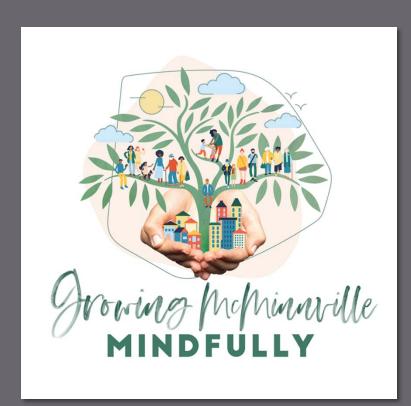


From MINDFULLY



MCMINNVILLE'S UGB REMAND RESPONSE:

CITY COUNCIL UPDATE

We are responding to the LCDC remand to the City of McMinnville for the MGMUP 2003-2023, first submitted in 2003 and modified in 2005. LCDC remand based on Court of Appeals remand to LCDC.



PUTTING IT ALL IN PERSPECTIVE





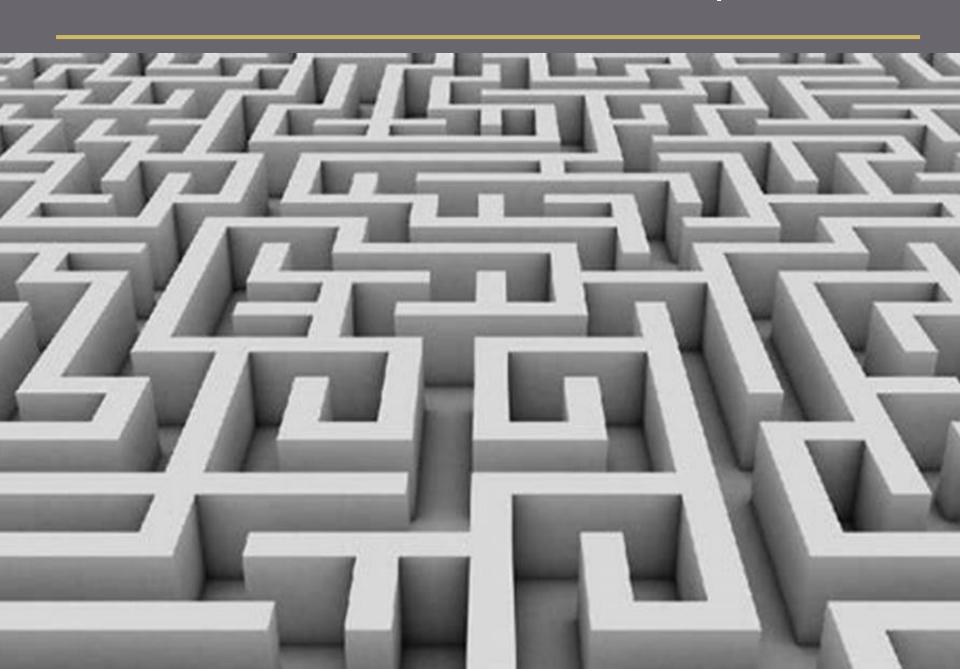


MCMINNVILLE NEEDS TO EXPAND ITS UGB

The need to expand has not been the issue, it is how and where the city expands that has been a contested dialogue for 20 years, plagued by opposition, challenges and appeals.



GROWTH PLANNING – MCMINNVILLE, Is there a path forward?



MCMINNVILLE UGB HISTORY

1981: Adopted UGB for 1980-2000 Planning Period 1994: Entered Periodic Review with DLCD **1994-1995:** Residential inventory/projections 1994-1995: Commercial land inventory and projection 1995-1997: HB 2709 retrofit to Residential inventory and needs 1999: Community Growth and Land Use Analysis project 2000-2002: Residential BLI, adoption, DLCD appeal, LUBA remand 2001-2003: Economic Opportunities Analysis **2002-2003:** Additional local review produced the McMinnville Growth Management and Urbanization Plan adopted in 2003 **2003-2013:** Continued defense of Growth and Expansion plan 2013: Remand by Oregon Circuit Court of Appeals **2013:** Decision to let it rest. – battle worn and resource depleted. oxdot 2018: Start work again with HNA/EOA and direction to pursue URA/UGB

City of VICWINNVIILE

MCMINNVILLE UGB HISTORY

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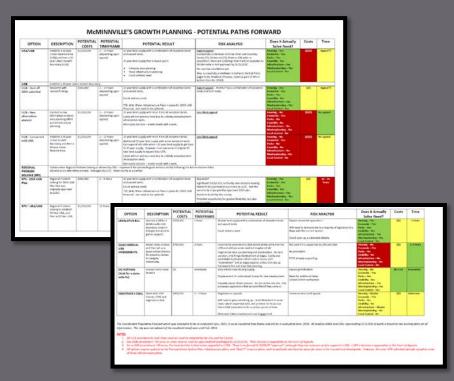
POTENTIAL PATHS FORWARD

- 1. URA/UGB
- 2. UGB
 - a. Dust off 2003 Submittal, resubmit with revised findings
 - b. New alternatives analysis
 - c. Concurrent with URA
- 3. REGIONAL PROBLEM SOLVING
 - a. RPS 2003 UGB Plan
 - b. RPS URA/UGB
- 4. LEGISLATIVE BILL
- 5. QUASI-JUDICIAL UGB AMENDMENTS
- 6. DO NOTHING (Wait for a state-wide fix)
- 7. NEGOTIATE A DEAL



DECISION MAKING FILTER

- 1. DOES IT ACHIEVE SUCCESS Reality not Monopoly
 - a. Housing
 - b. Economy
 - c. Parks
 - d. Livability
 - e. Infrastructure
 - f. Master planning
 - g. Local Control
- 2. ACHIEVEMENT OF GOALS
- 3. COSTS
- 4. TIME





CITY COUNCIL DIRECTED STAFF TO EVALUATE RESPONDING TO THE 2012 REMAND OF THE 2003 MGMUP



TONIGHT'S WORKSESSION

- 1. REVIEW COURT DECISION AND REMAND
- 2. WORK PROGRAM AND PROGRESS THUS FAR
 - Defining Land Need
 - NACs
 - Buildable Land Need
 - Hazards Study Goal 7
 - Locational Needs Analysis
- 3. CONCLUSION AND NEXT STEPS



THE COURT'S DECISION

- 1. Petitioners argued there were three assignments of error.
- 2. Court ruled there was only one assignment of error.

"The City erred in its application of ORS 197.298, and that a correct application of the law could compel a different result."

ORS 197.298 = Priority of land to be included with urban growth boundary.

TRY AGAIN = REMAND!

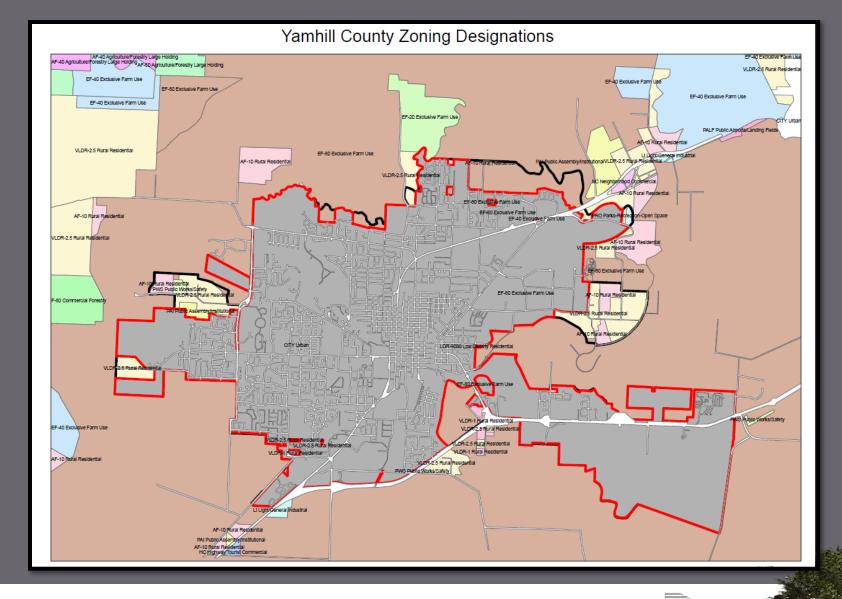


ORS 197.298 - PRIORITY LANDS FOR UGB AMENDMENTS

- 1) First Priority = Urban Reserve Land
- 2) Second Priority = Land adjacent to the UGB that is an exception area or non-resource land.
- 3) Third Priority = Land designated as marginal land.
- 4) Fourth Priority = Agricultural and Forest Lands

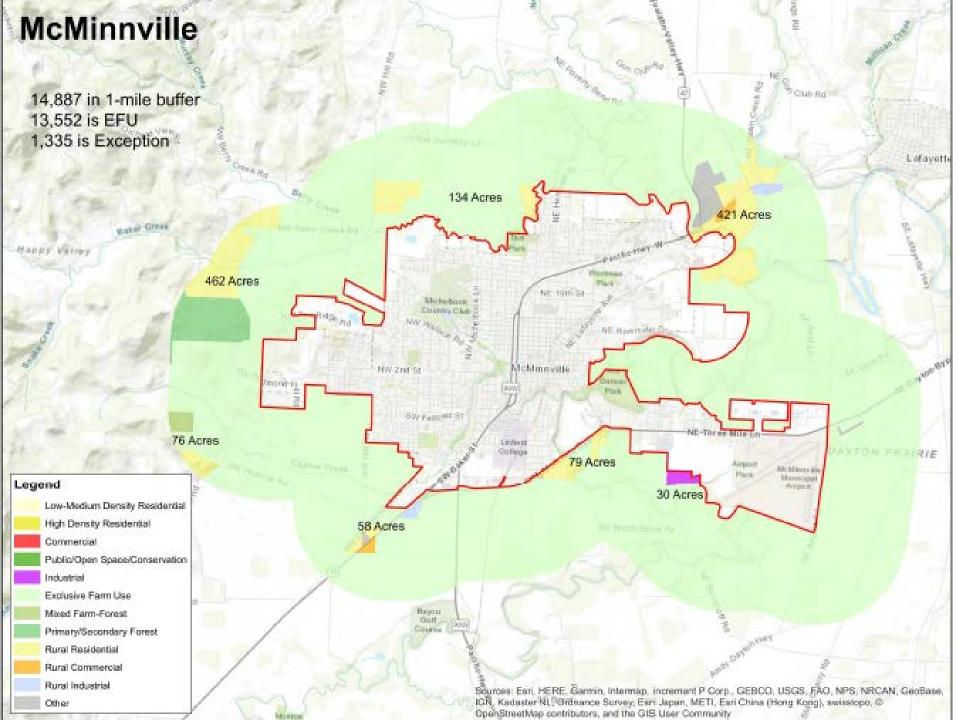
Land of lower priority can be included if land of higher priority is found to be inadequate to accommodate the amount of land needed

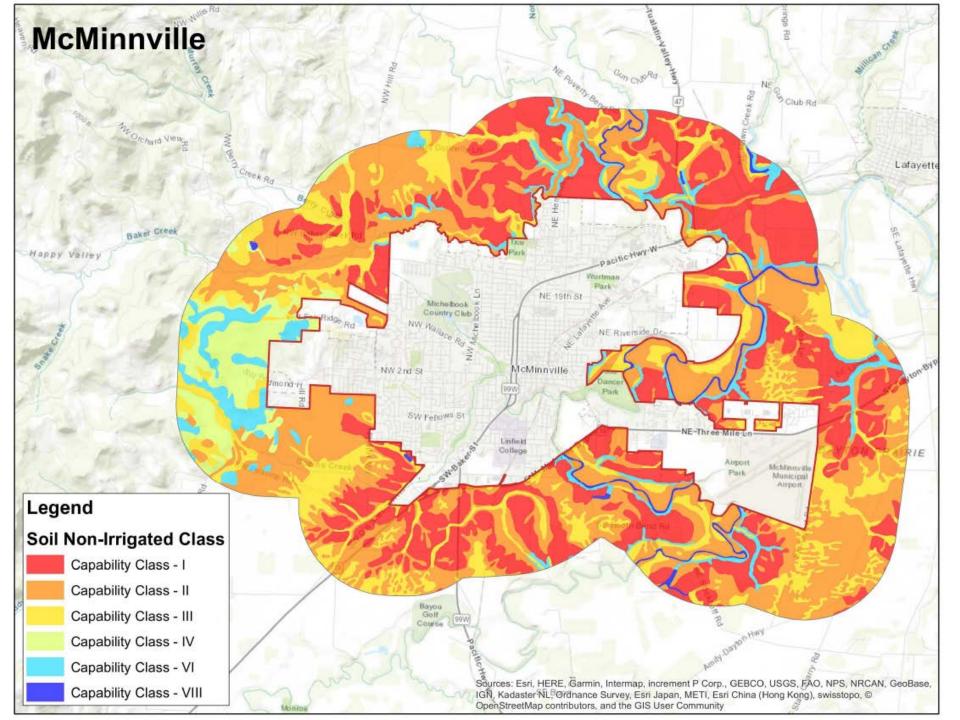
- Specific types of identified land needs cannot be reasonably accommodated on higher priority lands.
- Future urban services could not reasonably be provided on higher priority lands due to topographical or other physical constraints
- Maximum efficiency of land uses within a proposed urban growth boundary requires inclusion of lower priority lands in order to include or to provide services to higher priority lands.





City of Winny





THE COURT'S DIRECTION - TRY AGAIN

1. We are no longer disputing -

Population Forecast Housing Needs Employment Needs Park Land Needs Institutional Needs

2. However, we are working within a set of rules that were established at the time of the submittal in 2003 and what is in the public record for the land-use decision. (ORS, GOALS AND PERIODIC REVIEW)



THE COURT'S DIRECTION - TRY AGAIN

- Clarified how ORS 197.298 and Goal 14 work together.
- Clarified the selection sequence to meet City's
 20 Year planning horizon growth needs:
 - 1) ID Buildable Land
 - 2) Consider Exception Land
 - 3) Last Consideration is Resource Land



REMAND PROGRAM OVERVIEW

What is in the Court decision?

Specific problems to correct:

- Included more land north of Fox Ridge Road.
- Consider the cost to extend public facilities <u>after</u> identifying buildable lands.



REMAND PROGRAM OVERVIEW

What is in the Court decision?

Specific problems to correct:

- Analyze study areas in a consistent manner.
- Apply findings to our decisions in the correct manner.



Work Tasks

- Technical
 - Mapping, analyzing impacts, preparing documents and findings.
- Procedural
 - Public information, work sessions, hearings



Tasks — Technical

- Revise study area maps and ID buildable land.
- Apply ORS 197.298 and Goal 14 Location Factors for City's Identified Need
- Recommend UGB map.



<u>Major Tasks - Technical</u>

Prepare Plan Documents

- Draft 2003/2023 plan document.
- Share with the public.
- Prepare findings
- Support adoption process

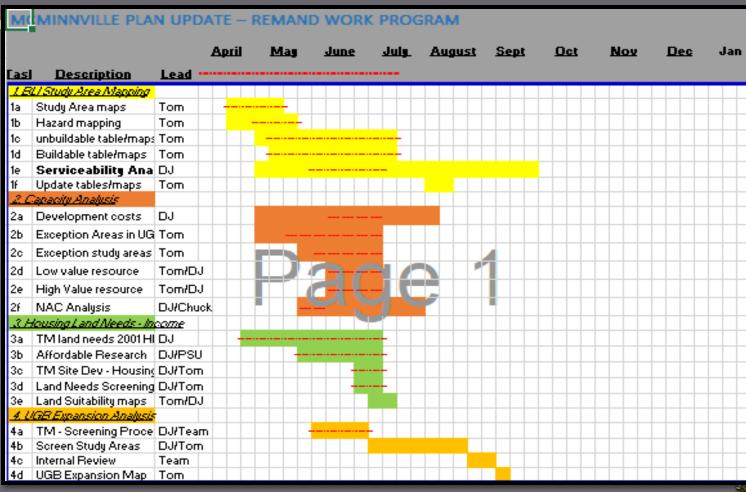


<u>Major Tasks - Procedural</u>

- Website
- Public information/outreach
- County Coordination
- Formal Legislative hearings
- Adoption and submit to LCDC



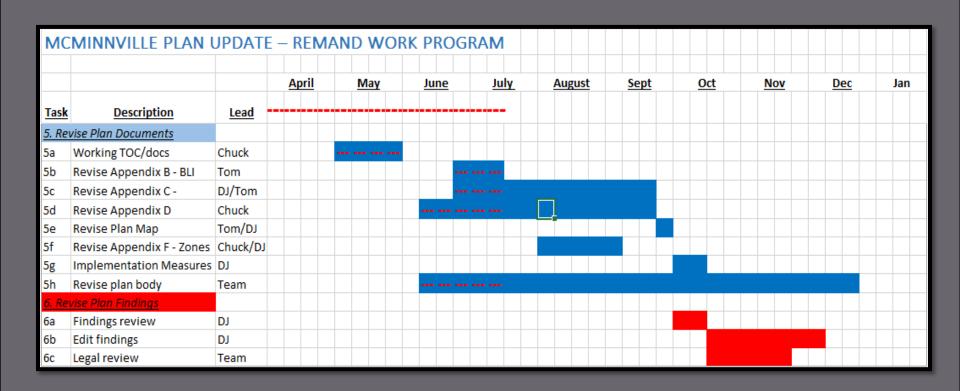
WORK PROGRAM SCHEDULE





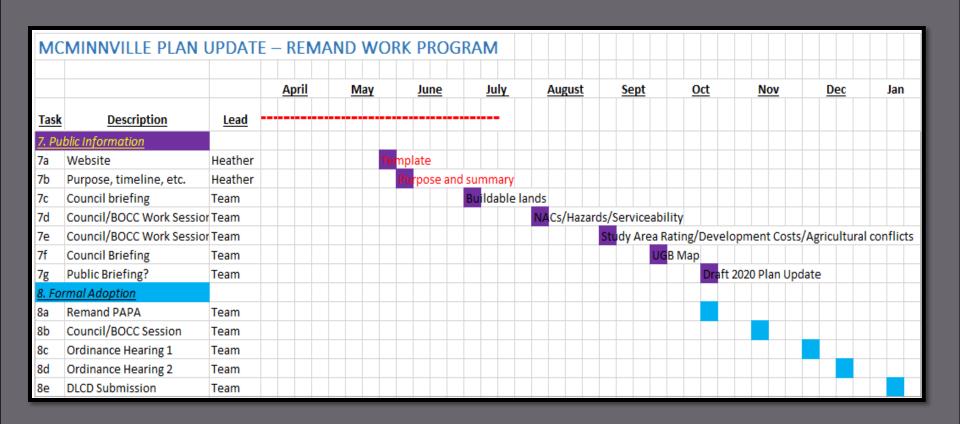


WORK PROGRAM SCHEDULE





WORK PROGRAM SCHEDULE





WORK PROGRAM STATUS REPORT

Public Facility Serviceability Analysis — in process w/ late summer completion. Jacobs Engineering.

Land Development Cost Study – in process w/ completion early August. PSU Master of Real Estate Econ. students



COURT DIRECTION – STEP ONE: DETERMINE THE LAND NEEDED



DETERMINING LAND NEED – COURT AFFIRMED

The Court accepted the housing and employment forecast and related land needs analysis as adopted in 2005.

Residential land need outside the UGB is derived from forecast housing needs, and the capacity of land inside the UGB.



Table 7. Forecast of needed new dwelling units and land need by type, McMinnville, 2003-2023

	Number of	Needed DU	Density (DU/ Net	Density (DU/Gross
Housing type	DU	by Type	Res Acre)	Res Acre)
Single-family	3,607	60.0%	5.4	4.3
Detached (R-1)	601	10.0%	4.5	3.3
Detached (Other)	1,804	30.0%	5.5	4.1
Manufactured in subdivisions	601	10.0%	5.5	5.0
Manufactured in parks	601	10.0%	6.5	5.9
Multi-family	2,407	40.0%	14.0	11.6
Row/Townhouse/Duplex	722	12.0%	10.0	7.5
Apartment	1,685	28.0%	17.0	15.0
Total	6,014	100.0%	7.2	5.7

Source: ECONorthwest

Note: Group quarters not included in number or percent of dwelling units



2003 Net Land
Need Outside the
UGB sans 110
Commercial land
need - ~1140 acres
total

Table 12. Total additional acres needed in the McMinnville UGB, 2003-2023

Category	Needed Gross Res Acres	
New housing	536.9	
Group Quarters	13.3	
Parks	314.0	
Schools	96.0	
Private Schools	1.5	
Religious	47.6	
Government	0.9	
Semi-Public Services	22.5	
Infrastructure	2.6	
Total	1,035.4	

Source: City of McMinnville, ECONorthwest

Note: Parkland need assumes the City standard of 14.0 acres per 1,000 residents will be met. The recent \$9 million park bond is a strong indication of the City's commitment to this standard.



2006 Corrected Record - New Land Need

Table 14. Comparison of land supply and demand, McMinnville UGB, 2003-2023

Plan Designation	Land Need (2003-2023)	Gross Buildable Acres (Jan 2003)	Deficit (Surplus)
Residential ^a	1,538.4	881.1 880.5	1019.2 1019.8
Commercial	219.1	102.4	106.0
Industrial	269.7	326 <u>327.1</u>	(44.7) <u>(46)</u>
Total Buildable Land			
Need Outside UGB	2,027.2	1309.5 <u>1312.9</u>	1125.2 1125.8

Source: ECONorthwest, 2003



2006 Corrected Record - New Land Need

Table 14. Comparison of land supply and demand, McMinnville UGB, 2003-2023

Plan Designation	Land Need (2003-2023)	Gross Buildable Acres (Jan 2003)	Deficit (Surplus)
Residential ^a	1,538.4	881.1 <u>880.5</u> 10	19.2 <u>1019.8</u>

Residential land need includes increased percentage of multifamily or single-family attached housing, 314 acres of park land, and 96 acres for public schools, since parks and schools locate on residential lands in McMinnville.



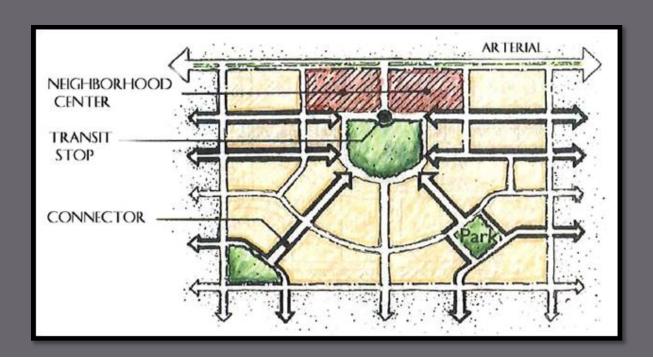
Adjustments under review:

- Corrections for <u>minor</u> accounting errors related to UGB and zoning adjustments.
- Capacity assumptions for the Exception Areas added in 2004. An adjustment could change the land need tables.



NEIGHBORHOOD ACTIVITY CENTERS

PETITIONERS CHALLENGE: ARE NOT A LAND NEED AS DEFINED BY STATE LAW



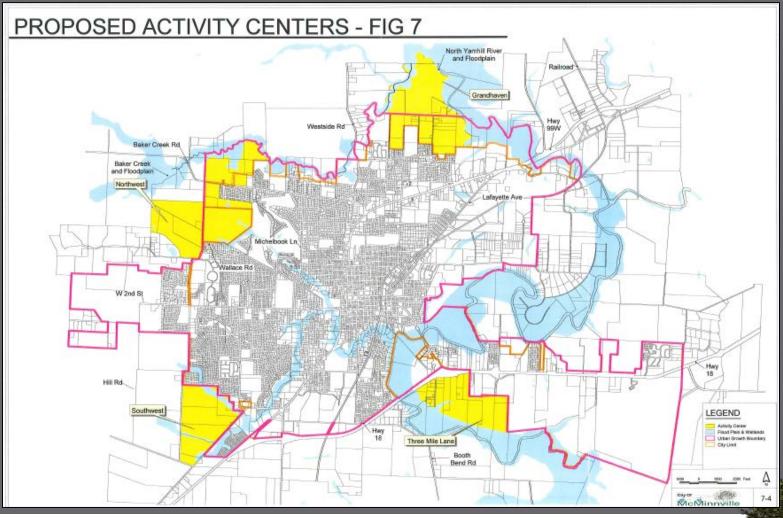


NEIGHBORHOOD ACTIVITY CENTERS

- ☐ Main component of original MGMUP
 - "...neighborhoods are each centered or organized around an activity center that would provide a range of land uses within walking distance of neighborhoods - preferably within a one-quarter mile area - including neighborhood-scaled retail, office, recreation, civic, school, day care, places of assembly, public parks and open spaces, and medical offices. Surrounding the activity center (or focus area) are support areas, which include the highest-density housing within the neighborhood, with housing densities progressively decreasing outward."

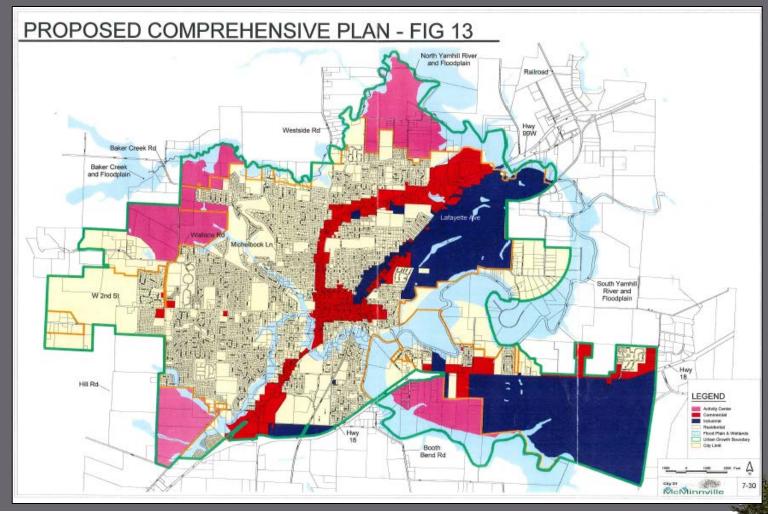
City of Civinnylle

NAC ORIGINAL LOCATIONS



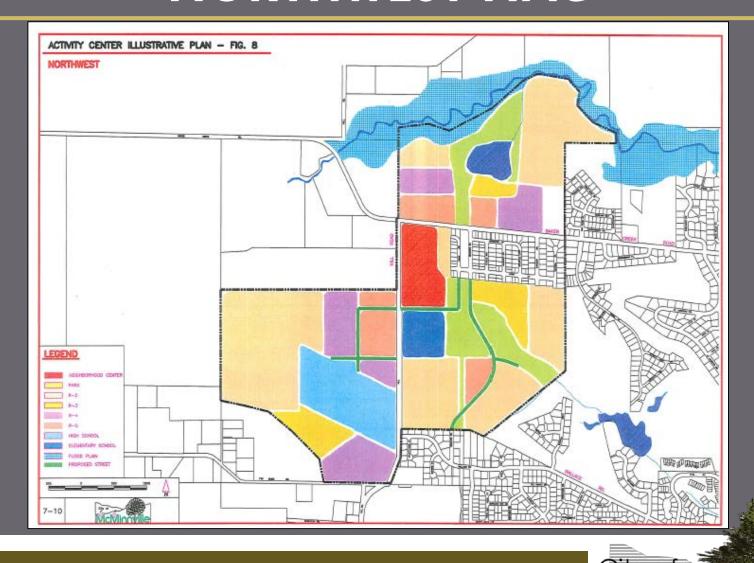


NAC ORIGINAL LOCATIONS



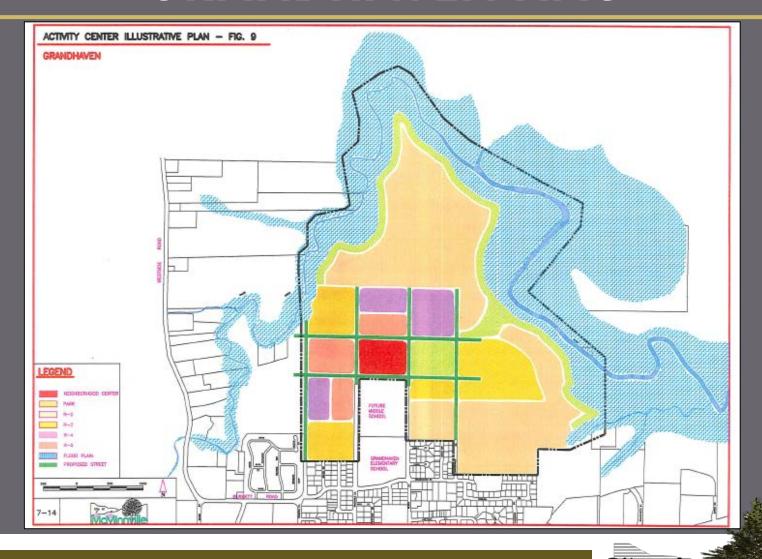


NORTHWEST NAC

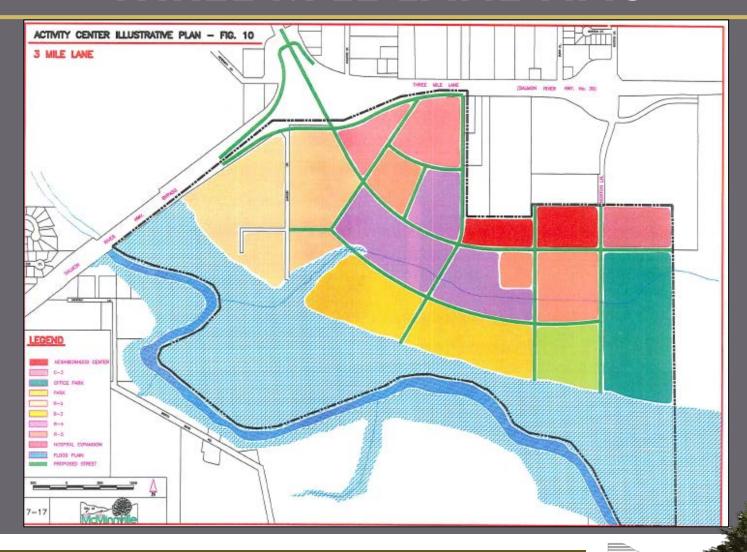




GRANDHAVEN NAC



THREE MILE LANE NAC





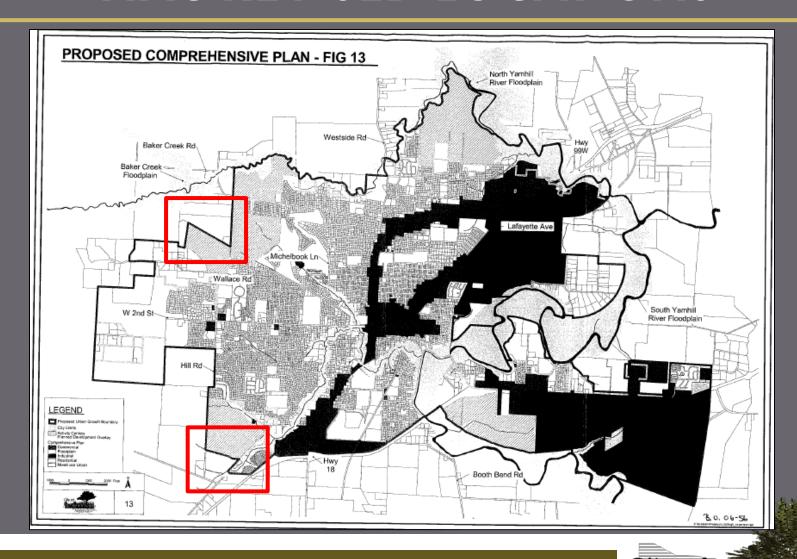
SOUTHWEST NAC



2006 NAC AMENDMENTS

Objections filed during DLCD review of 2003 submittal and LCDC hearings occurred in 2004 Ordinance 4841 (2006) amended NAC components of MGMUP: Floodplain areas removed Northwest NAC reduced in size ■ Southwest NAC reduced in size Removal of illustrative land use plans for all NACs Residential Comp Plan designations with PD overlays in areas previously identified for NACs Amended Policy 187 to require City to prepare plans for NAC areas at later date within planning period

NAC REVISED LOCATIONS







COURT OF APPEALS FINDINGS - NAC

LCDC's first defense--that the city appropriately identified a quantity of 12 needed NAC land and applied ORS 197.298(1) to that quantified need--fails because that is not what the city did. The city did determine that the NAC mixed-use category of land use would use less land than the traditional low-density residential development for housing needs. But the city did not quantify the amount of any needed mixed-use category of commercial and residential land uses and then apply the ORS 197.298(1) priorities to that quantified mixed-use need. To recall, ORS 197.298(1) is applied to determine if land of a particular priority "is found to be inadequate to accommodate the amount of land" determined to be needed. (Emphasis added.) Here, the city quantified the need for categories of residential, commercial, industrial, parkland, and other land uses and then applied the priorities to those quantitative needs. However, the city used the defined qualities of an NAC (e.g., size, location to downtown, and urban form) as a basis to rule out higher-priority land under ORS 197.298(1), and, in doing so, proved the wrong point.

COURT OF APPEALS SUMMARY

- City did not quantify the amount of needed mixed-use category of land (NAC lands for compact, pedestrianfriendly neighborhood centers).
- ☐ City used qualities of an NAC to exclude lands from inclusion in UGB, without identifying NAC as a land need.
- ☐ Findings for exclusion of land areas inconsistent and not specific enough to identified land needs.



REMAND PROPOSED APPROACH

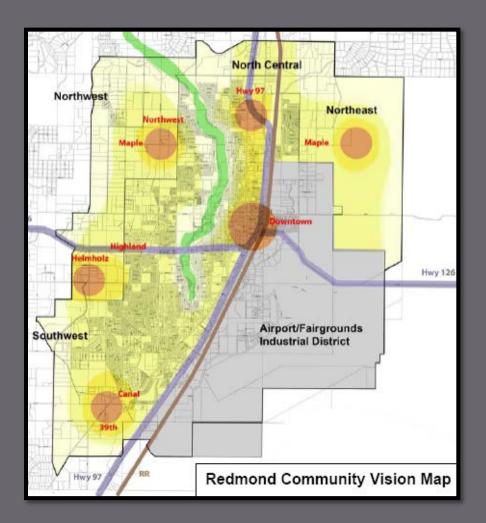
NAC to be included as a policy approach

☐ Similar to 2006 amendments

However, the following changes to 2006 approach:

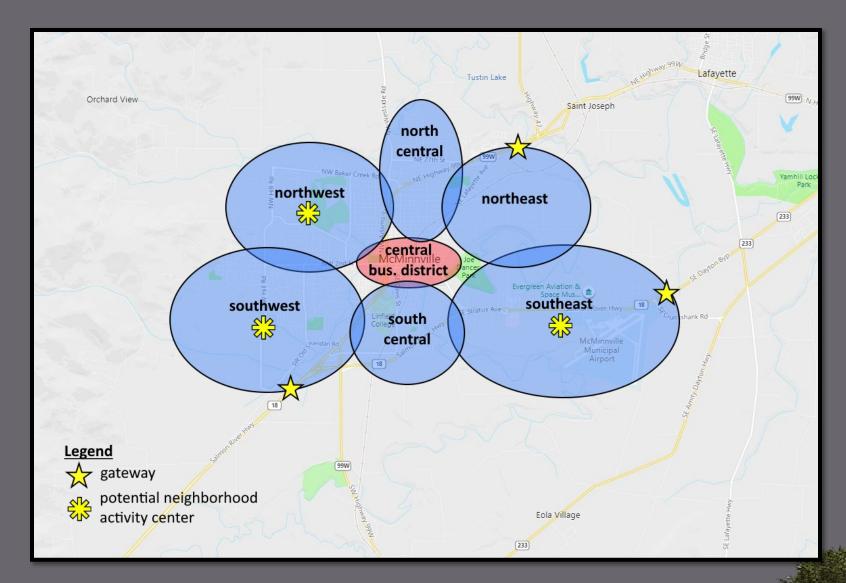
- No specific locations will be identified, approximate areas identified on a framework plan.
- ☐ Implementation Methodology after UGB Amendment:
 - Policy will describe characteristics of an NAC, such as required size, locational factors, land uses
 - City will create area plans based on the framework plan after UGB amendment and use area plans for master planning prior to annexation.





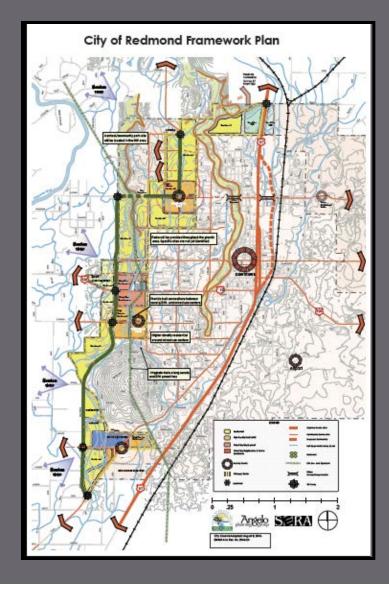
BUBBLE DIAGRAM OPPORTUNITIY AREAS











FRAMEWORK PLAN – UGB LANDS

Conceptual guide for future lands in the UGB holding zone.

General guidance to community form and design.

Promote Great Neighborhood Principles with commercial centers that are bike and pedestrian friendly with public spaces.



Redmond Framework Plan Angelo SERA (1)

AREA PLANS:

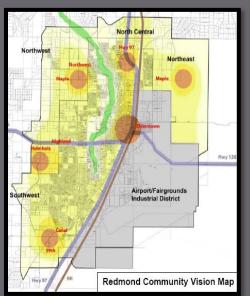
- Public facilities are cohesive and adequate
- Schools
- Mix of housing units





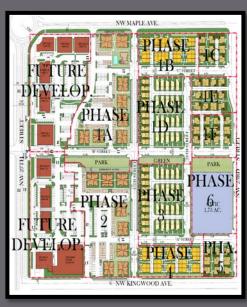


OPPORTUNITY TO SITE









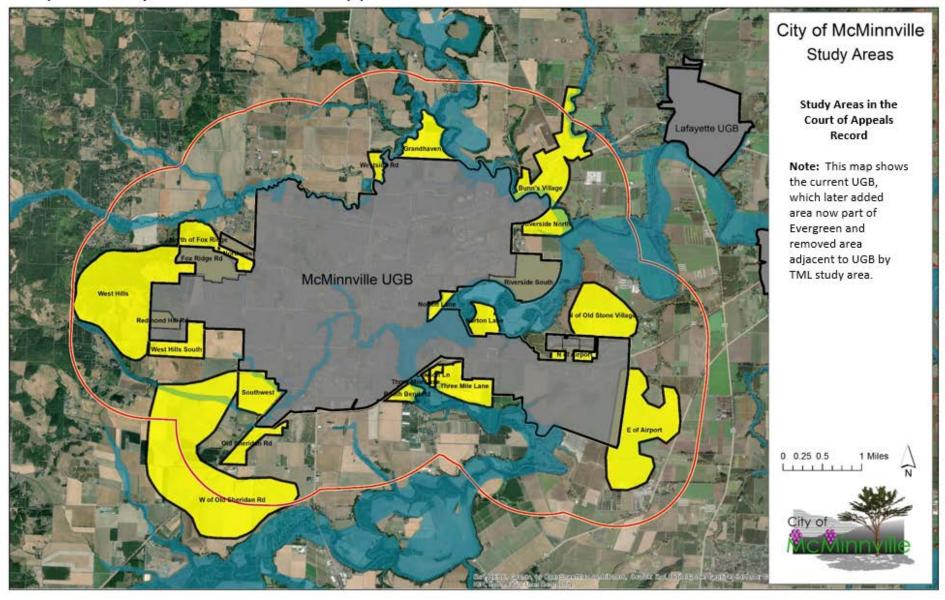


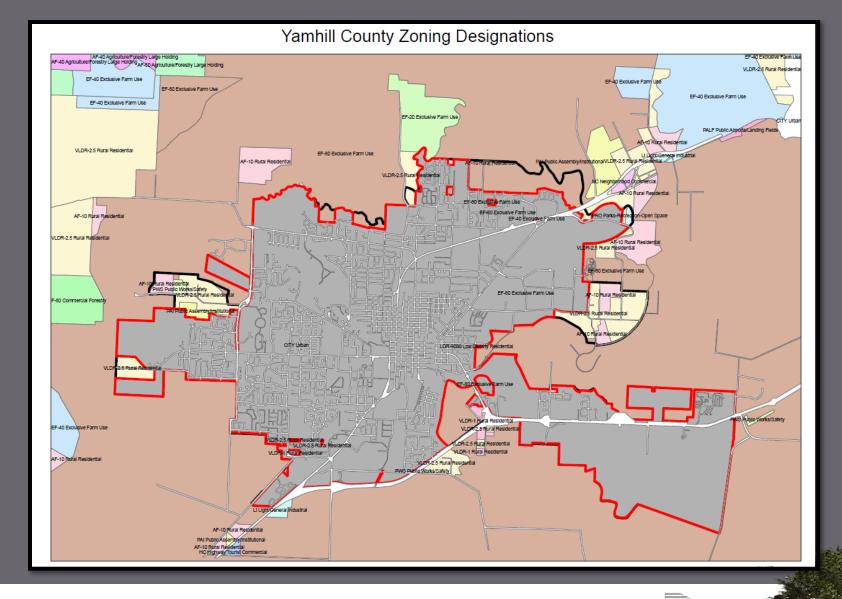
COURT DIRECTION – STEP TWO: DETERMINE THE ADEQUACY OF CANDIDATE LANDS UNDER ORS 197.298 (1) AND (3)

PART ONE: IDENTIFY BUILDABLE LAND IN STUDY AREA



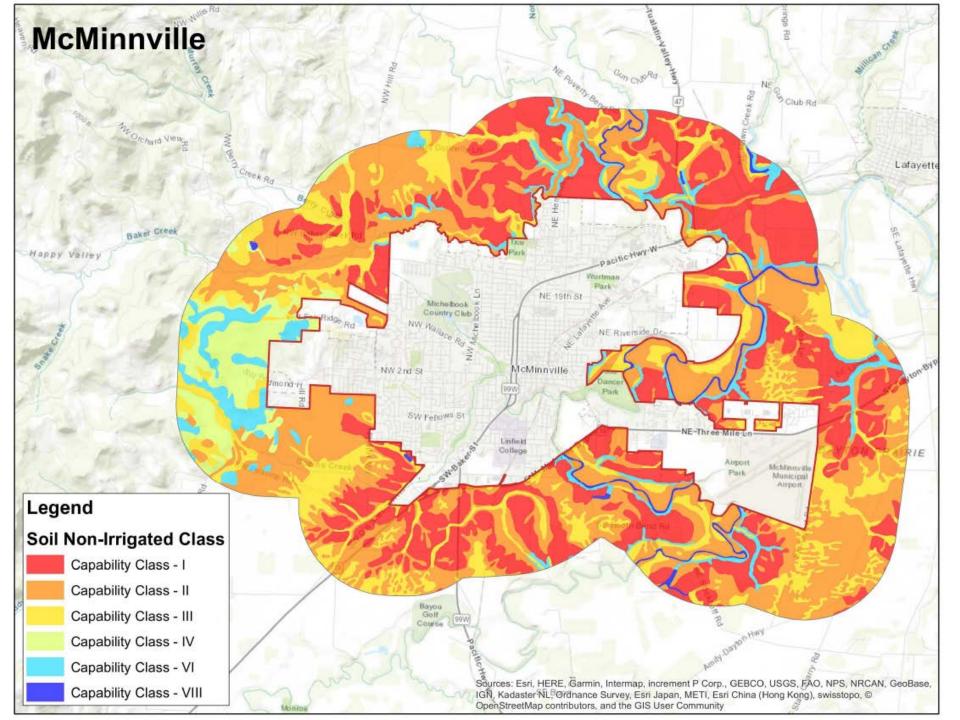
Map 1. Study Areas in Court of Appeals Record







City of Winny



CITY MGMUP SUBMITTAL

Resource Land Evaluation

The amount of gross vacant buildable land contained within the above described exception land sub-areas-Riverside South, Redmond Hill Road, Lawson Lane, and Fox Ridge Road-is inadequate to meet the previously identified land need for the planning period.

As such, the City has conducted an analysis of the farm and forest lands (resource lands) that surround the McMinnville urban growth boundary to determine their ability to reasonably accommodate the identified unmet land need.



CITY MGMUP SUBMITTAL

The City looked first at all resource lands <u>within one mile</u> of the current urban growth boundary that met the following criteria:

- 1. Resource lands that are surrounded by the existing urban growth boundary, and the Yamhill River, Baker Creek, or Panther Creek;
- 2. Resource land surrounded on three sides by the existing UGB, non-resource lands, and/or other significant natural or man-made edge (e.g., slope, floodplain or arterial street); and/or
- 3. Resource land needed to allow extension of public facilities to serve land within the existing UGB.



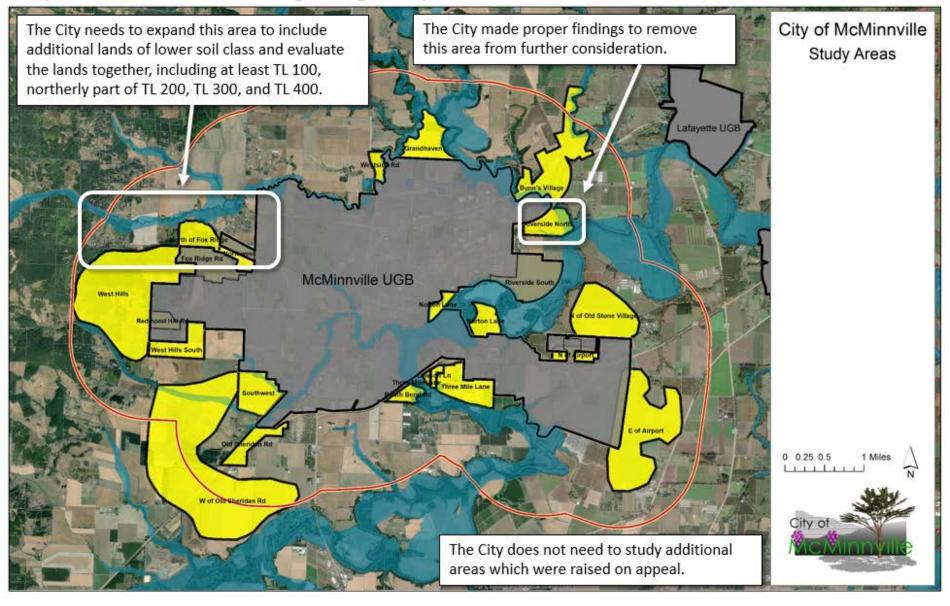
COURT OF APPEALS SUMMARY

"OAR 660-004-0020(2)(b)(C) did not require the city to evaluate any particular alternative site proposed by petitioners.

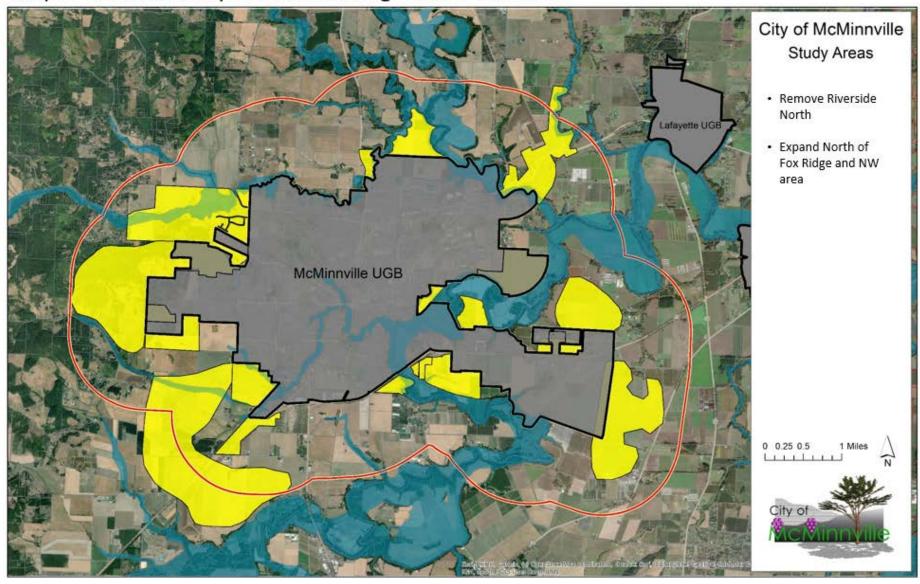
Instead, the city applied particular criteria (e.g., within one mile of the 1981 UGB, composition of Class III or IV soils, and within prescribed geographic boundaries) to inventory the lands to be studied. Petitioners did not object to the city or LCDC that those inventory criteria were unlawful or that they had been misapplied to petitioners' suggested alternative resource lands areas. Thus, the commission did not err in failing to require the city to study those areas for inclusion."



Map 2. Court's Direction Regarding Study Areas



Map 3. Revised Study Areas Reflecting Court's Direction



COURT OF APPEALS SUMMARY

MGMUP, Section III. Guiding Principles for Future Land Use:

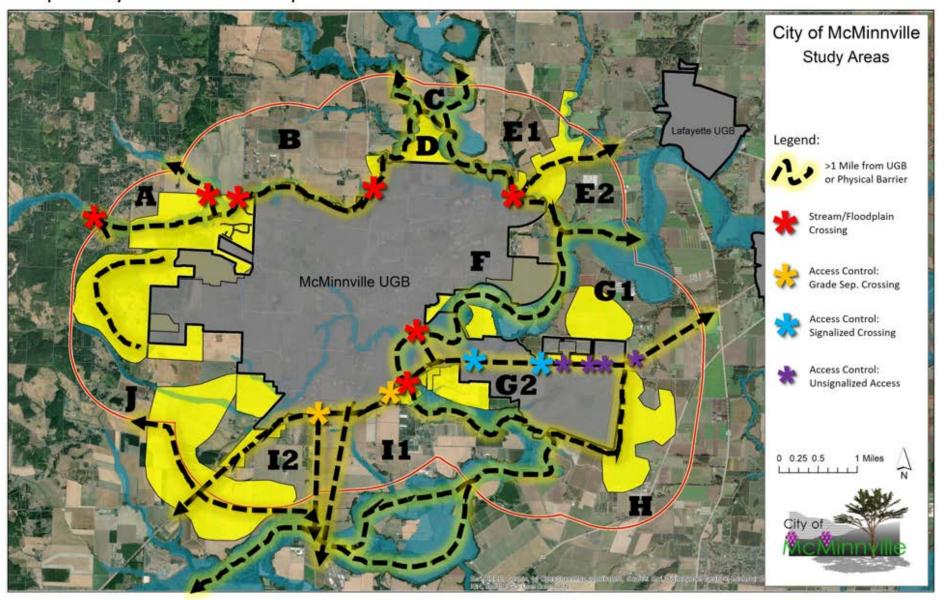
Principle 7: UGB Expansions: Contain urban expansion within natural and physical boundaries, to the extent possible. (cont.)

Expansion of the McMinnville urban growth boundary should, therefore, to the extent possible and permitted by law:

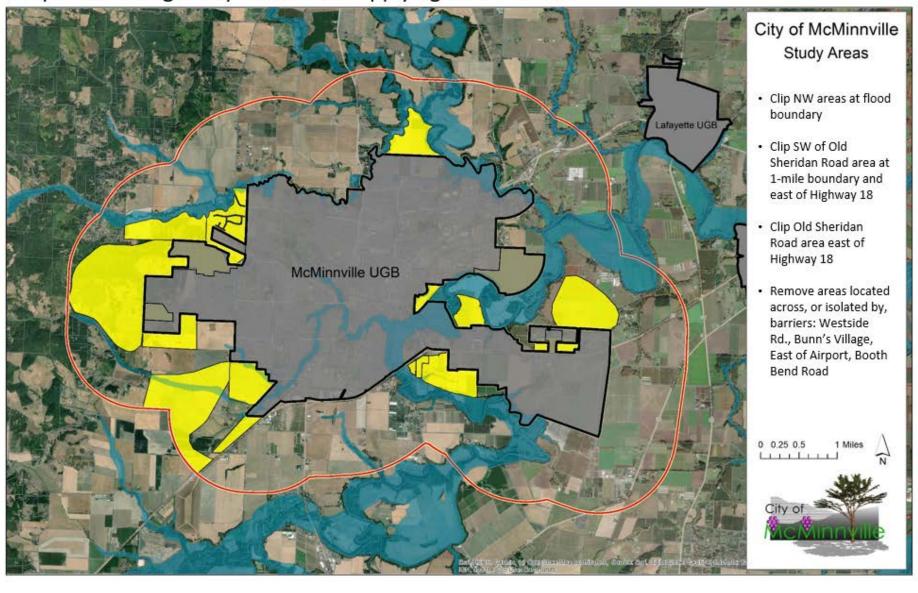
- Stay west and north of the South Yamhill River;
- Stay south and west of the North Yamhill River;
- Stay south of Baker Creek Road; and
- Not cross south of Hwy 18, west of the Yamhill River



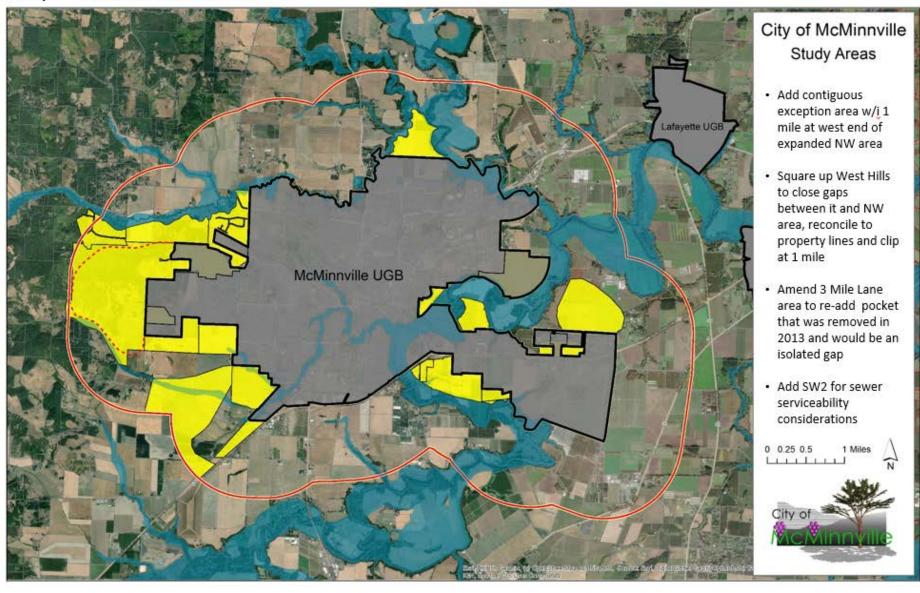
Map 4. Physical Barriers Map



Map 5. Resulting Study Areas After Applying Barriers Filters



Map 6. Further Revisions



REMAND – NEXT STEPS

<u>Tasks</u> - Technical

Map what's not buildable?

- Flood plains, steep slopes, landslide hazards.
- Physical Barriers: Baker Creek, N. Yamhill
 River, airport, etc.



REMAND – NEXT STEPS

Major Tasks — Technical

Map what's not Buildable?

- Natural resource conservation areas.
- Land that cannot be served by public facilities. Jacobs Engineering.
- Hazard Areas Goal 7



HAZARDS STUDY: EVALUATING CONSTRAINTS AND HAZARDS IN STUDY AREAS



GOAL 7 – AREAS SUBJECT TO NATURAL HAZARDS

Oregon Land Use Goal #7 requires local governments to adopt comprehensive plans inventories, policies and implementing measures to reduce risk to people and property from natural hazards.

Natural hazards for purposes of this goal are: floods, landslides, earthquakes, wildfire, etc.



NEW HAZARD INFORMATION FOR MCMINNVILLE

State Hazard Mitigation Plan — Just Released Draft (Chapter on Yamhill County — HR Landslides and Earthquakes)

Yamhill County NHMP — Draft Update in Circulation

McMinnville NHMP - Addendum to YC NHMP in Circulation

McMinnville Hazards Study – Just Completed – UGB/URA



GOAL 7 NATURAL HAZARD STUDY

Purpose of Natural Hazard study:

- Inventory mappable natural hazards
- Consider management options for hazard areas
- Suggest policy/mapping amendments to Comp. Plan.

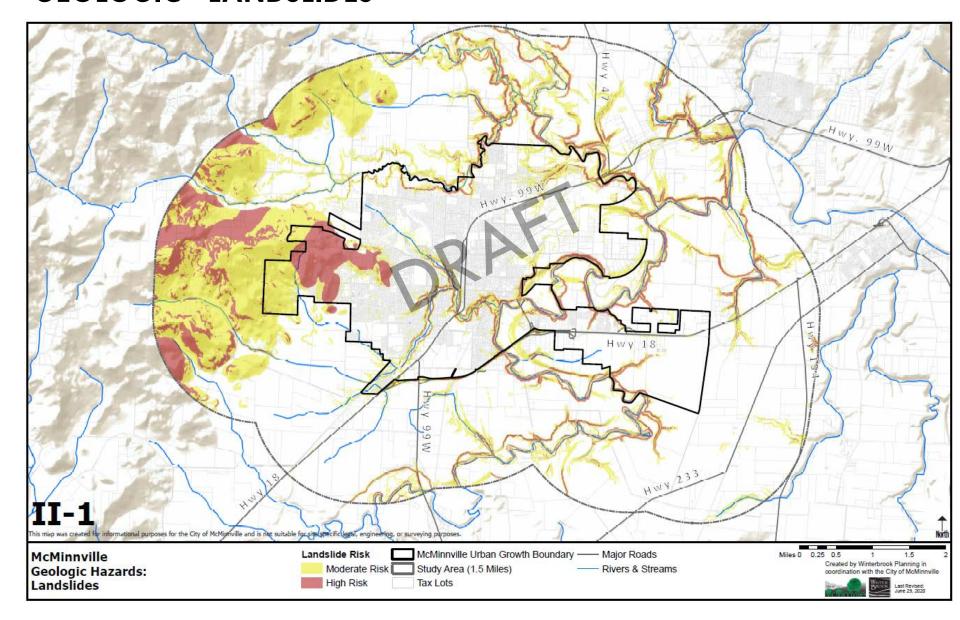


MAPPABLE HAZARDS

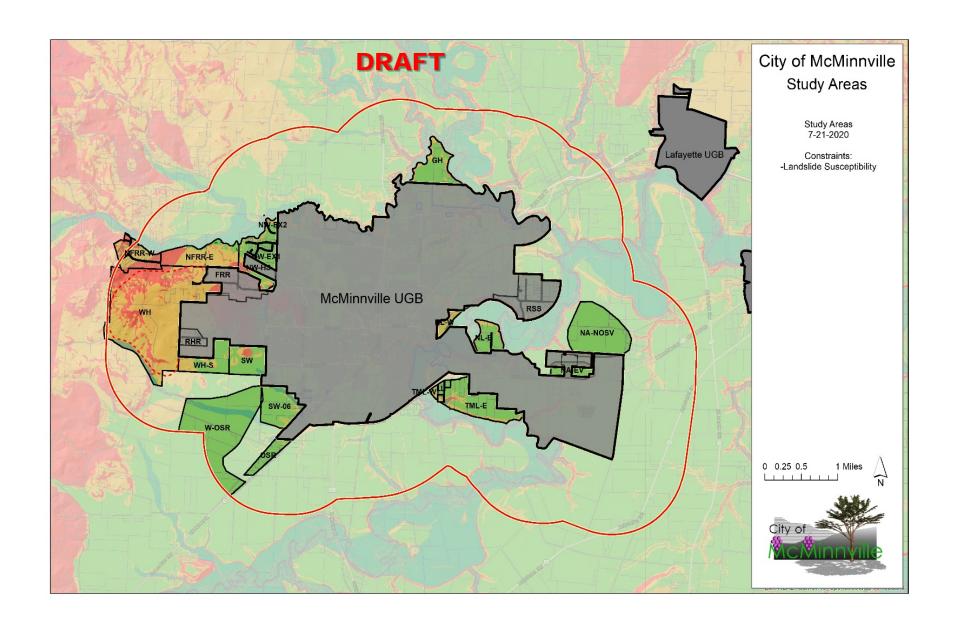
- Geological Hazards
 - Landslide
 - Steep Slope
 - Earthquake Liquefaction
 - Earthquake Shaking
- Flood Hazards
- Wildfire Hazards
- Composite Hazards (areas with one or more overlapping hazard)



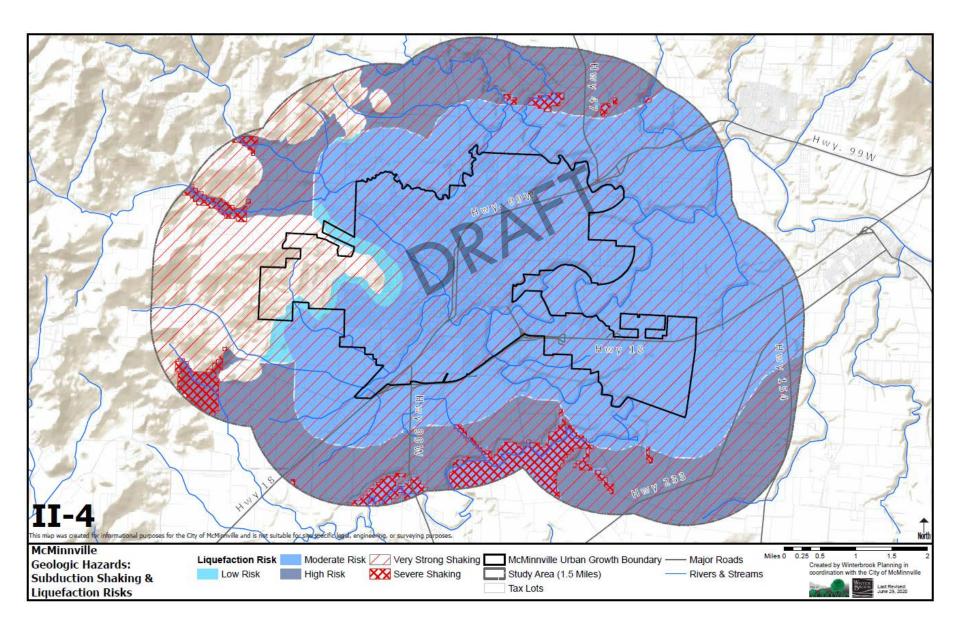
GEOLOGIC - LANDSLIDES



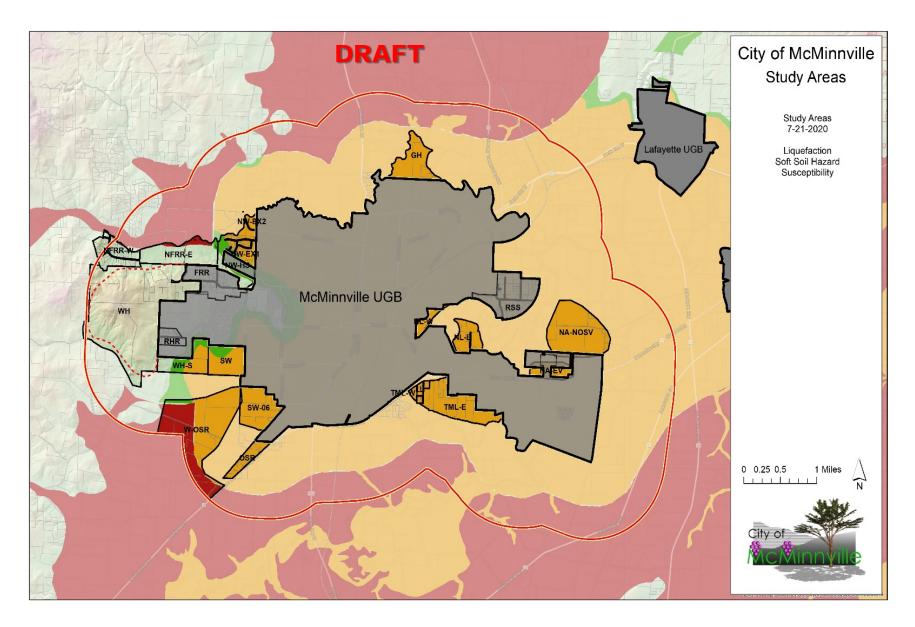
UGB REMAND RESPONSE STUDY AREA- LANDSLIDES



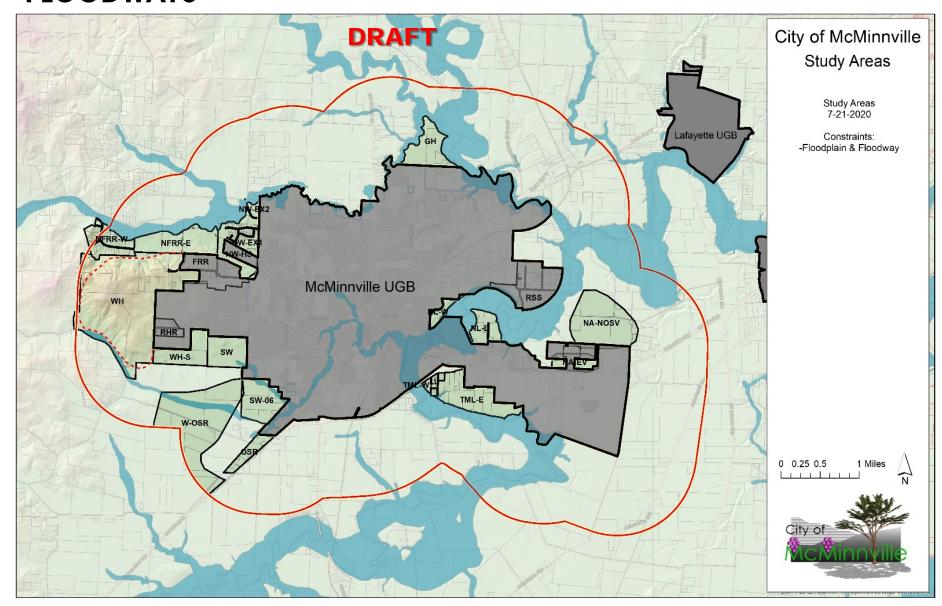
GEOLOGIC – LIQUEFACTION RISK



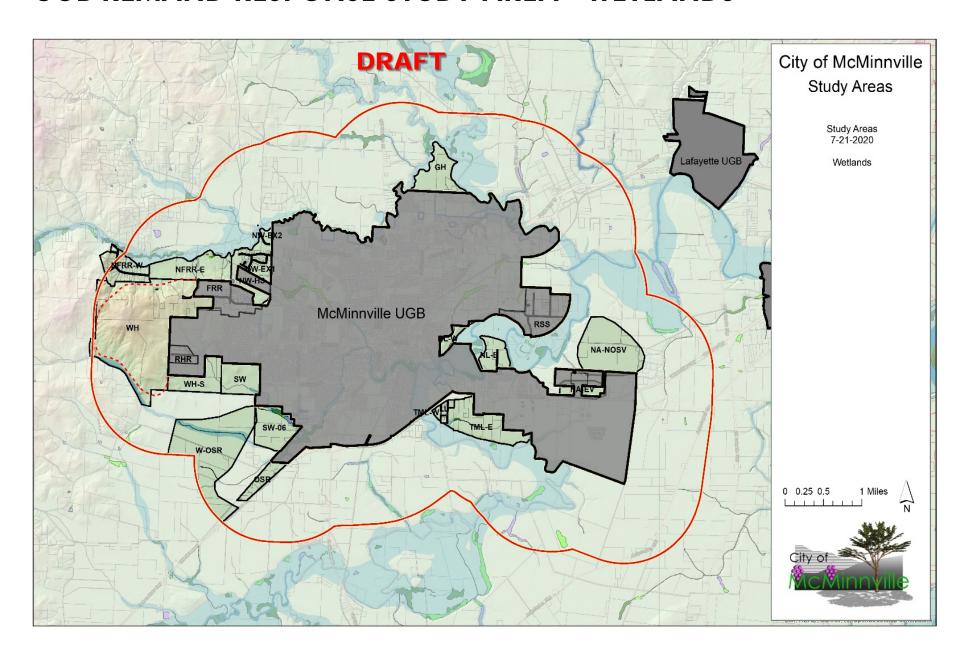
UGB REMAND RESPONSE STUDY AREA- LIQUEFACTION RISK



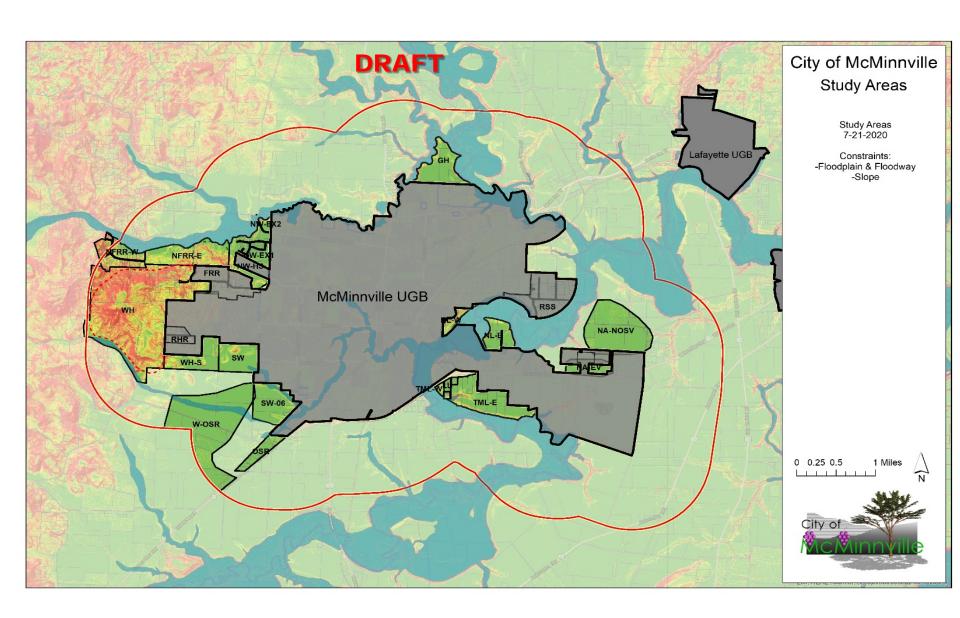
UGB REMAND RESPONSE STUDY AREA - FLOODPLAINS AND FLOODWAYS



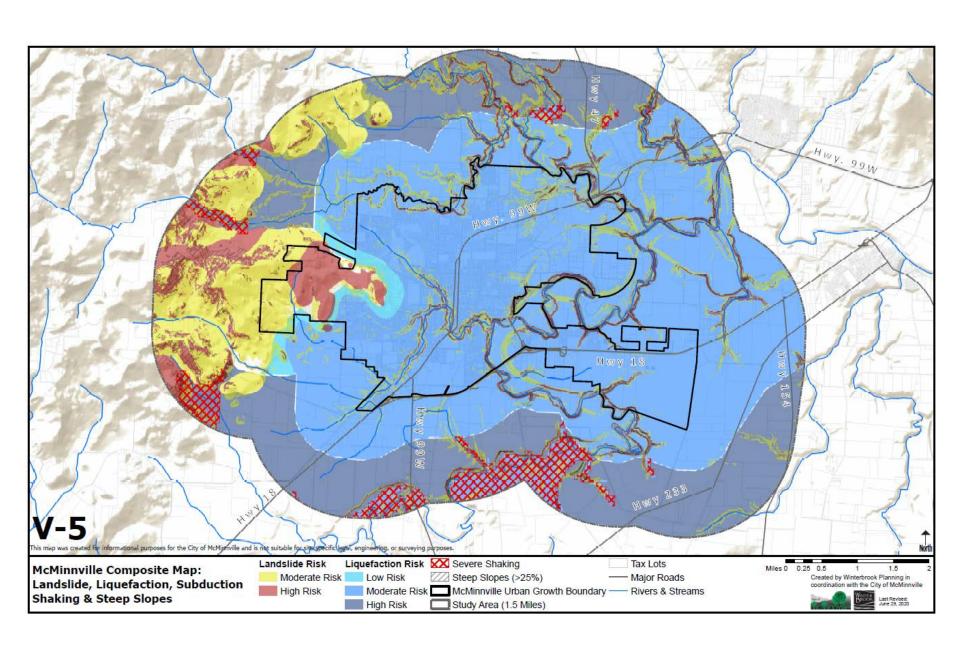
UGB REMAND RESPONSE STUDY AREA - WETLANDS



UGB REMAND RESPONSE STUDY AREA – STEEP SLOPES

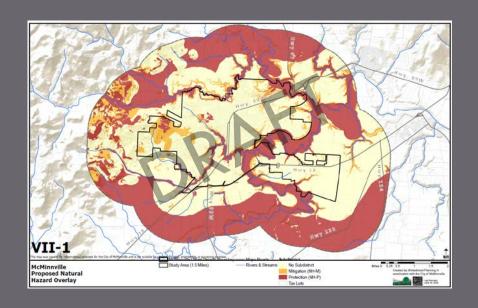


COMPOSITE HAZARD MAP – URA STUDY BOUNDARY



MANAGEMENT/POLICY OPTIONS

- Remand Evaluate as potential constraint
- Future Policy: Proposed Natural Hazard Overlay
- Proposed policy framework to help protect life and property from impact of hazards





COURT DIRECTION – STEP TWO: DETERMINE THE ADEQUACY OF CANDIDATE LANDS UNDER ORS 197.298 (1) AND (3)

PART TWO: LOCATIONAL ANALYSIS – INTEGRATING GOAL 14 AND ORS 197.298



ORS 197.298 - CREATE PRIORITY LANDS MAP

Take Final Buildable Lands Map

Identify Priority Land Analysis on Final Map

First Priority = Urban Reserve Land

Second Priority = Land adjacent to the UGB that is an exception area or non-resource land.

Third Priority = Land designated as marginal land.

Fourth Priority = Agricultural and Forest Lands



APPLY GOAL 14 LOCATION FACTORS TO PRIORITY BUILDABLE LANDS MAP

- (3) Orderly and economic provision for public facilities and services;
- (4) Maximum efficiency of land uses within and on the fringe of the existing urban area;



APPLY GOAL 14 LOCATION FACTORS TO PRIORITY BUILDABLE LANDS MAP

- (5) Environmental, energy, economic and social consequences;
- (6) Retention of agricultural land as defined, with Class I being the highest priority for retention and Class VI the lowest priority;



APPLY GOAL 14 LOCATION FACTORS TO PRIORITY BUILDABLE LANDS MAP

(7) Compatibility of the proposed urban uses with nearby agricultural activities.



APPLY GOAL 14 LOCATION FACTORS TO PRIORITY BUILDABLE LANDS MAP

Refine these with criteria that match local conditions and needs.

Apply them in priority order to study areas (i.e. exception land first).



UGB Study Area Screening Criteria											
						\perp					
	Goal 14 Factors										
Criteria Applied	economic or ware parties of the corosion of th	wines of	4) Makinum enge	Then Frince	S/Enwonnen Social Concon	W. Sequest	6/4G. Land p.	lefentio /	2/Compatibility w.	Marien S	
										Basis	
Public Facilities											
Extension Costs and											
feasibility	•		0							\$	
Existing Capacity Limits	•		0							\$	
Commercial/MFR Housing											
Acres <5% Slope			•							Numeric	
Development Costs			•		0					\$	
Distance to Services			•		0					Numeric	
Annex. Feasibility	0		•							Numeric	
Buildable Area			•		0					Numeric	
										4	



UGB Study Area Screening Criteria										
	Goal 14 Factors									
Criteria Applied	economic promision con son con con con con con con con con con c	"Wies of	4) Manimum effici	Than Frince	Slenuronment Society, Econom	W. Sequest	6/4G Land p	Telentis	2)Compatibility	Mune No
										Basis
Urban Integration										
Buildable Land %			•							Numeric
Bike/Ped Suitability	0		•		•					Qualitative
Neighbor. Continuity			•		•					Qualitative
Transit Access	0		•		•					Yes/No
Hazard Risks										
Landslide			0		•					Numeric
Slope			0		•					Numeric
Liquifaction			0		•					Numeric
Wildfire			0		•					Numeric

UCD Struke Area Saragaina Seitaria										
UGB Study Area Screeni	ng Criteria									
		_						H		
	Goal 14 Factors		, ,					_		
Criteria Applied	CONOMIC POSSION	The sail of the sa	4) Washing effect	Mon Frings	S) Emyronnent Societ & Control	"Seque"	6/46. Land D	Telenti	2)Compatibility	timesus.
										Basis
Priority Sequence										
Soil Class (I - VI)							•			Numeric
Priority Standing *							•			Numeric
Other										
Resource Conflict?			•		•				0	Yes/No
Park Accessibility/Suitability			•		•					Qualitative
Trail Accessibility/Suitability			•		•					Qualitative
Ag. Use Conflicts									•	Qualitative
* - ORS 197.298(1)										
- Primary concern										
o - Secondary concern										

Criteria Added for:

Suitability for needed low/moderate income housing and for neighborhood serving commercial.

Hazards including wildfire, liquefaction, severe shaking, landslides.



Metric Basis

Numeric - \$/acre, percentage, density

Comparative – Yes/No

Qualitative – Suitability for a use



Metric Basis

• 3-point high, medium, low rating

• 5-point scale



				Developable				Undevelopable
				Excellent/Very Good	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor
	List of Categories	Source	Description(s)	1	2	3	4	5
	Slopes	City	Rankings (1, 2, 3, 4, 5)	0% - 5%	5% - 10%	10% - 15%	15% - 25%	> 25% (Score = 0)
	Liquefaction Susceptibility	City	Rankings (2, 3, 4)	Low	Low-Moderate	Moderate	Moderate-High	High
	Landslide Hazard	City	Rankings (High, Mod, Low)	Low	N/A	Moderate	N/A	High
Developable?	Floodway	City	City, Floodway = means the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than a designated height.	None Present, Score = 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	Present; Score = 0
Develo	Floodzone A	City	City; A = Areas with a 1% chance of flooding and a 26% chance of flooding over the life of a 30-year mortgage.	None Present Score = 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	Present; Score = 0
	Floodzone AE	City	City, AE = the base floodplain where base flood elevations are provided - AE zones are now used on new format FIRMs instead of A1-A30 zones.	None Present Score = 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	Present; Score = 0
	Wesland	City	Presence	None Present Score = 1	N/A	N/A	N/A	Present; Score = 0
	Vegetation							
	Water	McMinnville Water & Light	Zone Bands based on 140-ft increments (roughly 65 psi)	Zone1	Zone2	Zone3	Zone4	Zone5
Serviceable?	Wastewater	City		Gravity service	Gravity service, extension longer than X feet	Pump Station Required	Pump Station High head >100 feet	Pump Station High Head > 150 feet
3	Bridge Structure Required	City	Water or railroad crossing(s) or other	No need	NA	short crossing	N/A	Not feasible
S	Connectivity to Existing road network	City	Need for new arterials, collectors and extensive road network to serve the development	Local Road or Extension of Existing Local Road	NA	Extension of Collector or Arterial	N/A	New Collector or Arterial
	Existing Roads - Capacity		Availabile capacity for additional traffic from development with future forecasts (Level of Service, LOS)	LOS A	LOS B	LOS C and LOS D	LOS E	LOSF
	Existing Roads - Wildening		Need for improvements of existing roads for additional traffic from development with future forecasts (Volume-to-capacity ratio, v/c)	w/c < 0.5	0.5 < v/c < 0.6	0.6 < v/o < 0.8	0.8 < v/o < 1.0	w/c>1.0



No one criteria or factor is determinant. Council must balance the pros and cons and decide which areas best meet identified needs.



FINAL OUTCOMES

UGB EXPANSION MAP that balances ORS 197.298 (Land Priority Structure) and Goal 14 (Locational Factors) per the direction of the Court's Decision.



NEXT STEPS

- Next Week Growing McMinnville Mindfully Website
- ❖ July 30 BOCC Presentation
- August 25 CC Update (Buildable Lands Map, Servicability Analysis, Screening Criteria)
- Late September Draft UGB Map
- Late October Draft Documents
- ❖ November Joint CC/BOCC Meeting
- December Joint CC/BOCC Public Hearing and Adoption



GROWTH PLANNING - MCMINNVILLE, Moving Forward Mindfully









From MINDFULLY