





FIRST and FOREMOST:

Planning for growth is all about planning for people – how they will live and work in the future.



SECOND:

It is impactful for more than twenty years.

What happens in the next twenty years will impact future generations far past twenty years.

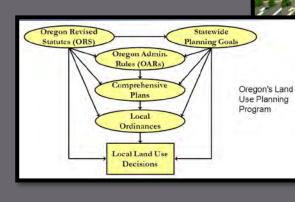




THIRD:

<u>It is required by state law.</u>

For good reasons.



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Developmen

Commission

JOINT CC/BOC MEETING, 08.21.19



STATEWIDE

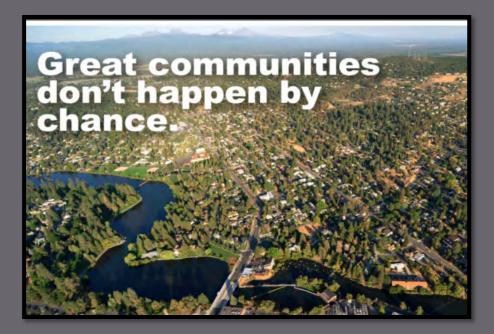
GOALS AND GUIDELINES

Adopted by the Land Conservation & Development Con

THIRD:

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For good reasons.





FOURTH:

It is about balance.

- Balancing priorities.
- Balancing agendas.
- Balancing near-term needs and long-term opportunities.
- Balancing aspirational goals and cautiousness.

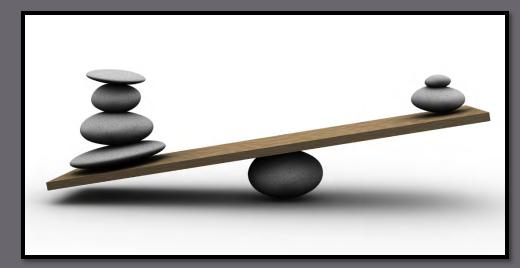






FOURTH:

When it is out of balance it is unfairly weighted in one direction.







IT IS ABOUT MCMINNVILLE'S FUTURE

The decision making filter should be about what is best for McMinnville– BOTH CURRENT AND FUTURE RESIDENTS.





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ORS provides the checks and balances for the state land use goals.

Local decisions should be filtered through a local lens.







TODAY'S DISCUSSION

How will McMinnville accommodate . . .

12,739 new people by 2041

<u>28,045</u> new people by 2067





TODAY'S DISCUSSION

How will McMinnville accommodate . . .

5,002 new homes by 2041

<u>11,012</u> new homes by 2067



TODAY'S DISCUSSION

2041	12,739 people	5,002 Homes		
2067	28,045 People	11,012 Homes		

- 1) Review History of Growth Discussion
- 2) Review draft Buildable Lands Inventory
- 3) Review draft Housing Needs Analysis
- 4) Review draft Housing Strategy
- 5) Discuss Next Steps



STANDARD UGB PROCESS

<u>Step 1: Land Inventory</u> Buildable Lands Inventory (BLI) for Housing & Employment Lands

<u>Step 2: Determine Needs</u> Housing Needs Analysis (HNA) & Economic Opportunities Analysis (EOA)

Step 3: Compare Needs with Inventory If inadequate development capacity within UGB, amend plans and potentially expand UGB <u>Step 4: Analyze Development</u> <u>Capacity within UGB</u> Cities that were recently successful in expanding UGBs (Bend, Grants Pass) have adopted efficiency measures

<u>Step 5: Evaluate Land for UGB</u> <u>Expansion</u> Create study area, and exclude lands if impracticable to develop

<u>Step 6: Evaluate Land in Study Area</u> <u>for Inclusion in UGB</u> Apply priorities to land, and identify suitable lands for inclusion



MCMINNVILLE UGB HISTORY

1981: Adopted UGB for 1980-2000 Planning Period

- **1993-1995:** Residential inventory/projections
- **1994-1995:** Commercial land inventory and projection
- □ 1995-1997: HB 2709 retrofit to Residential inventory and needs
- **1999:** Community Growth and Land Use Analysis project
- **2000-2002:** Residential BLI, adoption, DLCD appeal, LUBA remand
- **2001-2003:** Economic Opportunities Analysis
- 2002-2003: Additional local review produced the McMinnville Growth Management and Urbanization Plan adopted in 2003
- **2003-2013:** Continued defense of Growth and Expansion plan
- **2013:** Remand by Oregon Circuit Court of Appeals
- **2013:** Repeal and "unwinding" of prior UGB work from Comp Plan and Zoning Ordinance

RESULTS OF EFFORTS

- 2000 Conducted Analysis for 2003-2023 Planning Period
- Concluded a need to expand the UGB by 1,188 gross acres.

890 Buildable Acres537 to meet identified housing needs.

- Court of Appeals ruling only 217 acres of rural residential exception lands could be brought into the UGB.
- City did not justify the selection of high value farmland land over other exeptions lands adjacent to the existing UGB.



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JOINT CC/BOC MEETING, 08.21.19

Results:

City left in a deficit of 673 acres, including 320 acres of residential land.



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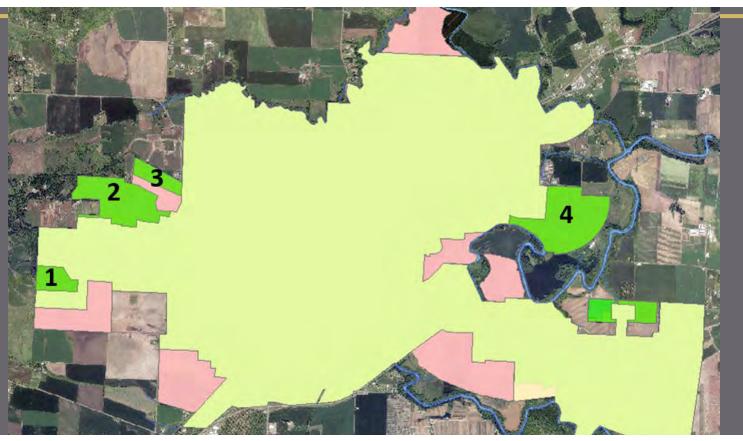
Costs: \$1,000,000 Thousands of hours of staff time.





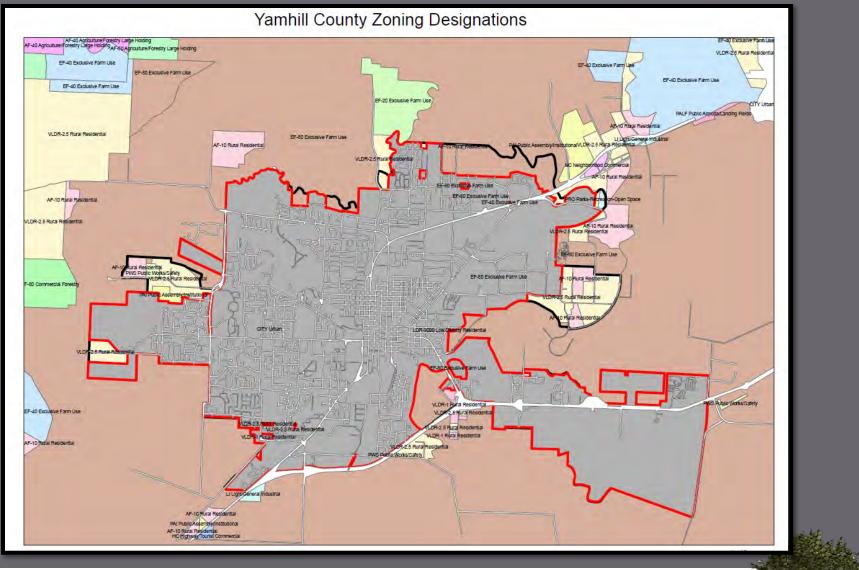
UGB to Meet Needs 2003-2023,

 \sim 217 total buildable residential acres added of 890 buildable residential acres needed

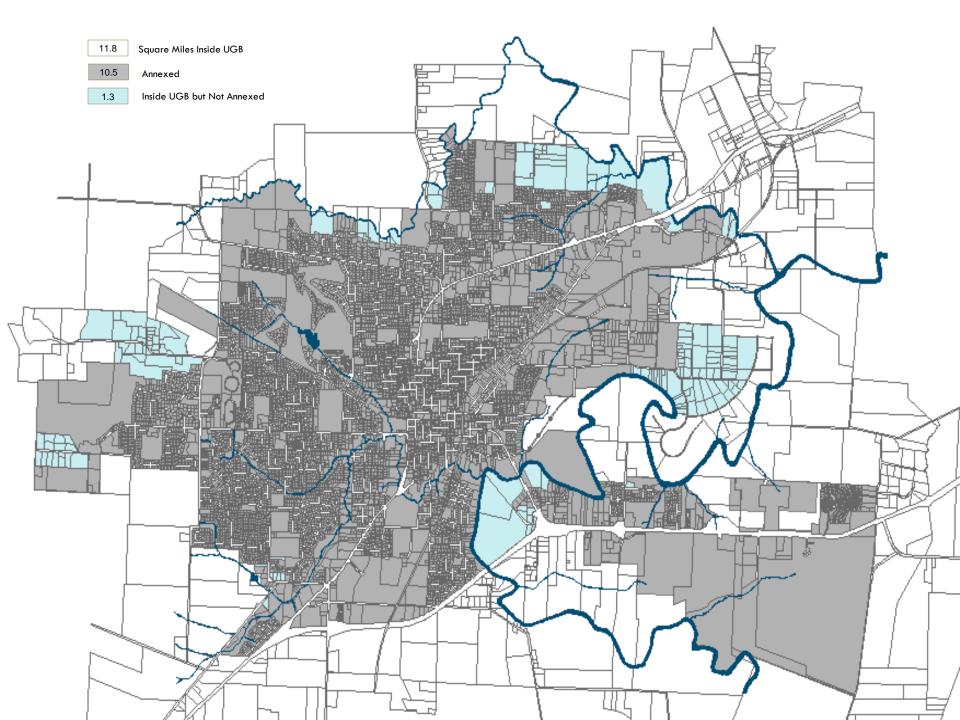


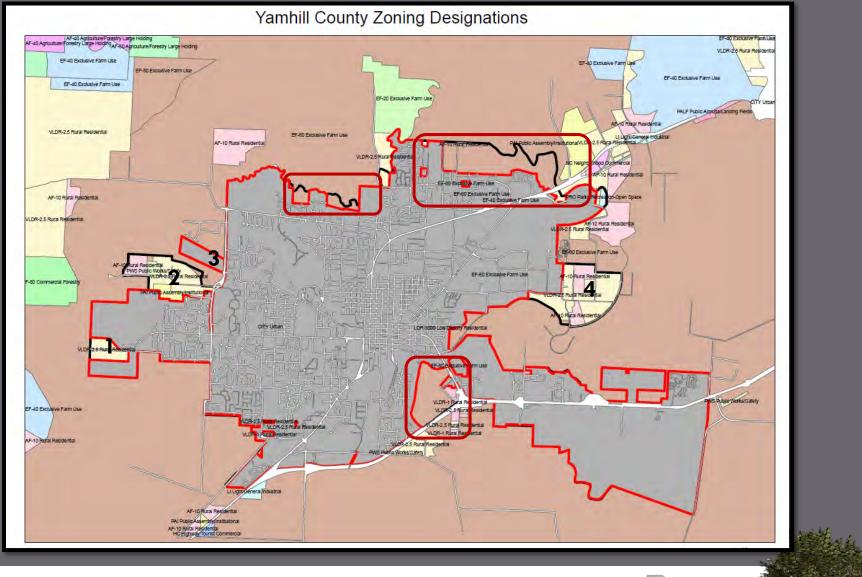
Current UGB = Yellow + Green (Green added to UGB, numbered have res. plan designations) Not added to UGB = Red





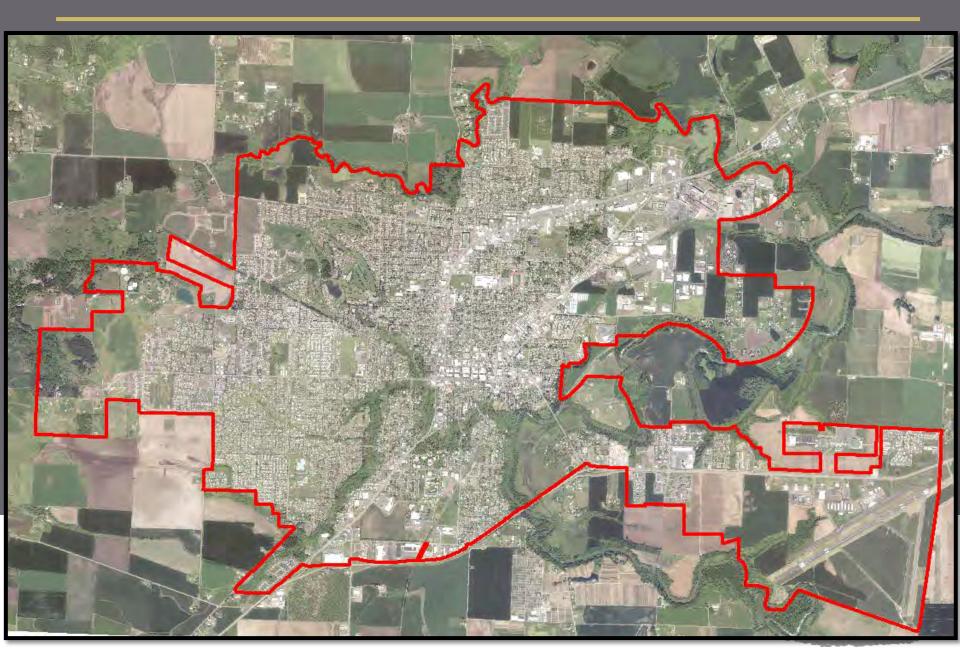








URBAN GROWTH BOUNDARY



TODAY'S DISCUSSION	2041	12,739 people	5,002 Homes
ICP Amonda Since 1096	2067	28,045 People	11,012 Homes

UGB Amendments Since 1986

1986	Joe Dancer Park	76 Acres
1989	Evergreen Campus	1 Acres
2004	Evergreen Campus	35 Acres
2005	Future McMinnville School	42 Acres
2011	Rural Exception Land	217 Acres
TOTAL		371 Acres



TODAY'S DISCUSSION	2041	46,549	12,739 People
UGB Amendments Since 1986	2067	62,804	28,045 People

1986	Joe Dancer Park	76 Acres
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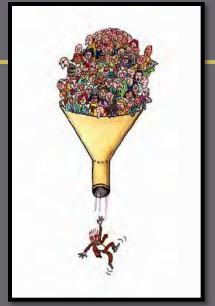
In that same time, the population grew from 15,460 to 33,810 people, an increase of more than 225%. UGB increased by 6%



WHERE DOES THAT LEAVE US?

LAND SUPPLY IS CONSTRAINED:

- Higher Land Costs
- Lack of Affordable Housing Opportunities
- Lack of Overall Housing Opportunities
- Loss of Economic Opportunities
- Falsely Constrained Population Growth
- More Population Growth in Unincorporated County
- Deficit in Tax Revenue to Fund Public LOS
- Infill in a Vacuum
- Pressure to Efficiently Use Land w/out Long-Term Consideration
- Paralysis to Move Forward





NEEDS: AFFORDABLE HOUSING

Median Household Income: \$55,440

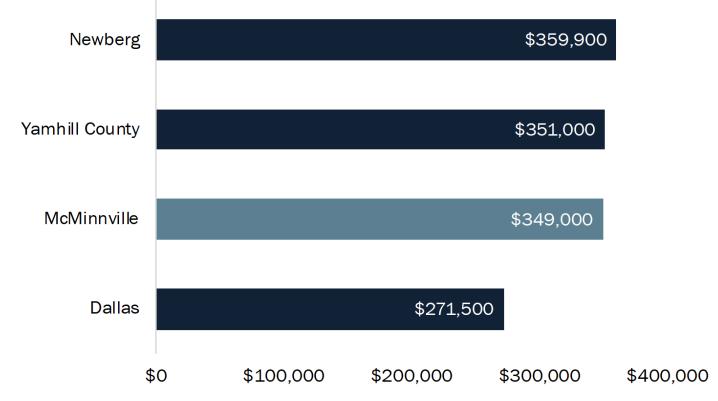
Median Listed Home Price = \$377,450 Median Price of Home Sold = \$317,000

Average rent for an apartment = \$1113 Two bedroom apartment rates = \$1048

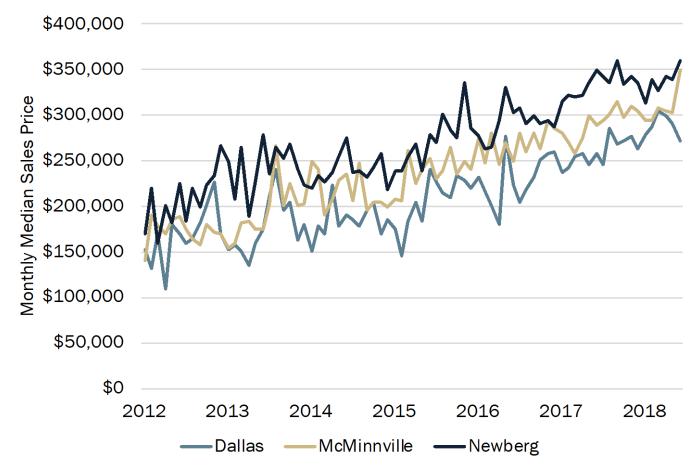




Median Sales Price (single-family), 2018

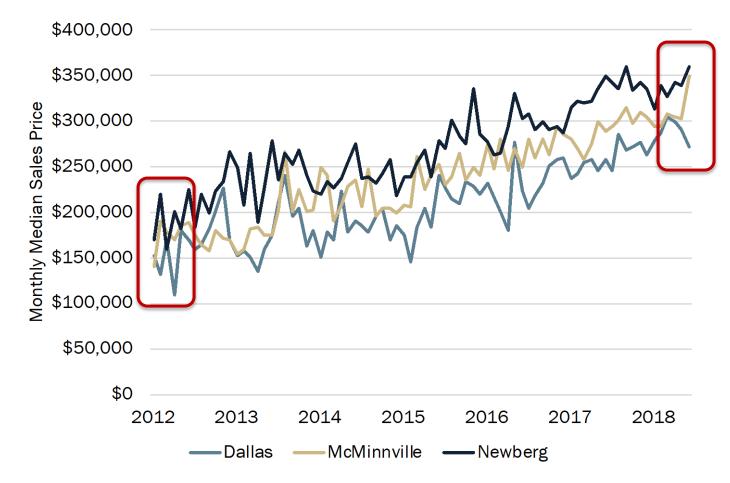


Median Sales Price, 2012 to 2018

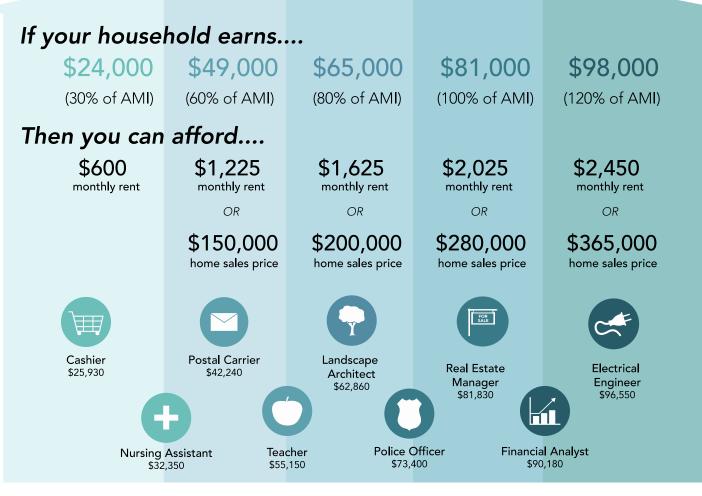


Source: Redfin.

Median Sales Price, 2012 to 2018

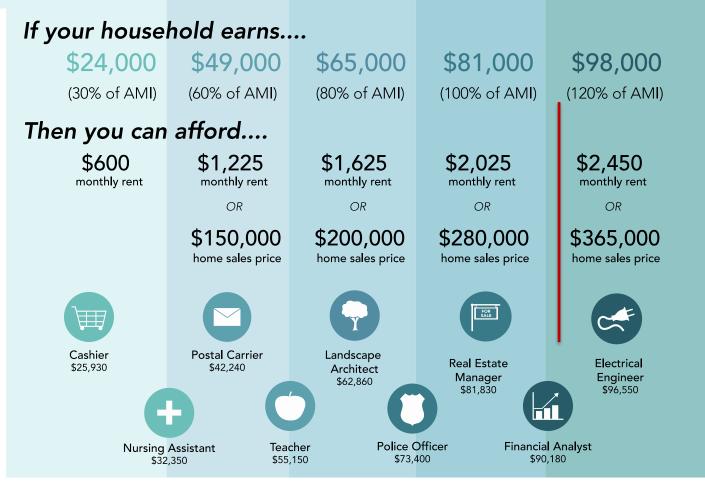


Affordable Housing Costs based on Yamhill Co.



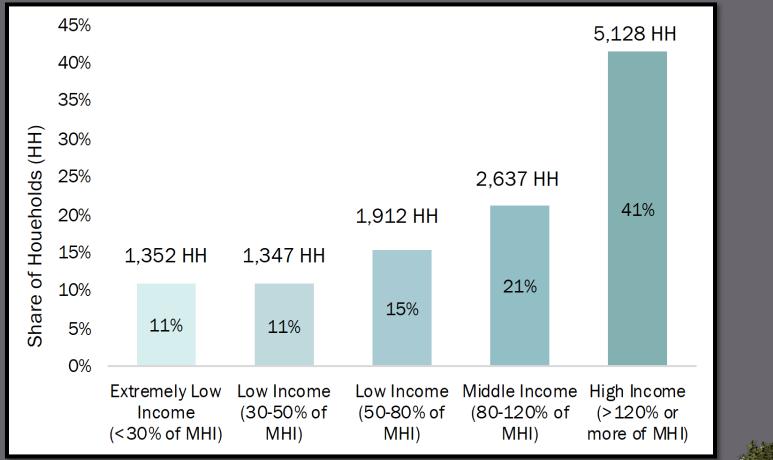
Source: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development 2018; U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016, ACS Table B19001. Note: MFI is Median Family Income, determined by HUD for Yamhill County.

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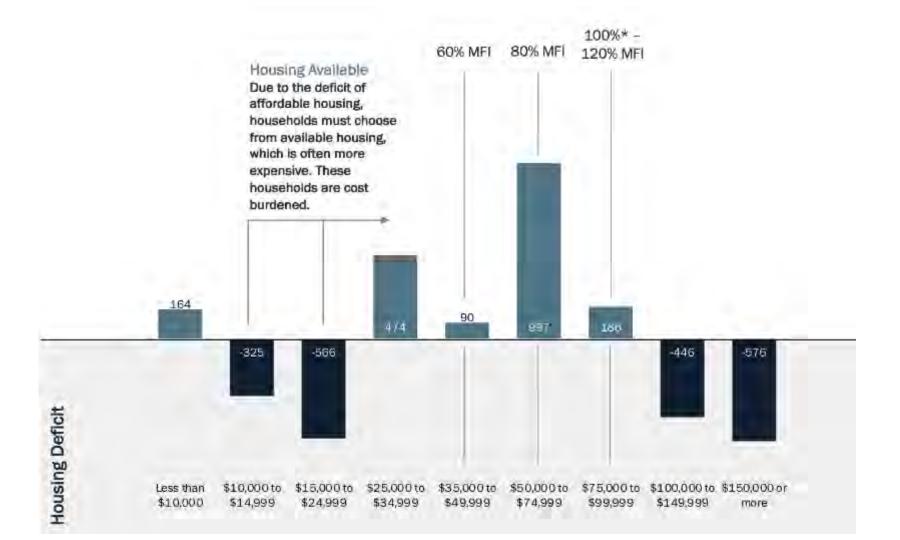
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SHARE OF HOUSEHOLDS BY MHI, 2017





Housing Gap



Source: U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, Median Family Income 2018. U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016, ACS Table B19001, B25075, and B25063. Note: MFI is Median Family Income, determined by HUD for Yamhill County.

	2000	2010	2015	AAGR (2000-2010	AAGR 2010-2015)	Share of County 2000	Share of County 2010	Share of County 2015
amhill County	84,992	99,193	103,630	1.5%	0.9%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Amity	1,478	1,614	1,620	0.9%	0.1%	1.7%	1.6%	1.6%
Carlton	1,514	2,007	2,125	2.8%	1.1%	1.8%	2.0%	2.1%
Dayton	2,119	2,534	2,590	1.8%	0.4%	2.5%	2.6%	2.5%
Dundee	2,598	3,162	3,185	2.0%	0.1%	3.1%	3.2%	3.1%
Lafayette	2,586	3,742	3,905	3.7%	0.9%	3.0%	3.8%	3.8%
McMinnville	26,499	32,187	33,080	1.9%	0.5%	31.2%	32.4%	31.9%
Newberg	18,064	22,068	22,900	2.0%	0.7%	21.3%	22.2%	22.1%
Sheridan	5,561	6,127	6,115	1.0%	0.0%	6.5%	6.2%	5.9%
Willamina (part)	1,128	1,180	1,197	0.5%	0.3%	1.3%	1.2%	1.2%
Yamhill	794	1,024	1,070	2.5%	0.9%	0.9%	1.0%	1.0%
Unincorporated	22,651	23,548	25,843	0.4%	1.9%	26.7%	23.7%	24.9%

Yamhill County and Incorporated Cities—Population and Average Annual Growth Rate (AAGR) (2000-2010 and 2010-2015)

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, April 1, 2000 and 2010 Censuses. Population Research Center, July 2, 2015 Annual Intercensal Estimate. Calculated by Population Research Center (PRC).

Note: The 2000 total population reflects Count Question Resolution (CQR) revisions made by the U.S. Census Bureau.

Note: Willamina's population in Yamhill County is 58% of Willamina's total population in 2010 and 59% in 2015.

2010 – 2015 McMinnville = 0.5% Unincorporated = 1.9%



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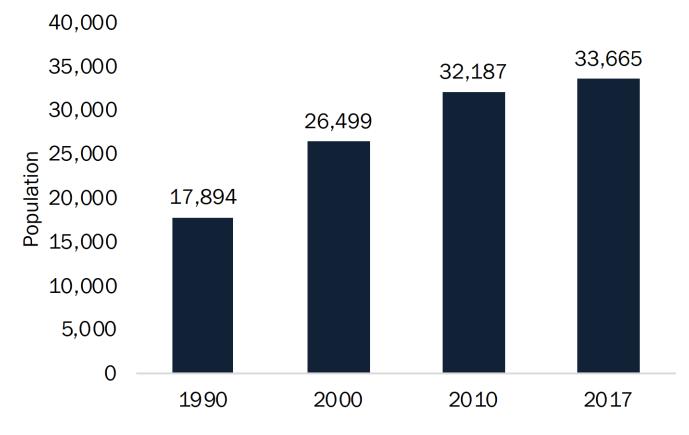
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Population is Growing...but more slowly



Source: U.S. Decennial Census 1990, 2000, and 2010 and PSU Population Estimate 2017

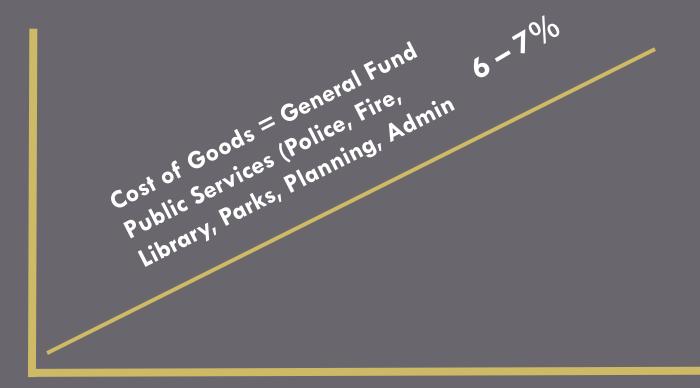
		Historica	d Constanting of the second se	Forecast						
	feet in	10.0	AAGR	10.00	1. And 1. A	- 20	AAGR	AAGR		
	2000	2010	(2000-2010)	2017	2035	2067	(2017-2035)	(2035-2067)		
Yamhill County	84,992	99,193	1.6%	106,555	135,096	177,170	1.3%	0.9%		
Amity UGB	1,481	1,623	0.9%	1,642	1,910	2,276	0.8%	0.5%		
Carlton UGB	1,514	2,007	2.9%	2,229	3,013	3,998	1.7%	0.9%		
Dayton UGB	2,244	2,708	1.9%	2,837	3,200	3,761	0.7%	0.5%		
Dundee UGB	2,672	3,162	1.7%	3,243	4,570	6,697	1.9%	1.2%		
Gaston UGB (Yamhill)	110	154	3.4%	157	159	161	0.1%	0.0%		
Lafavette UGB	2.586	3.742	3.8%	4.083	5.717	6.937	1.9%	0.6%		
McMinnville UGB	26,709	32,527	2.0%	34,293	44,122	62,804	1.4%	1.1%		
Newberg UGB	18,558	22,572	2.0%	24,296	34,021	52,135	1.9%	1.3%		
Sheridan UGB	5,581	6,210	1.1%	6,340	6,893	7,560	0.5%	0.3%		
Willamina UGB (Yamhill)	1,128	1,180	0.5%	1,227	1,272	1,360	0.2%	0.2%		
Yamhill UGB	805	1,024	2.4%	1,077	1,338	1,671	1.2%	0.7%		
Outside UGBs	21,604	22,284	0.3%	25,132	28,880	27,812	0.8%	-0.1%		

Sources: U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 and 2010 Censuses; Forecast by Population Research Center (PRC).

Grew by 0.4% from 2015-2018



FUNDING SERVICES



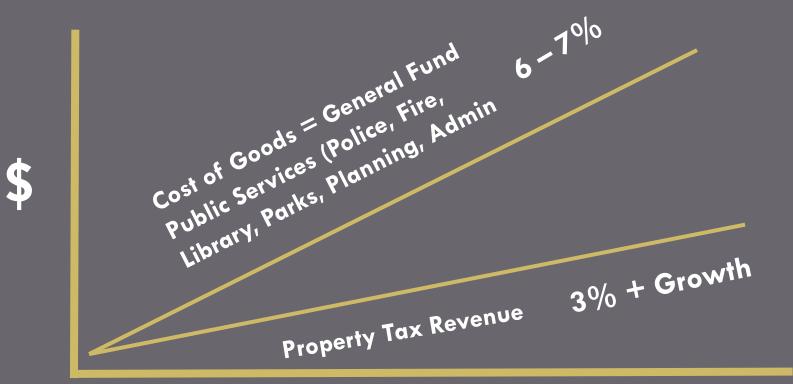
TIME



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FUNDING SERVICES







FUNDING SERVICES







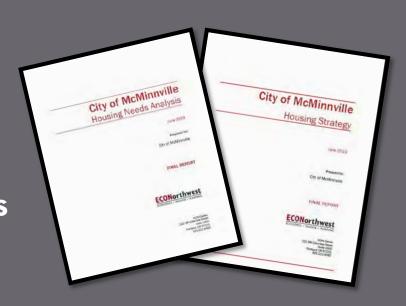


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SO WE NEED TO DO SOMETHING	2041	12,739 people	5,002 Homes
	2067	28,045 People	11,012 Homes

Buildable Lands Inventory Housing Needs Analysis Housing Strategy

Urbanization Study Economic Opportunities Analysis



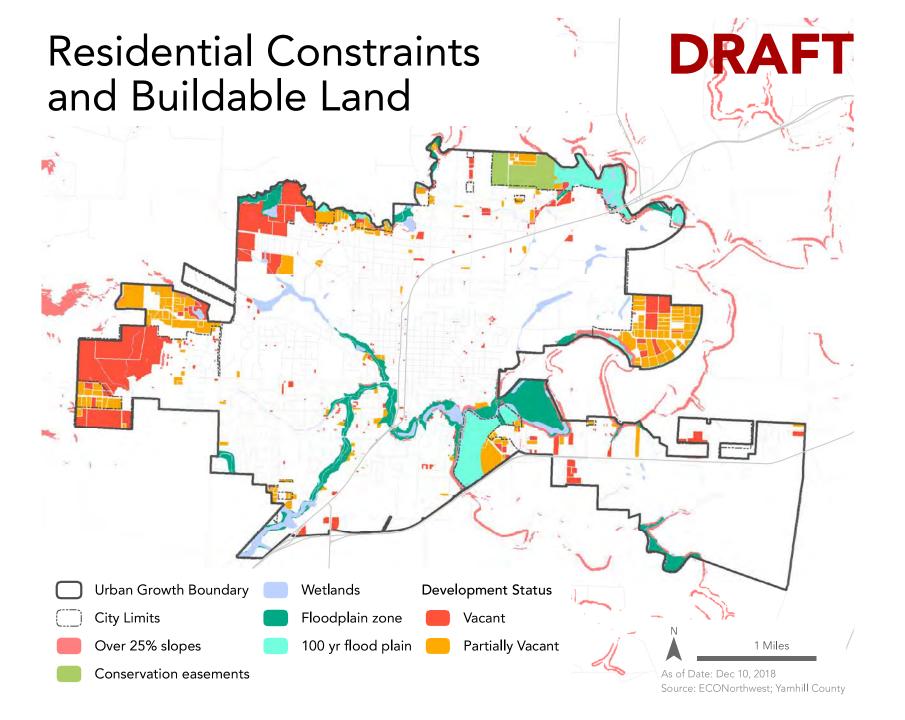


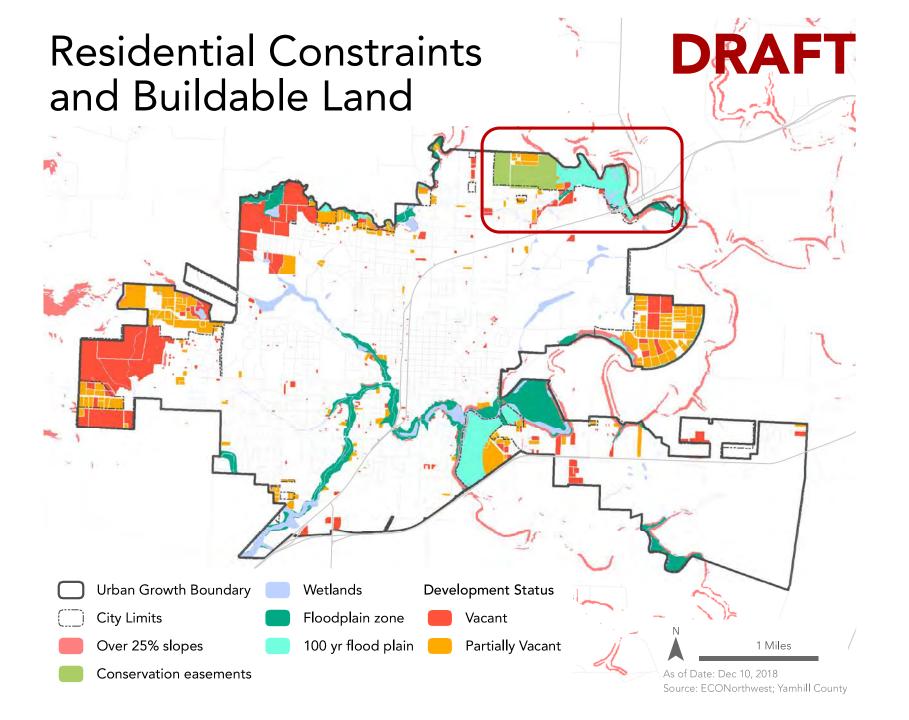
DRAFT RESIDENTIAL BUILDABLE LANDS INVENTORY



Development Constraints

- Regulated wetlands
- Floodways
- 100-year floodplain
- Steep slopes (greater than 25%)
- Service constraints
- Easement constraints



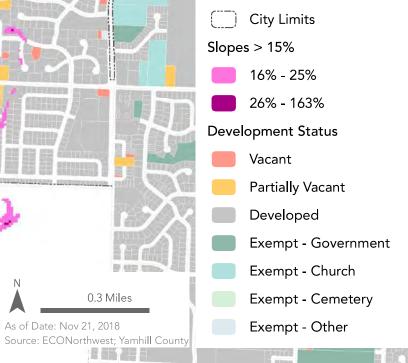


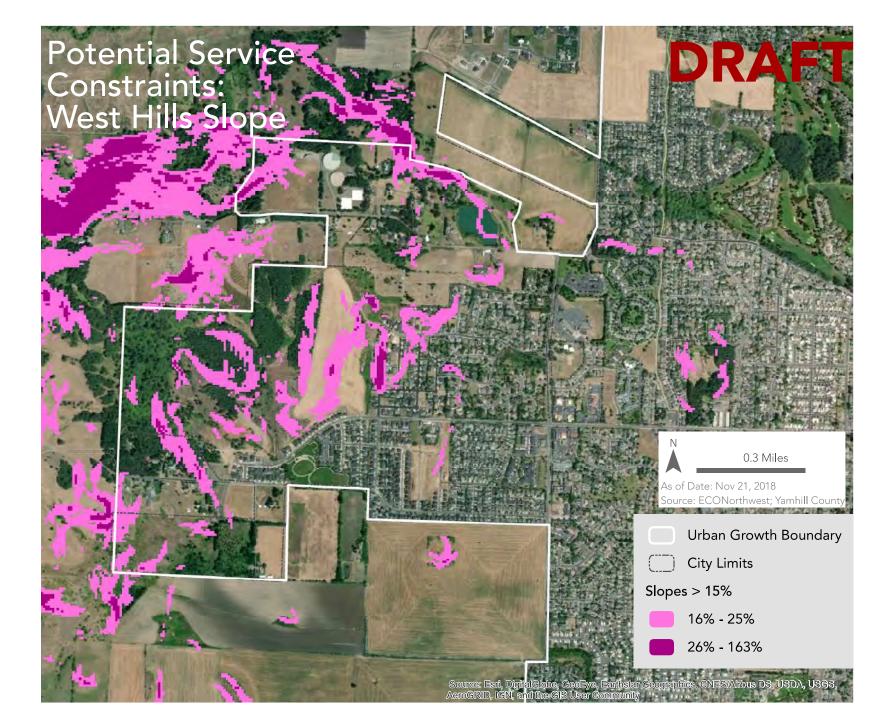
Potential Service Constraints: West Hills Slope



area.

Urban Growth Boundary





Potential Service Constraint: Water Service Zone 2

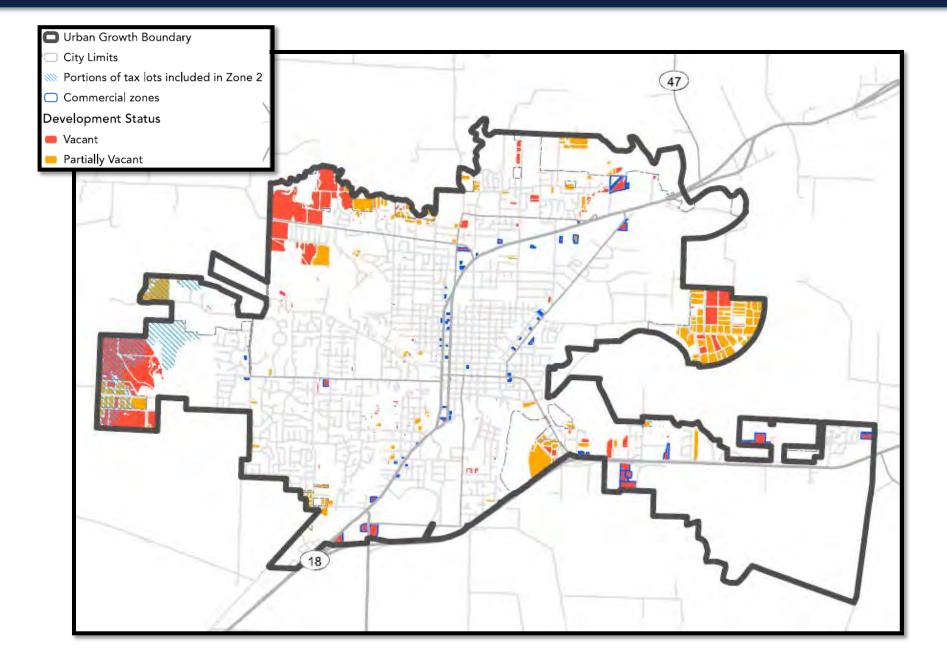
Recommendation:

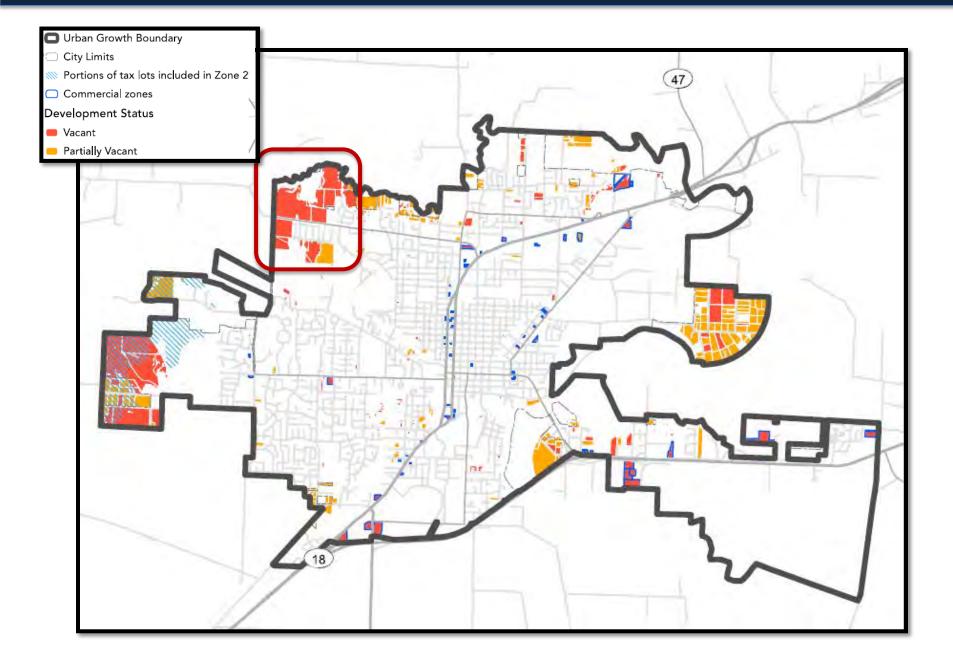
Classify Water Service Zone 2 Elevation as Constrained

Potential Hazard Constraint: Landslide Susceptibility

Recommendation: Classify At Least High Landslide Susceptibility Areas as Constrained

Low Susceptibility: "Landsliding unlikely". Less than 7% (green) Moderate Susceptibility: "Landsliding possible" 7-17% (orange) High Susceptibility: "Landsliding likely" >17% (red) Very High Susceptibility: "Existing landslides" (not present in planning area)





Buildable acres in vacant and partially vacant tax lots by zone, McMinnville UGB, 2018

Zone/Plan Designation	Total	Total Buildable acres			Buildable acres on vacant lots			Buildable acres on partially vacant lots			
	Zone 1	Zone 2	Total	Zone 1	Zone 2	Total	Zone 1	Zone 2	Total		
City Limits, by Zone											
R-1 Single Family Residential	109	36	145	84	34	118	25	2	27		
R-2 Single Family Residential	86	45	131	74	45	119	12	-	12		
R-3 Two Family Residential	6	-	6	5	-	5	1	-	1		
R-4 Multiple-Family Residential	21	-	21	16	-	16	5	-	5		
O-R Office/Residential	0	-	0	0	-	0	0	-	0		
C-3 General Commercial	61	-	61	59	-	59	1	-	1		
UGB, by County Zone or Plan Des.	0	-	0	0	-	0	0	-	0		
EF-80 (County Zone)	68	-	68	63	-	63	5	-	5		
LDR9000 (County Zone)	3	-	3	3	-	3	0	-	0		
VLDR-1 (County Zone)	2	-	2	0	-	0	2	-	2		
Residential Plan Des.	232	52	285	<mark>5</mark> 0	6	56	183	47	229		
Total	588	133	721	354	85	438	234	48	283		

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UGB, by County Zone or Plan Des.	0	-	0	0		0	0	-	0	
EF-80 (County Zone)	<mark>6</mark> 8	-	68	63	-	63	5	-	5	
LDR9000 (County Zone)	3	-	3	3	-	3	0	-	0	
VLDR-1 (County Zone)	2	-	2	0	-	0	2	-	2	
Residential Plan Des.	232	52	285	50	6	56	183	47	229	
Total	588	133	721	354	85	438	234	48	283	

Buildable acres in vacant and partially vacant tax lots by zone, McMinnville UGB, 2018

Zone/Plan Designation	Total Buildable acres			Buildable acres on vacant lots			Buildable acres on partially vacant lots			
	Zone 1	Zone 2	Total	Zone 1	Zone 2	Total	Zone 1	Zone 2	Total	
City Limits, by Zone										
R-1 Single Family Residential	109	36	145	84	34	118	25	2	27	
R-2 Single Family Residential	86	45	131	74	45	119	12	-	12	
R-3 Two Family Residential	6	-	6	5	-	5	1	-	1	
R-4 Multiple-Family Residential	21	-	21	16	-	16	5	-	5	
0-R Office/Residential	0	-	0	0	-	0	0	-	0	
C-3 General Commercial	01	-	DT.	วษ	-	59	1	-	1	
UGB, by County Zone or Plan Des.	0	-	0	0	-	0	0	-	0	
EF-80 (County Zone)	68	-	68	63	-	63	5	-	5	
LDR9000 (County Zone)	3	-	3	3	-	3	0	-	0	
VLDR-1 (County Zone)	2	-	2	0	-	0	2	-	2	
Residential Plan Des.	232	<mark>5</mark> 2	285	50	6	56	183	47	229	
Total	588	133	721	354	85	438	234	48	283	

MONOPOLY OR REALITY?

Oregon Land Use does not define buildable lands inventory as "likely" to develop in the next twenty years, it is more like playing Monopoly.







MONOPOLY OR REALITY?

Oregon Land Use does not define buildable lands inventory as "likely" to develop in the next twenty years, it is more like playing Monopoly.



I like Monopoly, but it does not solve this problem.

5,002

Homes

11,012

Homes

12,739

people

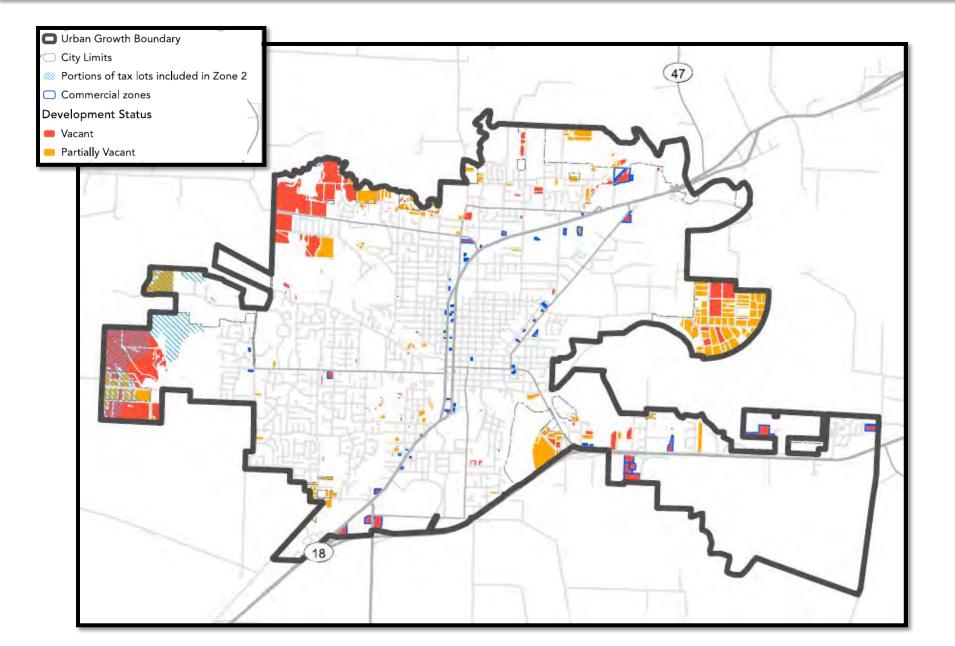
28,045

People

2041

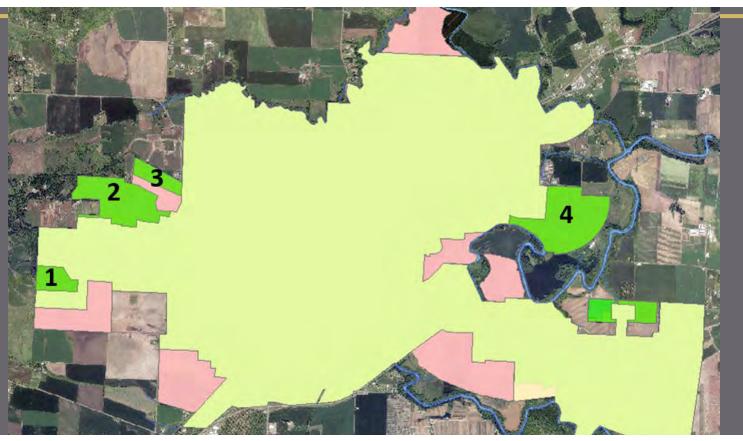
2067





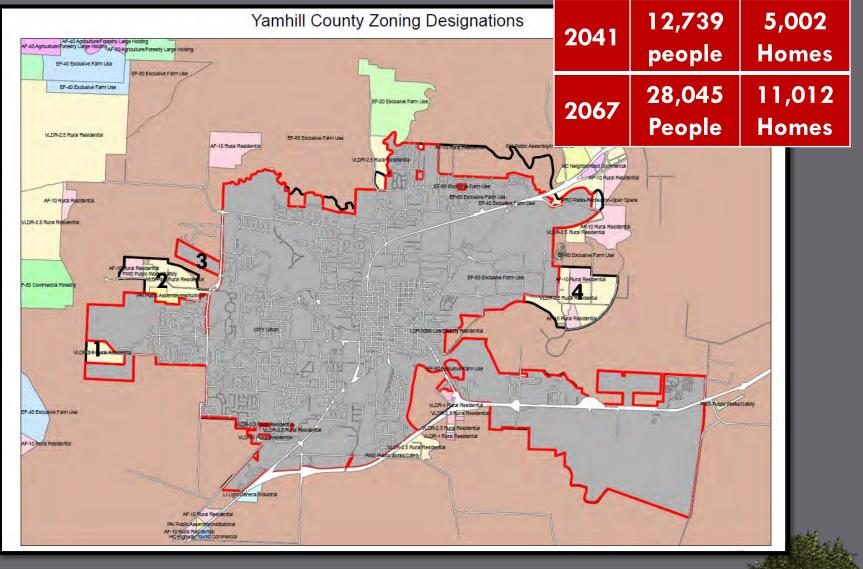
UGB to Meet Needs 2003-2023,

 \sim 217 total buildable residential acres added of 890 buildable residential acres needed



Current UGB = Yellow + Green (Green added to UGB, numbered have res. plan designations) Not added to UGB = Red







Fox Ridge (2)	2041	12,739 people	5,002 Homes
	2067	28,045 People	11,012 Homes
NW/Fox/Ridge Rd			
		A.	3D • •
Map Google		NW Fox Ridge Rd	













All the perks of country living within a 5 minute drive of downtown McMinnville. Great room design in this custom built home with real hardwood floors,beautiful fireplace, and soaring vaulted ceiling. Large windows open to gorgeous views of vineyards and hills. Flat 2 1/2 acres offer privacy and room to play







DRAFT RESIDENTIAL HOUSING NEEDS ANALYSIS





DRAFT RESIDENTIAL HOUSING NEEDS ANALYSIS



PLANNING HORIZON(S)	2041	12,739 people	5,002 Homes	
	2067	28,045 People	11,012 Homes	
FLANNING HORIZON(3)				

2018-2021	GAP YEARS
2021-2026	5 YEAR PLANNING HORIZON
2021-2031	10 YEAR PLANNING HORIZON
2021-2041	20 YEAR PLANNING HORIZON
2021-2067	50 (46) PLANNING HORIZON



NEED –	POPUL	ST	2041	12,7 peop		5,002 Homes			
			2067	28,0 Peop		11,012 Homes			
Population F	orecast								
Change									and the second s
2018-2021	3 Years	1,479	1,479	1,479)	1,479		1,479	
2021-2026	5 Years		2,747	2,747	7	2,747		2,747	
2026-2031	5 Years			2,828	3	2,828		2,828	
2031-2041	10 Years					5,685		5,685	
2041-2067	26 years							15,305	
SUM		1,479	2,747	5,575	5 1	1,260		26,565	
		2018-2021	2021-2026	2021-2031	L 2021	-2041	202	1-2067	





NEED –	POPUL	ST	2041	12,7 peop					
			2067	28,0 Peop		11,012 Homes			
Population F Change	·orecast								
2018-2021	3 Years	1,479	1,479	1,479)	1,479		1,479	
2021-2026	5 Years		2,747	2,747	7	2,747		2,747	
2026-2031	5 Years			2,828	3	2,828		2,828	
2031-2041	10 Years					5,685		5,685	
2041-2067	26 years							15,305	
SUM		1,479	2,747	5,575	5 1	1,260		26,565	
		2018-2021	2021-2026	2021-203	L 2021	-2041	202	1-2067	



28,045

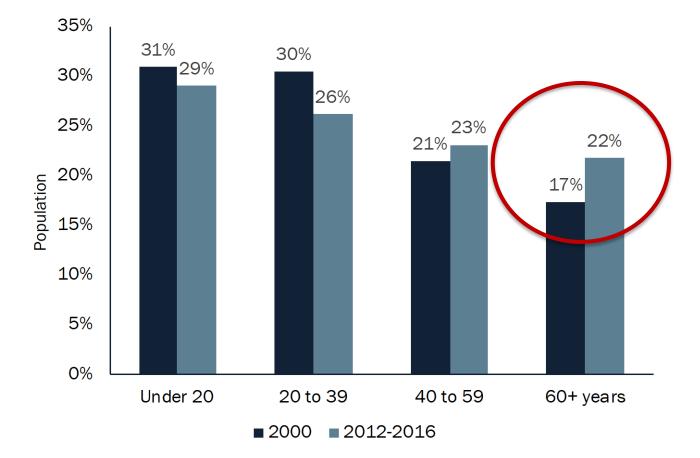
12,739

Persons per Household (Average)

2000	2013-2017 (Baseline)	Basis
2.66	2.55	OAR 660-024 Section 8a established a "safe harbor" assumption for average household size—which is
U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Decennial Census, Table H012.	U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016 ACS, 5- year estimates, Table B25010.	the figure from the most recent Census. While McMinnville is not eligible for the safe harbor, the Census figure provides a factual basis.

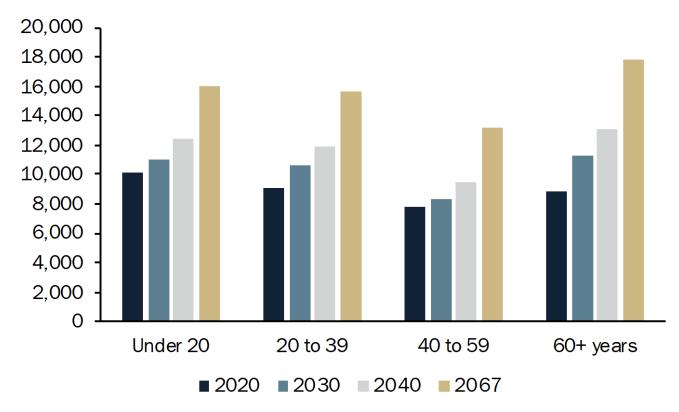
	NEED – HOUSING UNITS						9 5,002 e Homes
2067						28.04	5 11,012
Housing Nee	d						
New Units N							
2018-2021	3 years	581	581	5	81	581	581
2021-2026	5 Years		1,078	1,07	78	1,078	1,078
2026-2031	5 Years			1,13	.11	1,111	1,111
2031-2041	10 Years					2,232	2,232
2041-2067	26 years						6,010
SUM		581	1,078	2,18	.89	4,421	10,431
		2018-2021	2021-2026	2021-20	31 20	021-2041	2021-2067
*Plus Populatio	*Plus Population in Group Quarters (5% of population, per ACS) 5,002 11,012						
JOINT	JOINT CC/BOC MEETING, 08.21.19						

The population is aging...



Source: U.S. Census, Decennial Census 2000 and ACS 2012-2016

McMinnville Population Forecast by Age

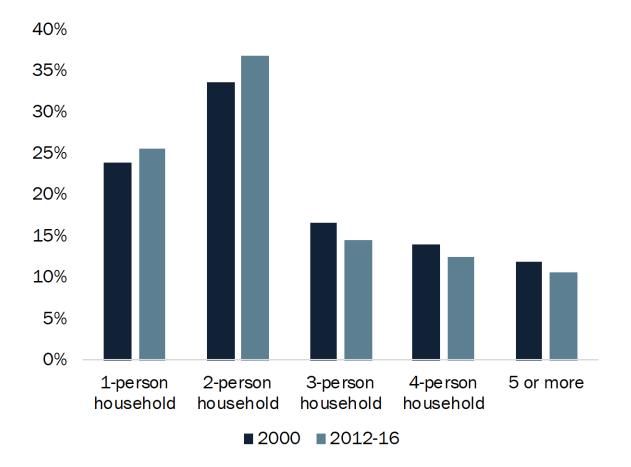


Source: Population Research Center, PSU. Yamhill County Forecast, June 30 2017.

And becoming more diverse...

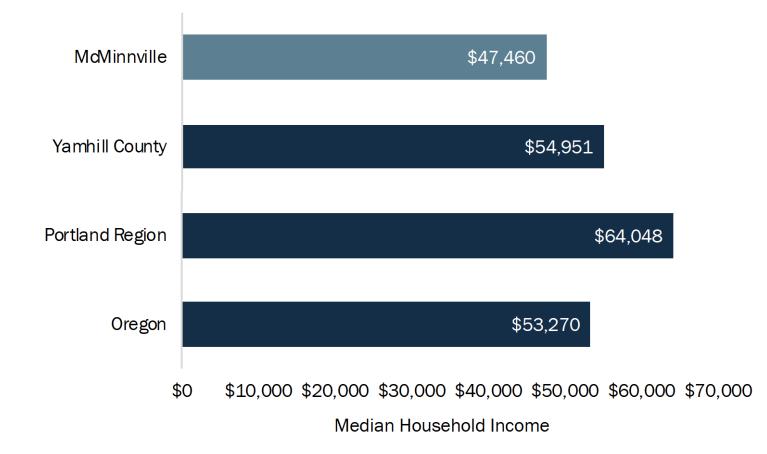
- From 2000 to 2016, McMinnville's population that is Hispanic/Latino grew from 15% to 22%
- 14% of McMinnville's population is foreignborn
 - 78% of that share immigrated from Mexico

More 1 and 2 person households...



Source: U.S. Census, Decennial Census 2000 and ACS 2012-2016

Income is lower than the County...



Summary of trends: implications for housing needs

- Increased demand for:
 - Smaller SFD Homes
 - A wider range of housing types
 - Multigenerational housing
 - Housing in walkable neighborhoods near services

Housing Mix

Single-Family Detached Single-family detached Manufactured & mobile homes Cottage Housing



Single-Family Attached Townhouses





Multifamily Duplexes Tri- and 4-Plexes Apartments







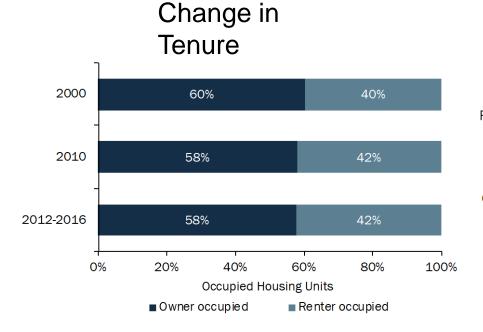




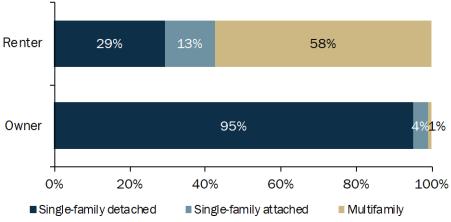
Housing Mix

Housing Type	2000 Census	2013-2017 Census	Building Permit Issued 2000 – July 2018
Single-Family Detached	67%	68%	62%
Single-Family Attached	8%	9%	8%
Multifamily	24%	23%	31%
Source	U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Decennial Census, Table H030.	U.S. Census Bureau, 2013- 2017 ACS, 5-year estimates, Table B25024.	City of McMinnville, building permits, 2000 to July 2017

Housing Tenure

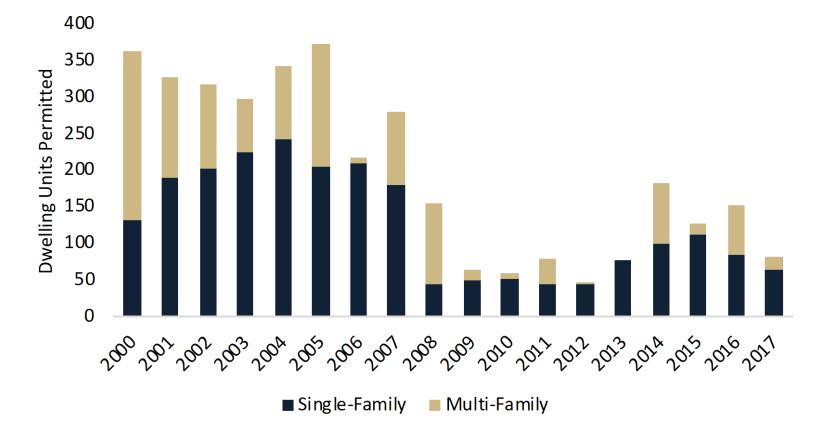


Tenure by Type of Unit, 2016



Source: U.S. Census 2000 and 2010, SF3 H032; U.S. Census, ACS 2012-2016, B25003

Building Permits, 2000 to 2017



Recent Development Trends

Historical housing density by (1) housing type and plan designation and by (2) zone, 2000 – July 2018

	Single-Family Detached	Single-Family Attached	Duplex	Multifamily	Total
Residential	4.8	12.3	7.0	16.5	6.0
	units/acre	units/acre	units/acre	units/acre	units/acre
Commerical	Too few to	Too few to	Too few to	31.2	31.2
	report	report	report	units/acre	units/acre

C-3	O-R	R-1	R-2	R-3	R-4
31.2	7.6	4.1	5.8	6.8	7.9
units/acre	units/acre	units/acre	units/acre	units/acre	units/acre

Source: City of McMinnville Building Permits, 2000 – July 2018.

Redevelopment and Infill 8% = 373 Units

Committee chose to assume that 8% of new homes would be achieved through redevelopment and infill.

FUTURE HOUSING MIX	2041	12,739 people	5,002 Homes
	2067	28,045 People	11,012 Homes

Figure 3:

	Single Family Detached	Single Family Attached	Multifamily	Change to Overall Mix 2041***	Change to Overall Mix 2067***	Deficit Acreage of Land in 2021-2041 Planning Horizon*
Baseline Existing Mix	68%**	9%	23%	68, 9, 23	68, 9, 23	483
Baseline 2000 — 2018 Mix	62%	8%	31%	66, 9, 25	65, 8, 26	449
Future Horizon Scenario #1	60%	10%	30%	66, 9, 25	64, 9, 26	441
Future Horizon Scenario #2	55%	12%	33%	65, 10, 26	62, 10, 27	420

Committee chose Future Horizon Scenario #2 55%,12%, 33%



Summary of McMinnville's Forecasted Housing Needs, McMinnville UGB, 2021-2026, 2021-2031, 2021-2041, and 2021-2067

	5-Year (2021 to 2026)	10-Year (2021 to 2031)	20-Year (2021 to 2041)	46-Year (2021 to 2067)
Total New Dwelling Units	1,079	2,190	4,424	10,435
Less Infill/Redevelopment (8%)	(86)	(175)	(354)	(835)
<i>equal</i> s New Dwelling units on Vacant or Partially Vacant Lands	993	2,015	4,070	9,600
Total New Dwelling Units per Year	216	219	221	227
Infill / Redevelopment per Year	17	18	18	18
On Vacant or Partially Vacant Lands per year	199	201	204	209

Note: Summary presents housing accommodated through infill / redevelopment and housing requiring vacant / partially vacant lands.

LOCAL DECISIONS FOR CALCULATIONS

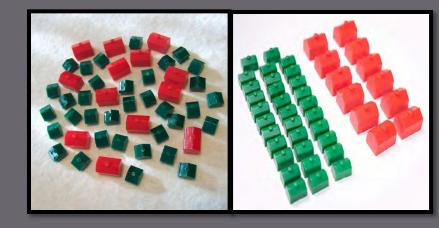
- Redevelopment Potential 8%, 373 Units
- Housing Mix and Density 55%, 12%, 33%

McMinnville	2000-2020	McMinnville 2003-2023		
66/34	?	60/12/28	50 Units	

Putting it into Perspective

- Redevelopment Potential 8%, 373 Units
- Housing Mix and Density 55%, 12%, 33%

Newber	60	Redmond		Grants P	ass	Corvallis	5	Bend	
60/8/32	120 Units	60/15/25	146 Units	67/8/25	198 Units	50/6/44	11%	55/10/35	n/a



DRAFT RESIDENTIAL HOUSING STRATEGY





DRAFT RESIDENTIAL HOUSING STRATEGY









PLANNING – CONNECTING PEOPLE





PLANNING – BUILDING A PUZZLE





MCMINNVILLE IN 2041 - HOUSING

- 5000 New Homes
- 12,739 People

HOW DO WE PROTECT THE SMALL TOWN CHARM AND AESTHETIC OF MCMINNVILLE WHILE PROVIDING HOUSING CHOICE FOR OUR DIVERSE COMMUNITY AND ENSURE THAT EVERYONE LIVES IN A QUALITY HOUSING SITUATION.



<u>McMinnville's Great Neighborhood Principles:</u> The City of McMinnville is currently in the process of adopting Great Neighborhood Principles. These principles are meant to create equity and inclusion for all residents in McMinnville to ensure that all residents live in a great neighborhood regardless of their income.

- 1. Natural Feature Preservation Preserve significant natural features of the land.
- 2. Scenic Views Preserve scenic view in areas that everyone can access.
- 3. Parks and Open Spaces Provide open and recreational spaces for everyone to enjoy.
- 4. Pedestrian Friendly Pedestrian friendly for all ages and abilities.
- 5. Bike Friendly Bike friendly for all ages and abilities.
- 6. Connected Streets Increased connectivity between places and destinations.
- 7. Accessibility Should be accessible for people of all ages and abilities.
- 8. **Human Scale Design** Buildings and spaces are designed to be comfortable at a human scale and foster human interaction with the built environment.
- Mix of Activities Easy and convenient access to many of the destinations, activities and local services that residents use on a daily basis.
- 10. Urban Rural Interface Complement adjacent rural areas and transition between urban and rural uses.
- 11. Housing for Diverse Incomes Housing opportunities for people and families with a wide range of incomes, and for people and families in all stages of life.
- 12. Housing Variety Variety of building forms and architectural variety to avoid monoculture design.
- 13. Unique and Integrated Design Unique features, designs and focal points create neighborhood character and identity.

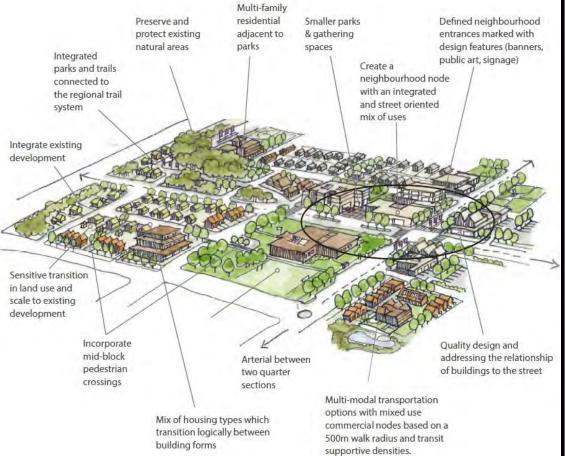
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BUILDING NEIGHBORHOODS 2041 12,73



	2041	12,739 people	5,002 Homes
1	2067	28,045 People	11,012 Homes





Figure 3:

	Single Family Detached	Single Family Attached	Multifamily	Change to Overall Mix 2041***	Change to Overall Mix 2067***	Deficit Acreage of Land in 2021-2041 Planning Horizon*
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55% SFD, 13% MH 30 – 50% MHI 1,014 Dwellings



RESPONDING TO NEED

	Extremely Low Income (≤ 30% of MHI) 483 HH in 20 Year Forecast 11% of total units	<u>Very Low Income</u> (30 – 50% of MHI) 482 HH in 20 Year Forecast 11% of total units	Low Income (50-80% of MHI) 683 HH in 20 Year Forecast 15% of total units	Middle Income (80 - 120% of MHI) 943 HH in 20 Year Forecast 21% of total units	High Income (≥ 120% of MHI) 1,833 HH in 20 Year Forecast 41% of total units
Single Family Detached	Tiny Home Villages Mobile Homes	Tiny Home Villages Mobile Homes Manufactured Homes Single Family Detached – Habitat and CHB, Section 8	Tiny Home Villages Mobile Homes Manufactured Homes Cottage Clusters Small Lot Subdivisions Single Family Detached – Habitat and CHB, Section 8	Single Family Detached Cottage Clusters Small Lot Subdivisions	Single Family Detached Cottage Clusters Small Lot Subdivisions
Single Family Attached		Common Wall Duplexes – Section 8 Townhomes – Section 8	Common Wall Duplexes – Section 8 Townhomes – Section 8	Common Wall Duplexes Townhomes	Common Wall Duplexes Townhomes
Multi-Family	Duplexes – Section 8 Triplexes – Section 8 Quadplexes – Section 8 Apartments – Section 8 Apartments - Subsidized	Duplexes – Section 8 Triplexes – Section 8 Quadplexes – Section 8 Apartments – Section 8 Apartments - Subsidized	Duplexes – Section 8 Triplexes – Section 8 Quadplexes – Section 8 Apartments – Section 8 Apartments - Subsidized	Duplexes Triplexes Quadplexes Apartments Condos	High End Duplexes High End Triplexes High End Quadplexes Apartments Condos



MANAGING DENSITY

Figure 4:

Types of Zoning	Option #1 – Existing	Option #2 - Great Neighborhood Principles	Option #3 – Hybrid with High Density	Option #4 – Hybrid with High Density and Low Density
Traditional McMinnville Zoning: R1, R2, R3 and R4 Zoning. Zones are identified by minimum lot sizes, density standards and allowed housing types. Lowest density zone, R1, has the least amount of allowed housing types. High density zone has the most amount of allowed housing types. Currently no design and development standards for housing types.	x			
Catch-All Residential Zone: A zone that has a targeted minimum density and requires a developer to show how they will be achieving that with a variety of different housing types (single family detached – all sizes), cottage clusters, duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes, townhomes, apartments, etc.) and has design and development standards for each housing type. Zone could also include a targeted affordable housing component for developments.		x	x	x
High Density Residential Zone: Only multifamily allowed. Need to define what is multifamily (duplexes, triplexes, quadplexes and apartments). Design and Development Standards for each housing type.	i		Х	Х
Single Family Residential Zone: This is the traditional single family detached residential zone. Typically allows for duplexes on corner lots.				X

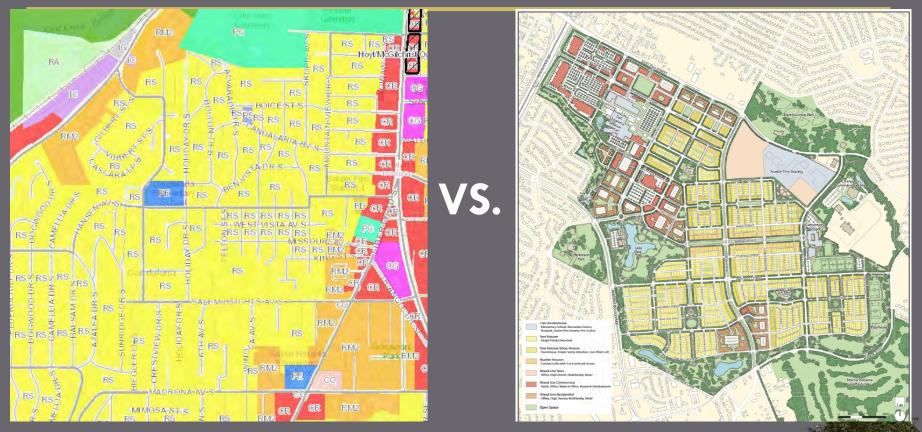


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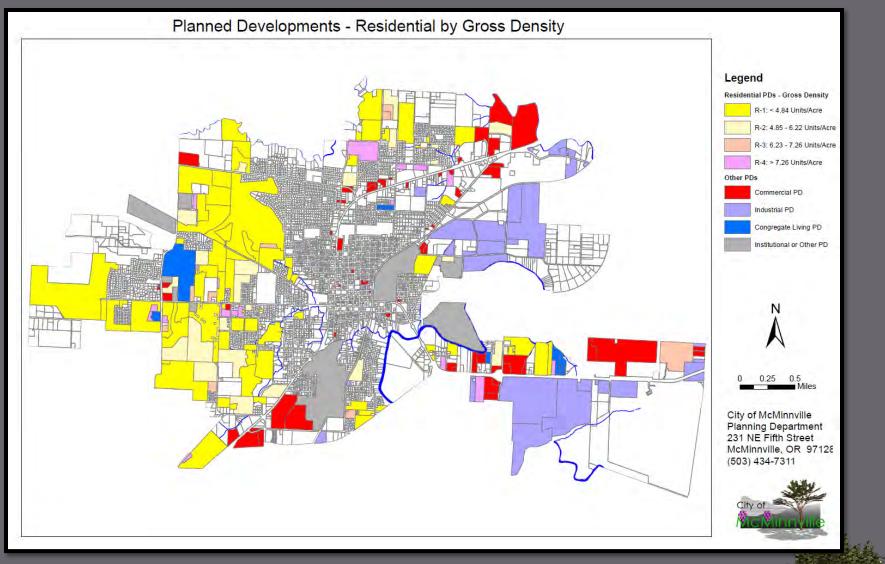


Evenly Distributing Across all Zones

Strategy: fine-grained land use pattern form-based design standards











JOINT CC/BOC MEETING, 08.21.19



444



ADU/CARRIAGE HOUSE

DUPLEX - Side by Side/Stacked

TRIPLEX



FOURPLEX

MANSION APARTMENT

BUNGALOW COURT



TOWNHOME

APARTMENT BUILDING - Small

APARTMENT BUILDING -Large



DESIGN AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS



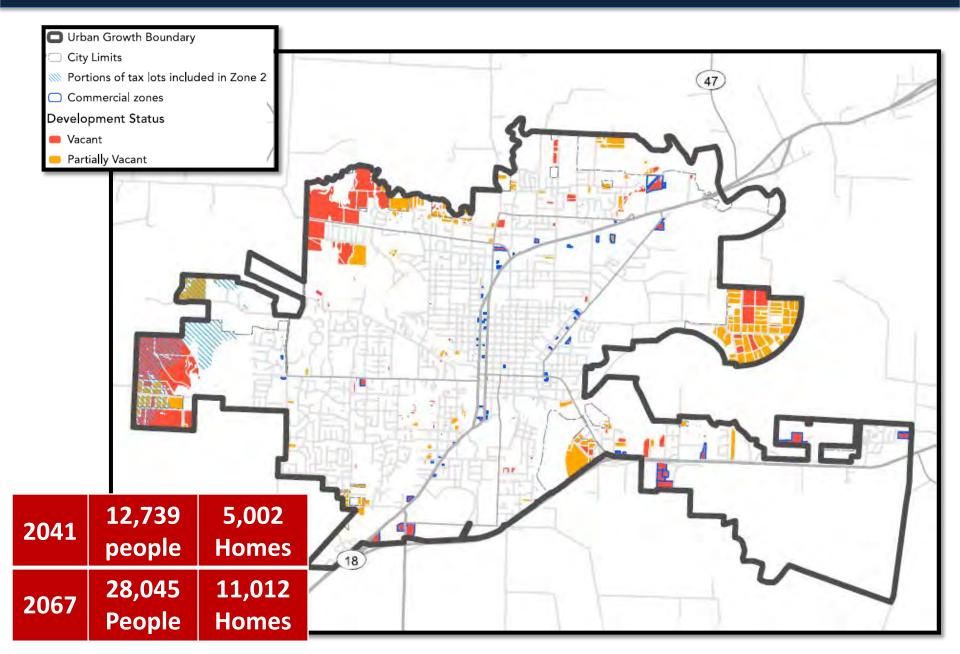


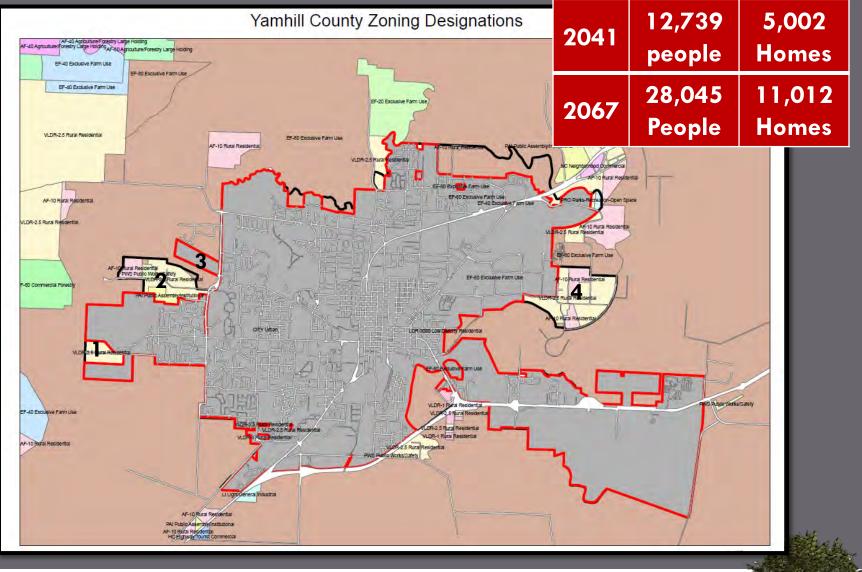
WHAT THIS MEANS FOR THE CITY

- A commitment to a higher density housing strategy "Are we ready for it?"
- A paradigm shift in zoning from homogenous single-family residential zones to neighborhoods that are inclusive and diverse with a variety of housing types
- A high density residential zone strategically located Where?
- A growth analysis that is built around McMinnville values and what is best for future residents.



BLI Results





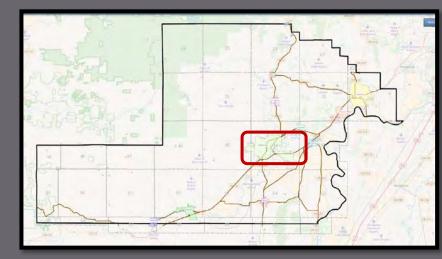


PERSPECTIVE

Population has grown by over 113% and UGB has grown by 7%

McMinnville has been working on expanding its UGB for 25 Years.

Yamhill County has 458,240 Acres.



McMinnville's UGB is 7,552, less than 2% of the county in geographic area but with 31% of the population.

Yamhill County has 192,251 EFU acres. If the city expanded by 800 acres into EFU land, the city would absorb 0.4% of Yamhill County EFU land. 4/10 of 1%

NEXT STEPS



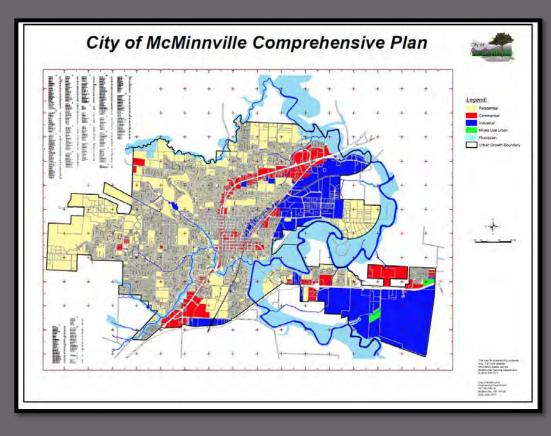
PLANNING UNDERWAY

- HNA/RESIDENTIAL BLI
- EOA/EMPLOYMENT BLI
- URBANIZATION/URBAN BLI
- CITY CENTER HOUSING STRATEGY
- FORM BASED RESIDENTIAL DESIGN STANDARDS



URBANIZATION STUDY

YAMHILL RIVER GREENWAY – IMAGINE:







URBANIZATION STUDY



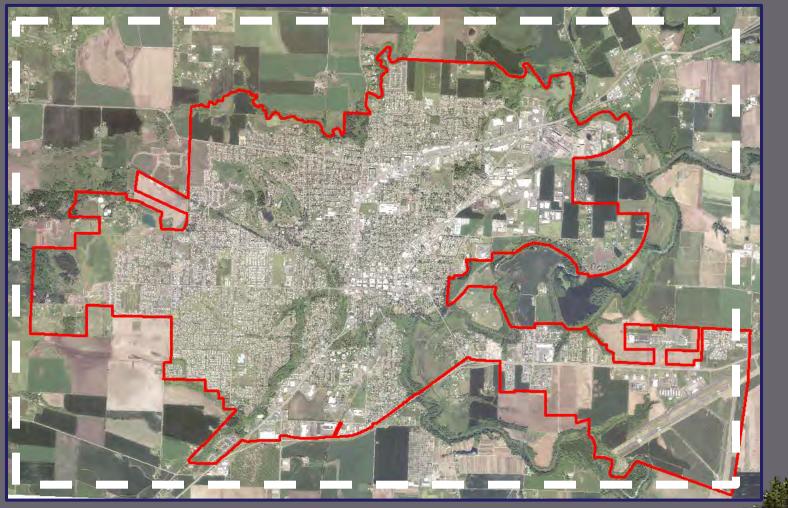


PLANNING NEXT STEPS

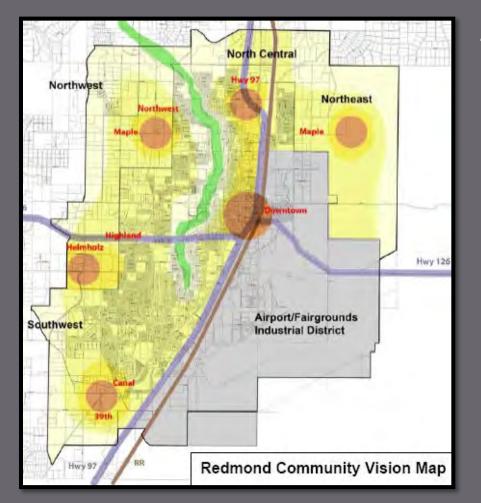
- 1. INITIATE URBAN RESERVE AREA PLANNING
- 2. GENERAL FACILITY PLANNING
- 3. URBAN GROWTH BOUNDARY ANALYSIS
- 4. UGB FRAMEWORK PLAN, SPECIFIC FACILITY PLANNING
- 5. UGB AREA PLANS, ANNEXATION



INITIATE URBAN RESERVE AREA WORK IMMEDIATELY







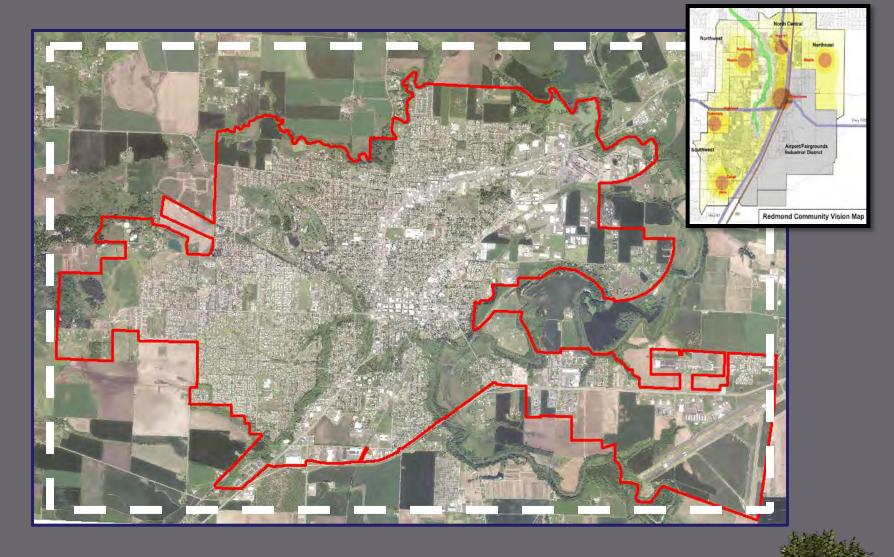
LONG TERM VISION - URA

Big picture 50-year growth plan.

Future certainty for growth areas.

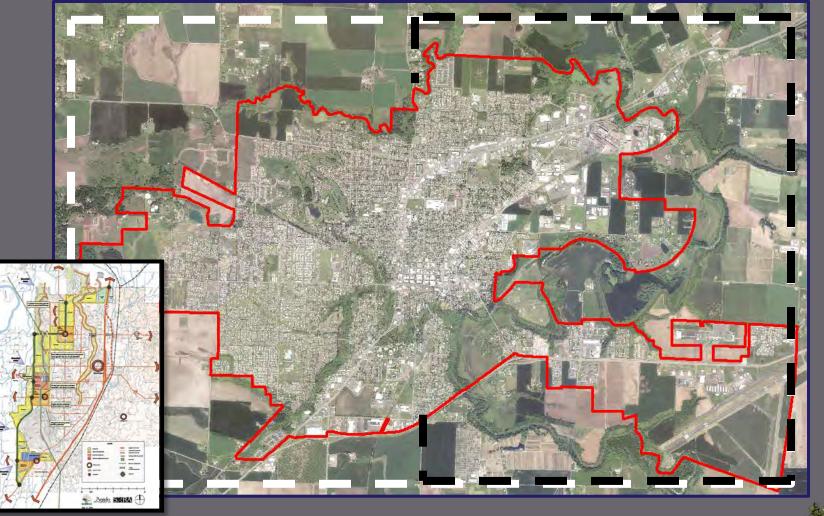
Oversize public facilities to serve future growth area.







FOLLOW UP WITH UGB AMENDMENT







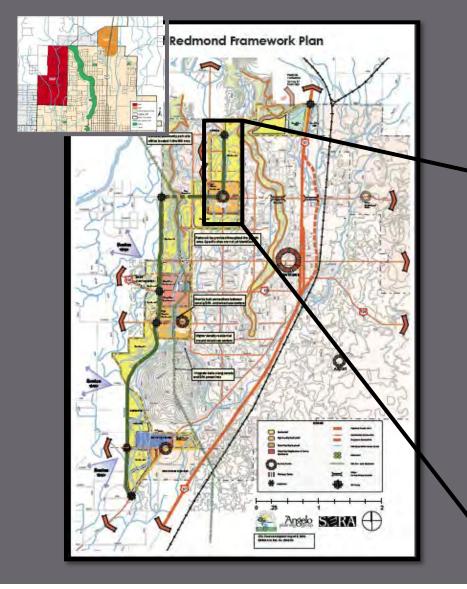
FRAMEWORK PLAN - UGB

Conceptual guide for future lands in the UGB holding zone.

General guidance to community form and design.

Promote residential service centers that are bike and pedestrian friendly with public spaces.





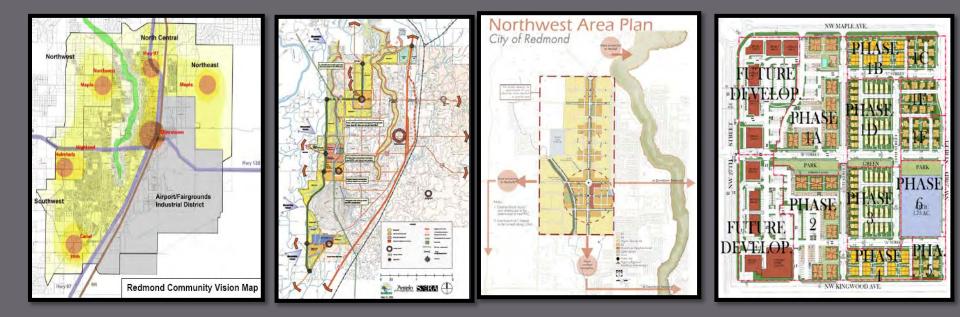
AREA PLANS:

- Public facilities are cohesive and adequate
- Schools
- Mix of housing units





LONG-TERM PLANNING: URA TO SITE





INFRASTRUCTURE PLANNING

- Wastewater Master Plan Update
- Transportatio
- n System Plan Update
- Parks Master Plan Update
- Water Master Plan Update
- Public Facilities Plan Update
- School Facilities Plan Update
- Utility Planning
- Natural Resources Plan

20 YEARS

Accommodate 3,000 new homes within existing UGB and 2,000 new homes in 363 acres outside of UGB.

50 YEARS

Accommodate 7,000 new homes outside of the UGB.



CHALLENGES

Maintain Small Town Charm





- Push a High Density Product in a Town that is resistant.
- Mostly Infill not easy development, hard to master plan great neighborhood principles
- Plans in Place by June, 2021 = \$\$\$\$, Time



COMMUNITY DIALOGUE



McMinnville Matters





PARTNERSHIP WITH COUNTY



- Coordinate Comprehensive Plan Amendments / Zone Map Amendments
- Discuss development of Urban Holding Zone
- Update Joint Land Management Agreement.



PLANNING McMINNVILLE'S FUTURE



