August 19, 2021 Planning Commission Work Session

### G 2-21. Housing Amendments

- Existing Single-Family Dwellings in C-3 Zone
- City Center Housing Overlay Zone
- Temporary Use of RV During Construction



- Public Hearing scheduled for September 16
- Legislative Hearing
- Amendments to Zoning Ordinance (Page 125 of packet):

Amend Chapters 17.33, 17.54, 17.60, 17.63, Add Chapter 17.66

- Allow <u>existing</u> single-family dwellings as a permitted use in the C-3 zone.
- Establish a City Center Housing Overlay Zone and associated provisions within Overlay (C-3 density, parking number and location, nonconforming setbacks)
- Allow temporary use of RV during home construction





### **Criteria:**

### **Comprehensive Plan:**

• Applicable Goals and Policies



1. Allow <u>existing</u> single-family dwelling (SFD) in C-3 zone as a permitted use.

- SFDs are not a permitted use in the C-3 zone.
- Intent is to limit proliferation of lower-density housing development and/or subdivisions on land designated for commercial use at appropriate locations
- Existing SFDs are a nonconforming use in C-3 zone, and can't be expanded, such as adding a bedroom.
- Existing SFDs aren't inherently in conflict with C-3 uses.
- Proposed amwndmnet would allow



# 1. Allow <u>existing</u> single-family dwelling (SFD) in C-3 zone as a permitted use. (continued)

- Proposed amendment would designate existing SFDs in C-3 zone as a permitted use, subject to the following:
  - Lots for these uses would be limited to their current size and cannot be expanded.
  - Must not cease its residential use for more than a year or it loses its permitted use status.
  - Short-term rentals and owner-occupied short-term rentals are considered residential use for purposes of determining continuation of residential use.



# 1. Allow <u>existing</u> single-family dwelling (SFD) in C-3 zone as a permitted use. (continued)

- Questions:
  - Should this also apply to existing duplexes in the C-3 zone?
  - As with SFDs, they aren't a permitted use in C-3 and are regulated under nonconforming use provisions.



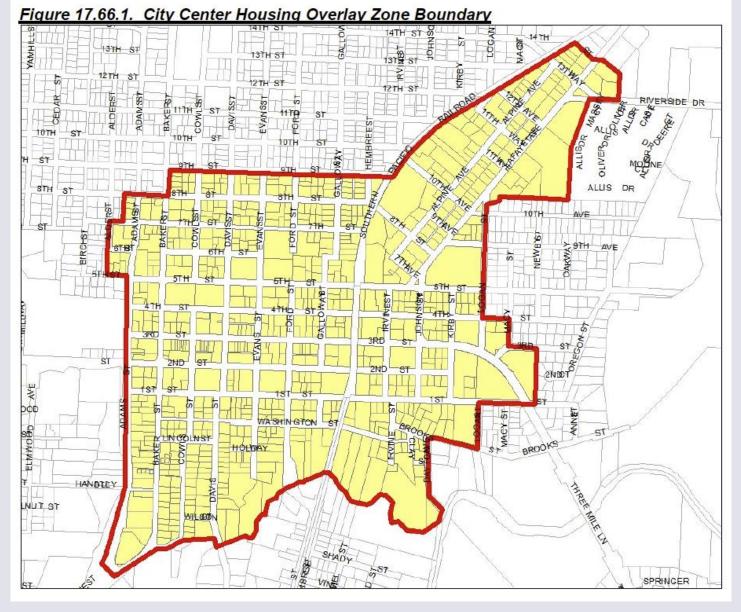
### 2. Establish City Center Housing Overlay Zone and Associated Provisions

- City Center Housing Strategy Recommended by MURAC and PAC
- City Council approved the City Center Housing Strategy by Resolution 2021-27 on May 11, 2021.
- Purpose: "Create a strategy to potentially increase and incentive more housing within the city center area and the surrounding higher density residential zones where there may be more capacity for additional housing opportunities."
- Proposed amendments establish overlay zone where provisions apply and implements initial Action Items that remove barriers, which would make a difference to housing development/redevelopment.



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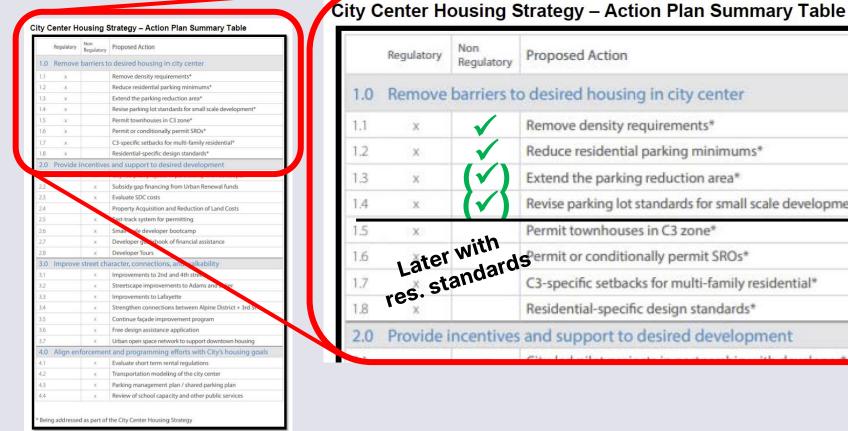
2. Establish City Center Housing Overlay Zone and Associated Provisions (continued)

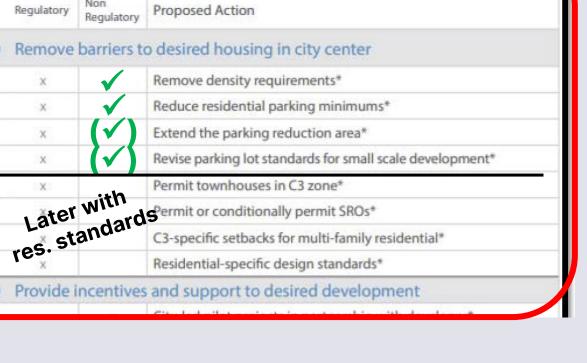






#### 2. Establish City Center Housing Overlay Zone and **Associated Provisions (continued)**







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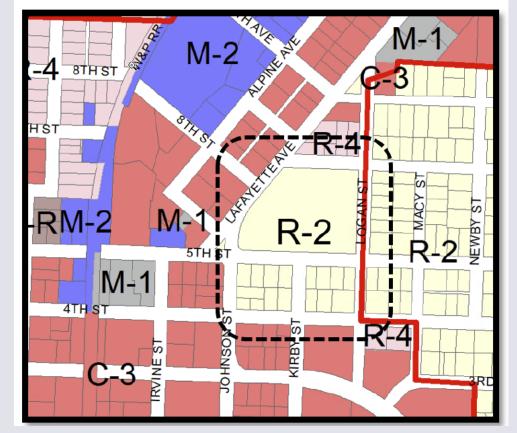
### 2. Establish City Center Housing Overlay (CCHO) Zone and Associated Provisions (continued)

- Establish boundary/applicability
- Specify density provisions of R-4 zone don't apply to multi-family or condominiums in C-3 zone within CCHO Zone
  - Currently, multi-family and condos are subject to R-4 regs and density in C-3 zone as permitted use. Multi-family can exceed R-4 density in C-3 in a defined core area as a conditional use.
  - ~16-29 du/ac based on # of bedrooms
  - (No similar density limit applies in O-R zone).
- Reduce off-street parking to 1 space/dwelling in CCHO
- Allow res parking within 500 feet of property vs. on-site with recorded binding parking agreement
- Allow nonconforming multi-family structure destroyed by calamity to be replaced based on C-3 rather than R-4 setbacks without the current restriction of limiting to same number of units.
  - (May be codified as a standard when core areas residential standards are adopted).



#### 2. Establish City Center Housing Overlay (CCHO) Zone and Associated Provisions (continued)

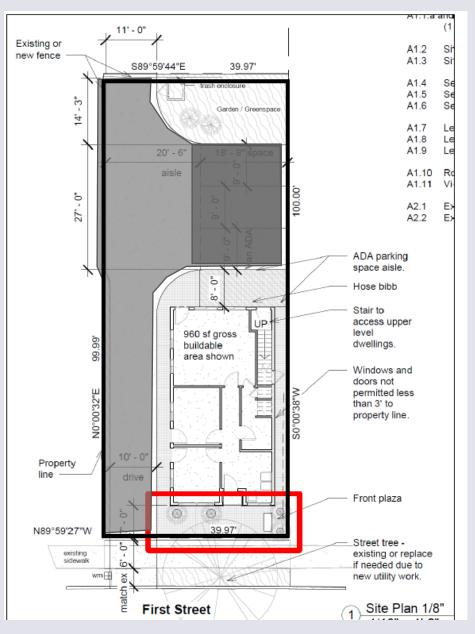
- Questions:
- The study area boundary included s small low-density (R-2) zoned areas by Lafayette and 5<sup>th</sup> Street. This is in the NE Gateway Overlay and Urban Renewal District. Should this area be retained in the Overlay Zone or removed?





#### 2. Establish City Center Housing Overlay (CCHO) Zone and Associated Provisions (continued)

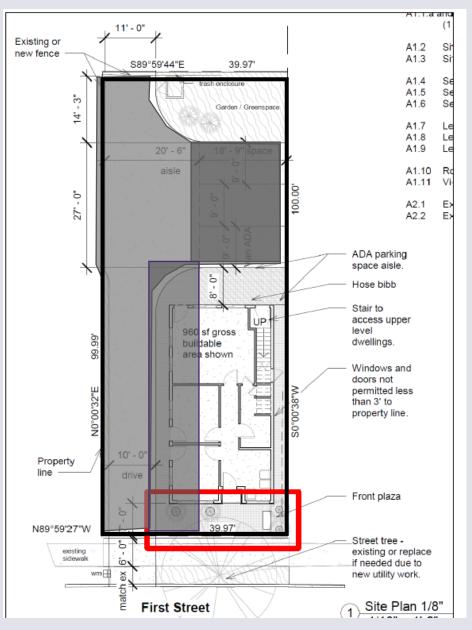
- Questions:
  - Is 500' off-site parking standard the right distance? Currently, off-site parking isn't allowed for residential uses. Parking is already allowed offsite within 200 feet for other uses
  - (There are also core areas where no off-street parking and reduced off-street parking are allowed for nonresidential uses only).



#### City of McMinnville

#### 2. Establish City Center Housing Overlay (CCHO) Zone and Associated Provisions (continued)

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  - Is 500' off-site parking standard the right distance? Currently, off-site parking isn't allowed for residential uses. Parking is already allowed offsite within 200 feet for other uses
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3. Allow temporary use of an RV as a residence on a property while a home is being constructed (or MH installed) on the same property.

- Cost-effective to be on one property during construction, also allows move out of previous housing making available for others to occupy.
- Subject to certain requirements
  - Intended to ensure it can only be occupied if there is no other occupied dwelling on the property
  - Timeliness, maximum of 18 months during construction (6 months for MH installation).
  - If not self contained and connected on-site to sewer and water, then RV/vehicles would need to be on compacted gravel or paved portion of site during temporary use. (Assumes paved would likely be used if already present, otherwise compacted gravel).



3. Allow temporary use of an RV as a residence on a property while a home is being constructed (or MH installed) on the same property.

• Questions:

- Is the requirement for gravel or paved surface too onerous?



#### Questions / considerations submitted in advance

- Question about "removal" in CCHO is about removing properties with lowdensity zoning from <u>boundary</u>, not about removing the <u>housing</u>.
- Off-Site Parking.
  - Often this is shared on another private property.
  - On small sites, the site area needed for even one off-street parking space can be significant. If parking is required to be behind the building and have a 2-way drive aisle, and have landscape screening, then much of the site is just circulation to get to the parking.
  - This adds up if each site must provide this on each site. Significant area is devoted just to drive aisles to access the limited number of spaces on each site.
  - Site efficiencies and economies of scale can be achieved if a space or spaces can be used/ added to another site that already has this.
- Should City consider allowing RVs as ADUs? (Not part of proposed scope of amendment). Currently, the safe overnight parking program allows this on a temporary basis.
- Enforcing time limit on completing construction
- Economic impact of reduced parking requirement?



### • Thank you!

Additional questions?

