily capacity of plant in gallons (b)	22,000,000	22,000,000	22,000,000	22,000,000
Watershed storage in billions of gallons	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
Miles of water mains	172	175	176	177
Fire hydrants	1,024	1,044	1,055	1,061
Electric system:	1,024	1,044	1,000	1,001
Substations	7	7	7	7
Miles of distribution	323	325	326	329
MIIICO OI GIOGI IDGUIOTI	020	020	520	329

Source: City of McMinnville departments

- (a) In fiscal year 2014-15, NW Neighborhood (Jay Pearson) park land was purchased.
- (b) In fiscal year 2017-18, six pickleball courts replaced two tennis courts in lower city park.
- (c) During fiscal years 2016-17 through 2017-18 a rehabilitation project of Runway 04/22 was in place. The Runway's dimensions prior to 2016-17 was 150 ft x 5420 ft with a 1,000 ft asphalt stopway.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
2	2	2	2	2	2
2	2	2	2	2	2
1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1
2	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2
27	27	27	27	27	27
84	84	84	84	84	84
2	2	2	3	3	3
1	1	1	1	1	1
6,100,000	6,100,000	6,100,000	6,100,000	6,100,000	6,100,000
156	157	157	157	157	162
7	7	6	6	6	6
22,000,000	22,000,000	22,000,000	22,000,000	22,000,000	22,000,000
3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5	3.5
177	178	179	181	183	184
1,068	1,068	1,106	1,115	1,127	1,132
7	7	7	7	7	7
332	331	333	330	332	334

⁽e) During fiscal year 2019-20, the affects of COVID-19 impacted the ability for most employees to work from their designated office space. This created an increase in the number of mobile workstations in use by the City to facilitate remote work environments. n/a - not available





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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OREGON STATE REGULATION

The Honorable Mayor, City Council, and Audit Committee City of McMinnville, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of City of McMinnville, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and have issued our report thereon dated December 29, 2022. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minimum Standards* of Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, prescribed by the Secretary of State and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the following discretely presented component unit McMinnville Water and Light Department, as described in our report on the City of McMinnville, Oregon's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of McMinnville, Oregon's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) as specified in the Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-0000 through 162-10-0330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, as set forth below, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we consider necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to, the following:

- Deposits of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions, and repayments.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds. (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, and 279C).
- Accountability for collecting or receiving money by elected officials. The City does not have any elected officials collecting or receiving money.

In connection with our testing, nothing came to our attention or the attention of the other auditors that caused us to believe the City was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in the Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-0000 through 162-10-0330 of the *Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*.

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of McMinnville, Oregon's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of McMinnville, Oregon's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of McMinnville, Oregon's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we and the other auditors did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Minimum Standards of Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations*, prescribed by the Secretary of State, in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

For Merina+Co Tualatin, Oregon

December 29, 2022