

McMinnville OR 99W (NE McDonald Lane to Linfield Avenue) Active Transportation Concept Plan

Planning Commission – City Council Work Session 04/27/2021

Agenda

- Project Background
- Draft Concept Plan
- Discussion
- Overview of Adoption Process



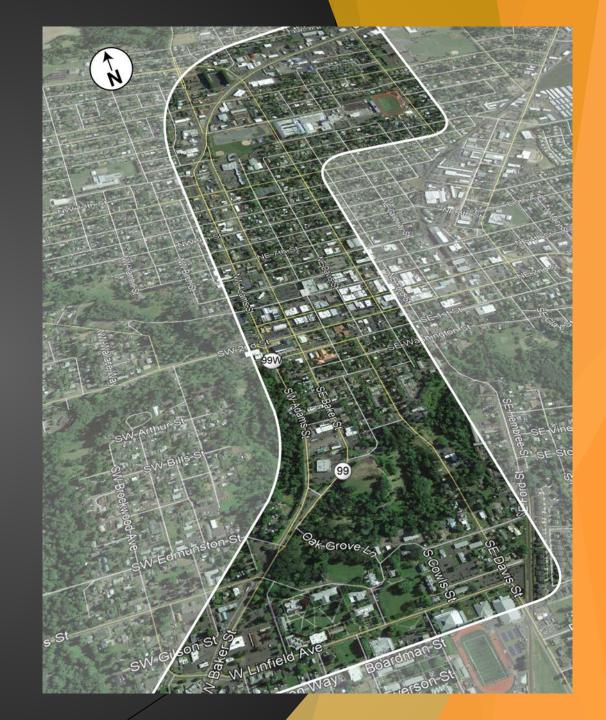
Project Background

- Project Study Area
- Corridor Vision
- Project Overview
- Evaluation Criteria
- Existing Conditions and Future Needs



Study Area

- Study Area: OR 99 between NE McDonald Road (north) and Linfield Avenue (south)
 - Parallel side streets considered as alternative bicycle routes





Corridor Vision Statement

"The primary purpose of the McMinnville Active Transportation Concept Plan is to identify improvements in the OR 99W corridor that will result in a safer, more comfortable, and attractive place to walk, bike, roll and facilitate transit use"



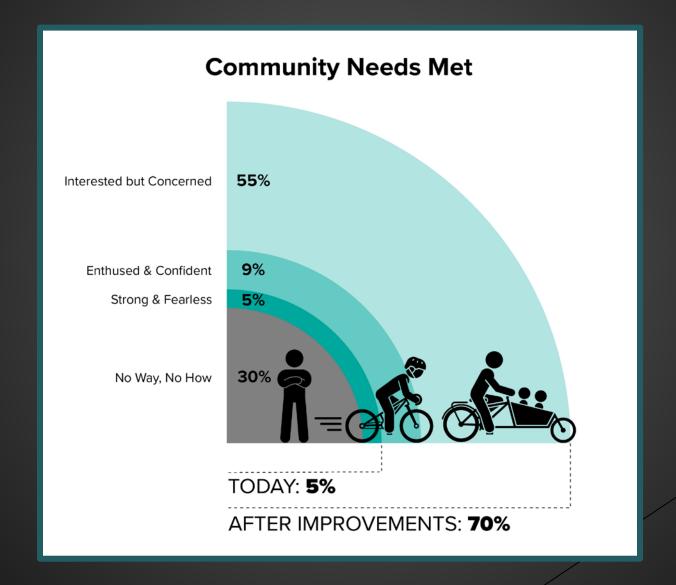






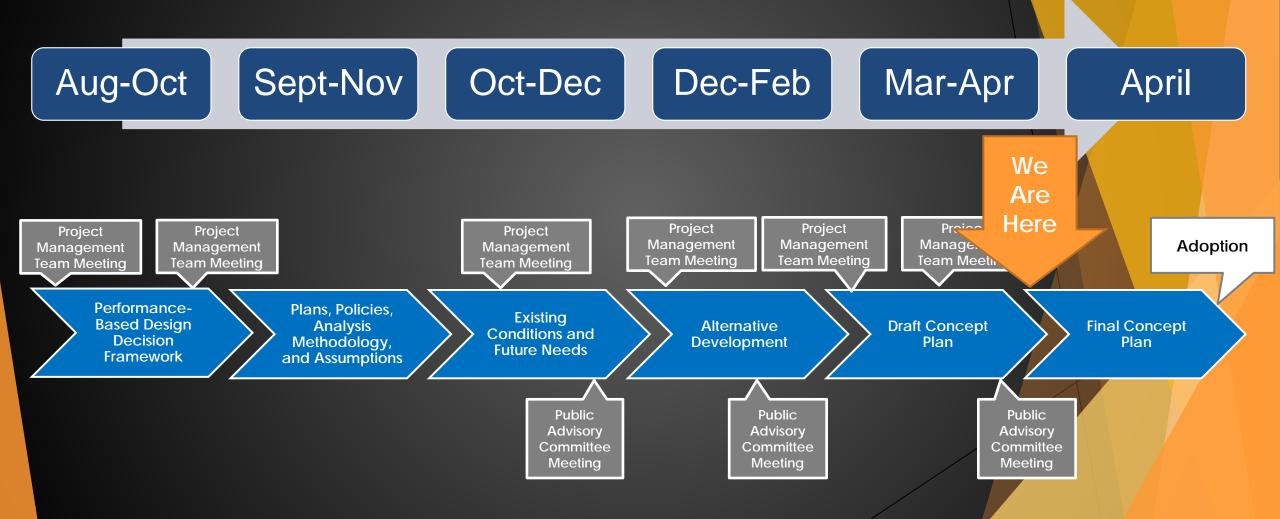


What does this mean to the community?





Project Overview





Evaluation Criteria















Complete Streets



Connectivity

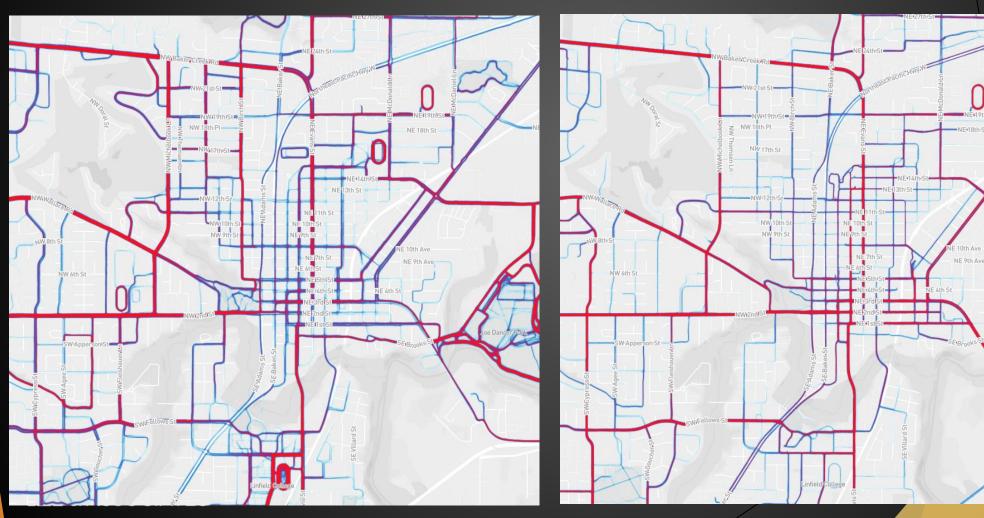


Where Are People Walking and Biking Today?

Strava Heatmap - Walking/Running

Strava Heatmap - Biking

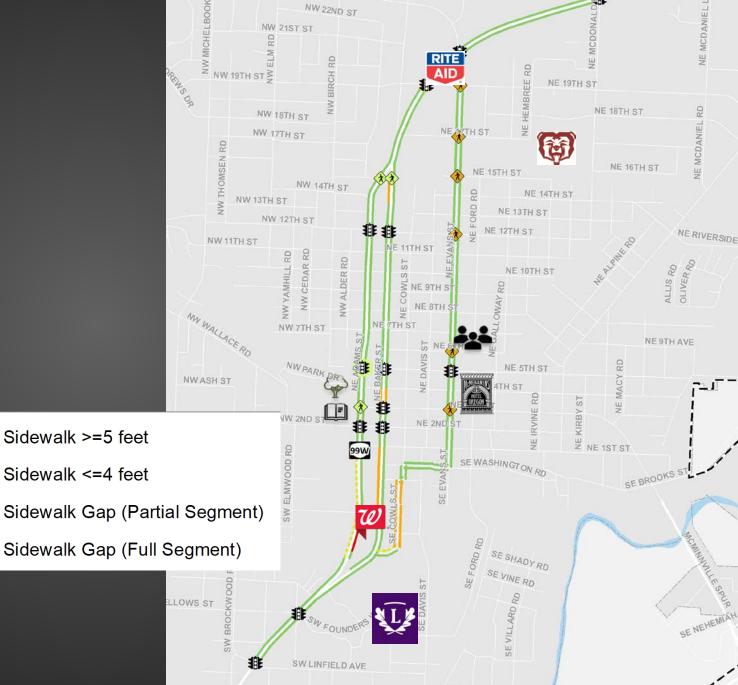
Higher Activity



Lower Activity

Existing Walking and Rolling Network

- Sidewalks
- Crossing Opportunities
- ADA Ramps



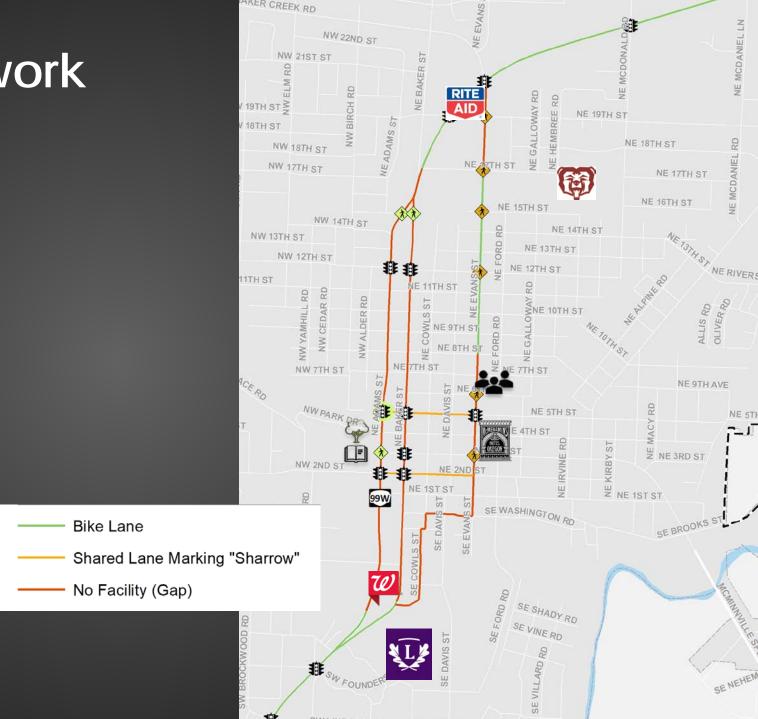
NE 24TH ST

NW BAKER CREEK RD



Existing Biking Network

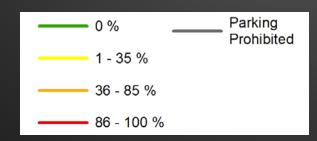
- Bike Lanes
- Sharrows



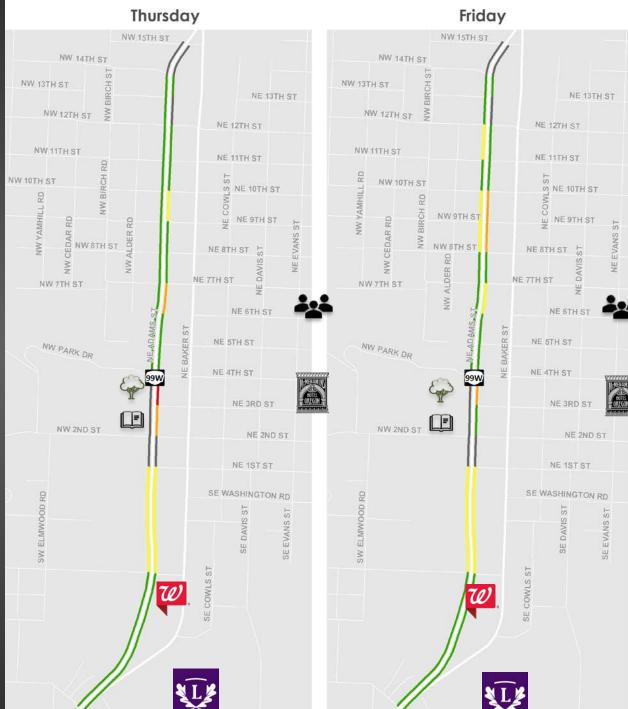


Existing Parking Demand

- October 2020
- Consistent with historic data
 - Downtown StrategicParking Plan
 - ▶ Google Street View
- Parking demand could be accommodated along one side of Adams Street







Safety Analysis

No fatal crashes involving people walking or biking within the last five years.

Crash Type	OR 99W (outside couplet)	Adams Street	Baker Street	Davis Street	Evans Street		
Walking	8	7	3	0	2		
Biking	4	3	5	2	2		
Total	12	10	8	2	4		

Bicycle Crashes Pedestria

- Serious Injury (A)
- Moderate Injury (B)
- Minor Injury (C)

Pedestrian Crashes

Serious Injury (A)



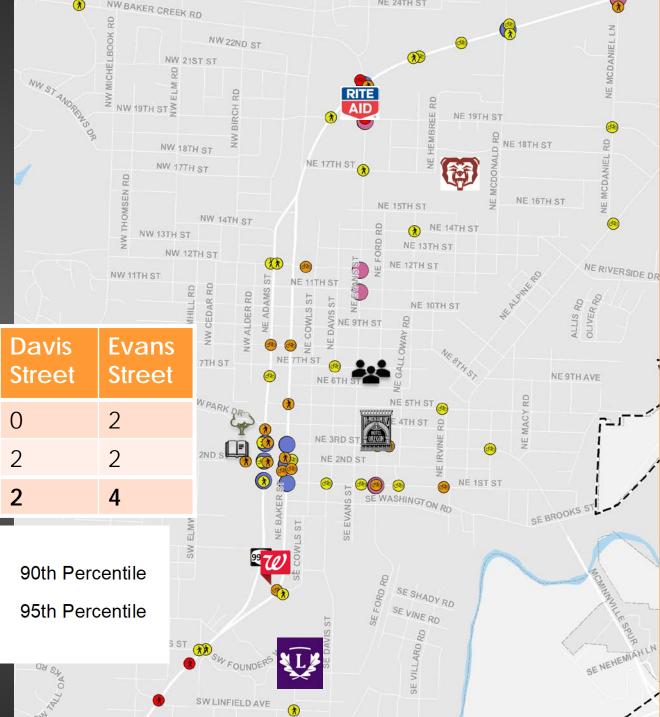
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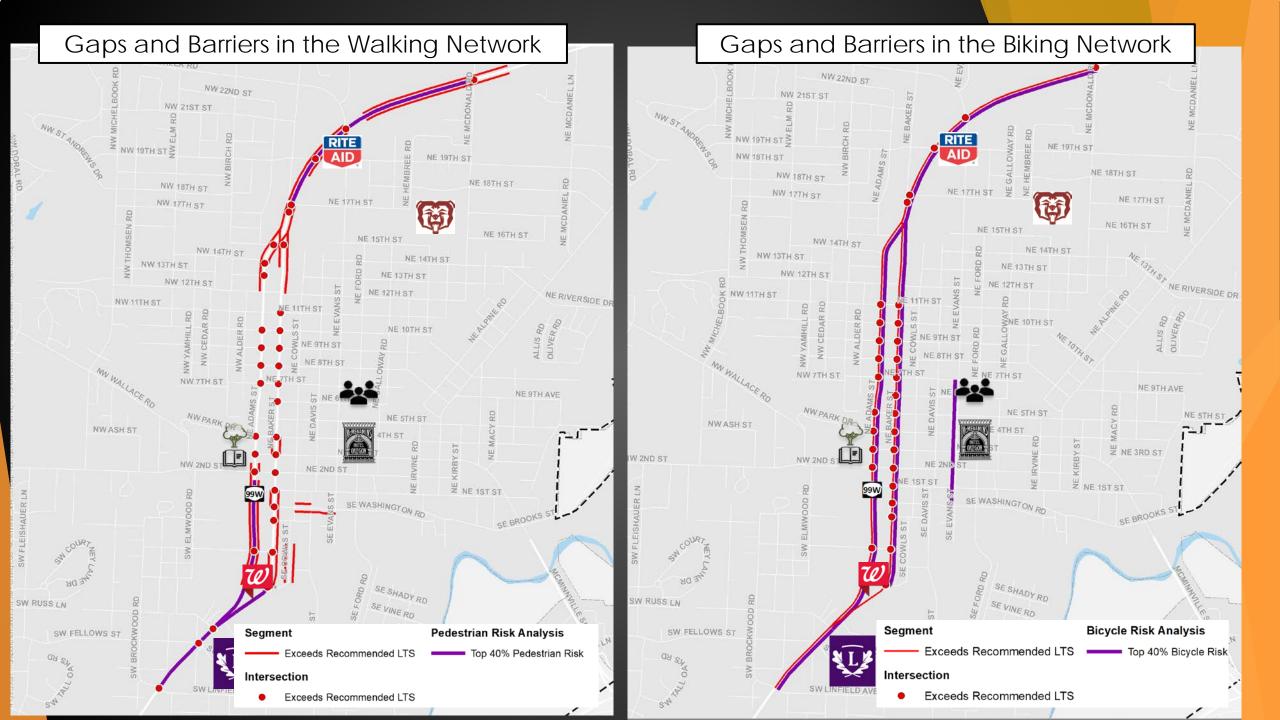


Minor Injury (C)

Moderate Injury (B)









What are We Considering?

Equity

- Prioritize connections to populations historically disadvantaged with respect to transportation
- Considers age, ethnicity, English proficiency, income, vehicle access, disability status, and crowded households

Demand

- Prioritize routes that draw active transportation trips
- Considers transit stops, community resources (libraries, parks, community centers), grocery stores, walk to school routes, etc.



















Overview of Bicycle Design Concepts

Concept 1: Two-Way Separated Bike Lane on Adams Street Concept 2: Buffered Bike Lanes on Adams Street and Baker Street Concept 3A: Neighborhood Greenway on Davis Street Concept 3B: Neighborhood Greenway on Evans Street



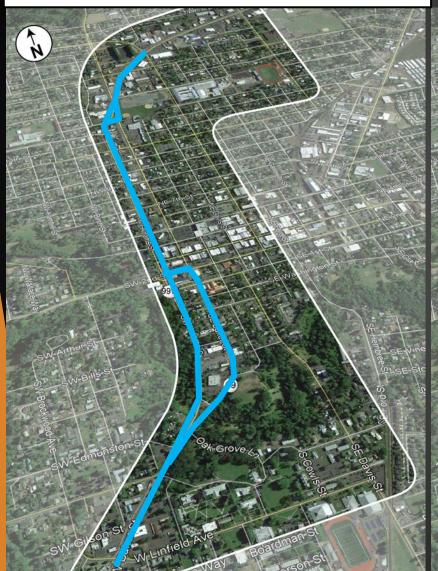


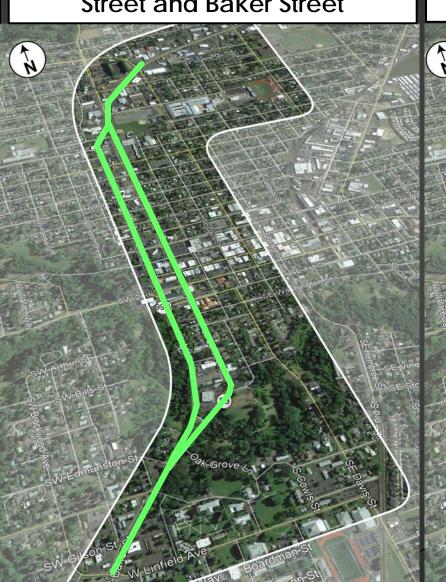


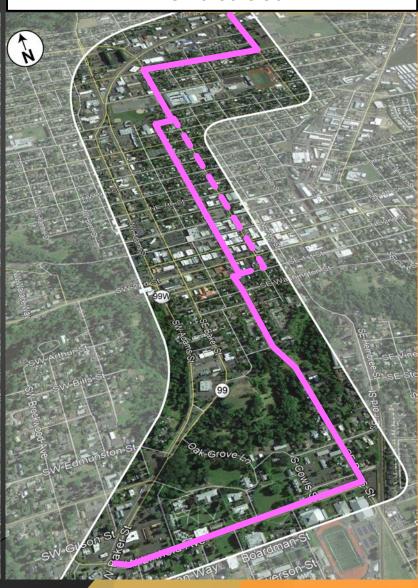


Concept 1: Two-Way Separated Bike Lane on Adams Street

Concept 2: Buffered Bike Lanes on Adams Street and Baker Street Concept 3A/3B: Neighborhood Greenway on Davis Street or Evans Street







OR 99W Concept Evaluation

Evaluation Criteria	Concept 1: Two- Way Separated Bike Lane	Concept 2: Buffered Bike Lanes	Concept 3A: Davis Street Greenway	Concept 3B: Evans Street Greenway
Complete Streets	+1.5	+1	+2	+2
Multi-Modal Transportation System	+1	+1	+1	+1
Connectivity	+2	+2	+1.7	+2
Safety	+1.8	+1.8	+2	+1.9
Equity	+1	+ 0.8	+1	+1
Livability	+1.5	+1.5	+1.5	+1.5
Design Feasibility	-1	0	+1	0
Total Score	7.8	8.1	10.2	9.4



Enhanced Crossing Study and Plan

Rectangular Rapid Flashing Beacon (RRFB)

Advance Stop
Here to
Pedestrians
sign and stop
line



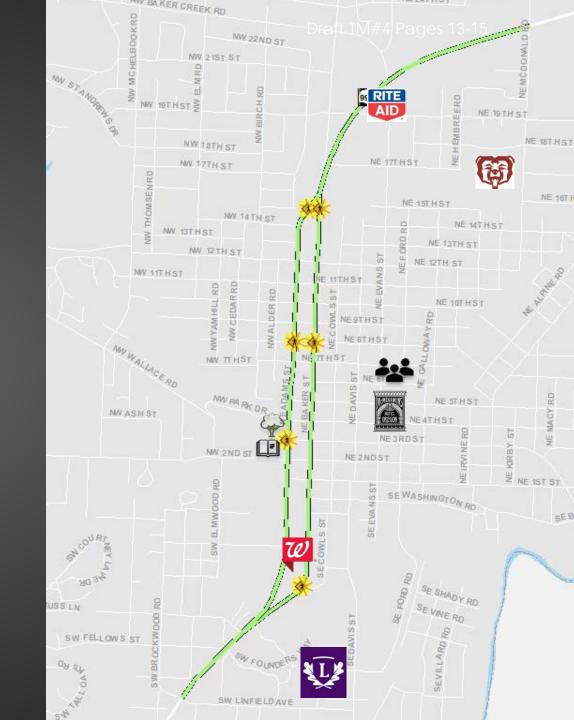
Adequate nighttime levels

High visibility crosswalk markings



Enhanced Crossing Recommended Locations

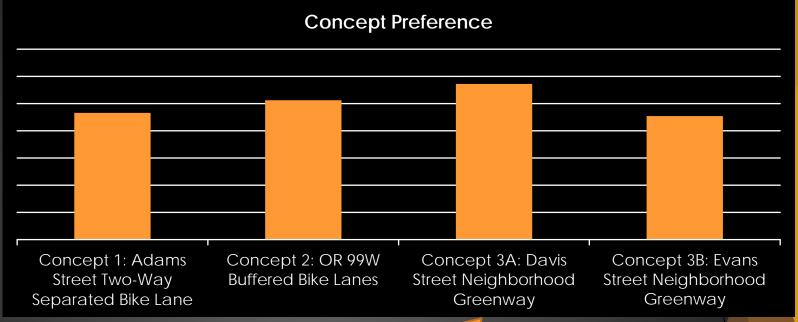
- 15th St/Adams & Baker St
- 8th St/Adams & Baker St
- 3rd St/Adams St
- Cowls St/Baker St





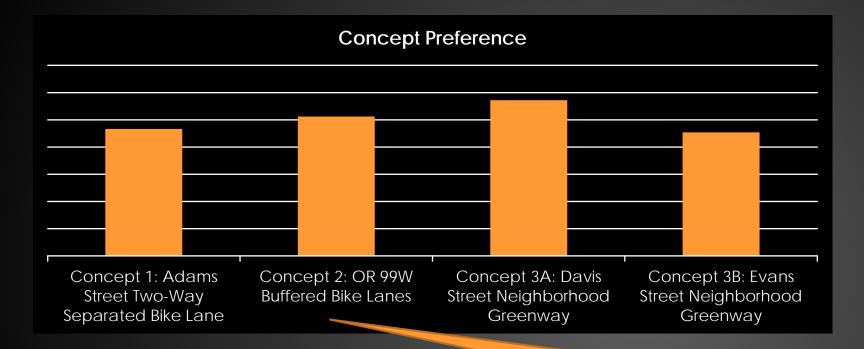
Virtual Open House and Public Preferences

- 536 open house website views
- 76 survey responses



- Attractive and sensible (due to low traffic volumes and speeds)
- Good for children and beginning bikers
- Already used as a parallel route today
- No advantage to making OR 99W more bike friendly because there is no need to use it in town
- Concerned that options on OR 99W would increase congestion

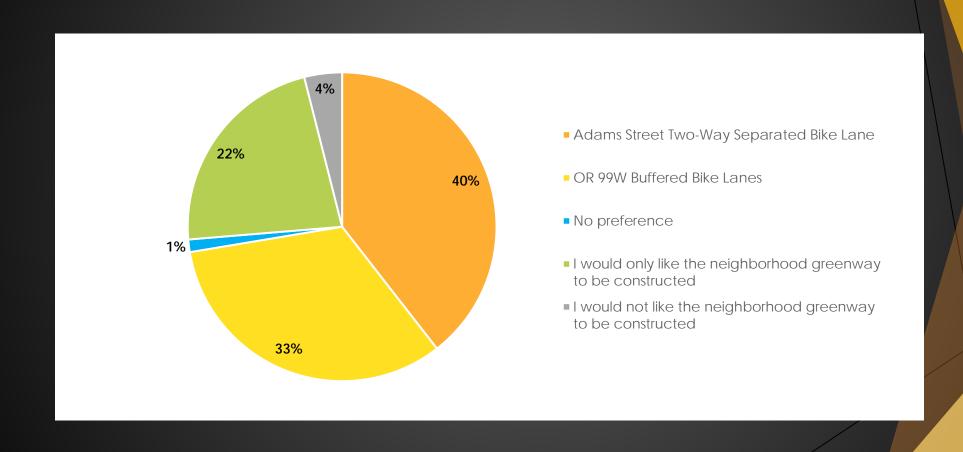
Public Preferences



- Most intuitive and practical (due to directional flow)
- Low maintenance requirements
- Direct access to businesses on OR 99W
- People would continue biking on Baker Street even if there was a Two-Way facility on Adams Street



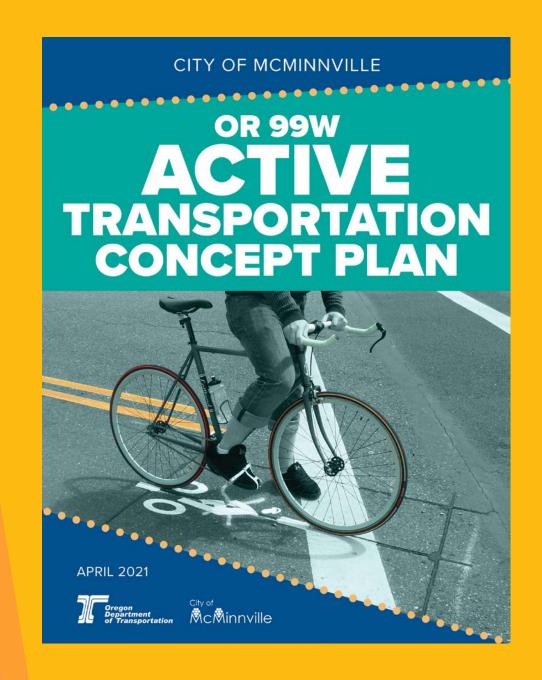
Top Preference for OR 99W Facilities (In Addition to Neighborhood Greenway)





Draft Concept Plan

- Contents
- Proposed Concept



Contents

- Introduction
- Keeping the End User in Mind
- Corridor Needs
- Who Participated in the Planning Process?
- Alternative Concepts to Address Needs
- Preferred Alterative Concept Solution
- Enhanced Crossing Concept
- What Happens Next?
- Supporting Documentation



ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Project Management Team

Jenna Berman, ODOT Region 2, Active Transportation Liaison
Daniel Fricke, ODOT Region 2, Senior Transportation Planner
Larry Sherwood, The City of McMinnville, Engineering Services Manager
Heather Richards, The City of McMinnville, Planning Director
Mike Bisset, The City of McMinnville, Community Development Director

ODOT Review Team

Dorothy Upton, ODOT Region 2, Region Traffic Operations Engineer
Arielle Ferber, ODOT Region 2, Traffic Analysis Engineer
Kristie Gladhill, ODOT Transportation Planning Analysis Unit, Senior Transportation Analyst

Consultant Project Team

Marc Butorac, PE, PTOP, PMP, Project Principal

Nick Gross, Project Manager

Amy Griffiths, EIT, Lead Analyst

Eric Germundson, Lead Designer

Steve Rhyne

Jon Sommerville

Katie Taylor

Kittelson & Associates, Inc.

Project Advisory Committee

Barb Jones, Accessibility Advocate

Bahram Refaei, Linfield University

Cyrus Scarboro-Ford, McMinnville High School Student

Chuck Hillestad, Former Planning Commissioner, Board of Yamhill County Historic Society

Dave Rucklos, Director of McMinnville Downtown Association

Jack Crabtree, McMinnville School District

Jamie Fleckenstein, McMinnville Planning Department and Avid Cyclist

Cole Mullis, ODOT District Manager

Peter Higbee, Bicyclist Community

Steve Macartney, Public Safety

Zack Geary, McMinnville City Council

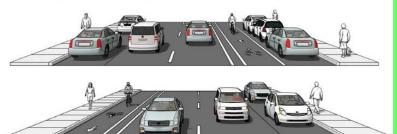
Lori Schanche, Planning Commission, Active Transportation Planner

Concept Layouts

6 / Preferred Solution **Concepts**

Based on the scoring, public feedback, PAC recommendation (to be confirmed), MAC input, and the distinct benefits each concept provides, the project management team selected Concept 3A: Neighborhood Greenway on







*Planning concept potentially reduces vehicle-carrying capacity of the highway; further evaluation of the project design will be required at the time of implementation to ensure compliance with ORS 366.215.

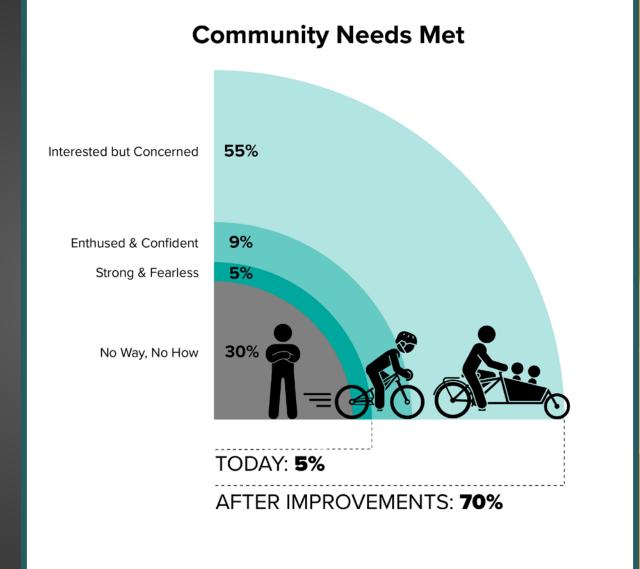
Concept	Near-Term Recommendations	Long-Term Recommendations
	 Sharrows Signage Traffic calming 	 Evaluate success of traffic diverters and consider adding additional traffic calming features Expand the network of neighborhood greenway routes in McMinnville Potential connections include a multiuse path on Evans Street between 17th Street and OR 99W and bike lanes or sharrows along Lafayette Avenue, 3rd Street, 4th Street, 5th Street, Birch Street, and Alder Street.
D 66 1 DH	 Construct buffered bike lanes with repaving project Provide vertical separation at intersections with high-turn volumes along Adams Street and consistently south of 2nd 	 Explore additional opportunities for vertical separation

Street where there are no

driveway conflict points.

What will the plan provide the opportunity for?

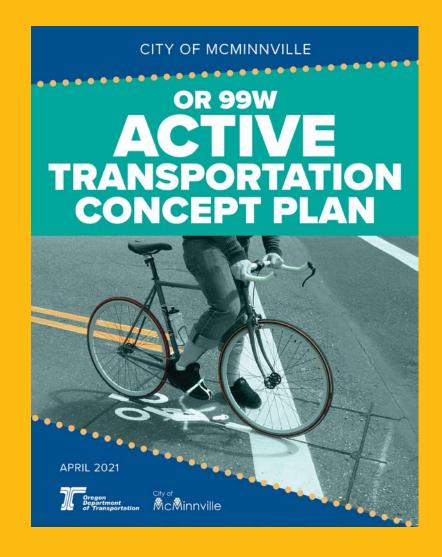
- Securing Funding
- Meeting the Corridor Vision



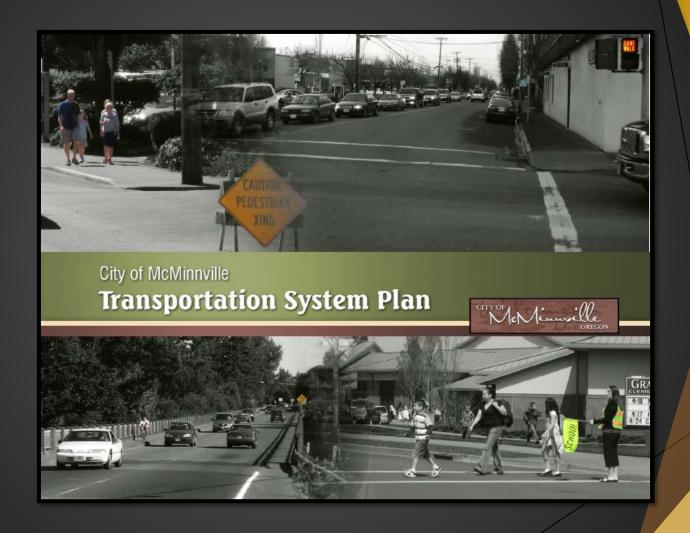


- Do you have questions or comments about the draft Concept Plan?
- Do you support the draft Concept Plan and its recommendations?

Discussion



NEXT STEPS





Amend the TSP to include the OR 99W Active Trans Plan

- Addendum
- Policies
- CIP

Public hearing process with the Planning Commission and final consideration by the City Council.

5 Pedestrian System Plan

The City of McMinnville has long valued its downtown as a regional business, civic and cultural center. Downtown McMinnville hosts several amenties that make walking easy, safe and enjoyable for residents and visitors. Street trees, wide sidewalks and curb extensions on Third Street all contribute to a 'walkable' environment. The City is actively working with community leaders to enhance the downtown by fine-tuning and implementing the findings and recommendations of the recently completed Third Street Streetscape Plan.

The Pedestrian System Plan targets priority corridors where important sidewalk and pedestrian improvement features are needed.

Pedestrian System Policies

Studies^{3 2} have shown that increased street and non-motorized connectivity can reduce vehicle travel by reducing travel distances between destinations and by supporting alternative modes of travel. Increased connectivity tends to improve bicycling and walking conditions where paths provide shortcuts, so walking and cycling are relatively faster than driving. Improved connectivity directly supports transit use. A U.S. EPA study in 2004 ³ found that increased street

along Evans Street is the City's Comprehe system. The improv Street to Downtown N interest amongst som corridors that link the Attention is naturally drawn to those stree corridors with higher levels of vehicular traffic that have or miaht become barriers to pedestria travel. Other important corridors lack sidewalks, or network is incomplet or lacks important nedestrian safety

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6 Bicycle System Plan

McMinnville commuters reacted to recent increases in the price of gasoline in a couple of ways: some long-distance commuters joined carpools or switched to intercity bus services (see Chapter 7), while other local commuters switched to riding their bicycle to work. Historical bicycle volume counts are unavailable, but the rise in local bicycle traffic was noticeable, if even by anecdotal observation. Also noticeable were the concerns raised by commuter, recreational and student cyclists relating to the

number of significant gaps in McMinnville's bicycle system.

Fluctuating gas prices are partly responsible for the increase in bicycle traffic. Given the city's relative compact geography, generally flat topography, future population (compared to larger cities), and increasing costs for driving, cycling will likely become a larger, more popular and viable

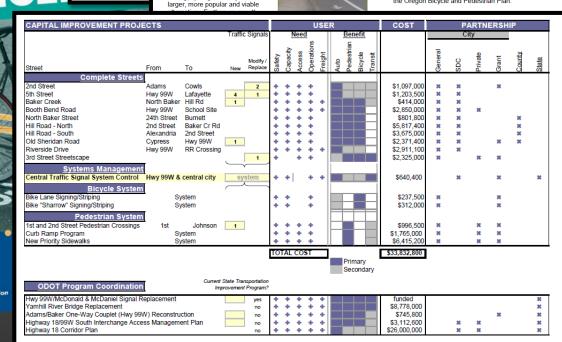
Bicycle System Goal

To provide a comprehensive system of connecting and direct on-street bicycle facilities that will encourage increased ridership and safe bicycle travel.

Three objectives are recommended in the TSP to help the City of McMinnville achieve its bicycle system goal:

- Create a comprehensive and connected system of bicycle facilities:
- Encourage programs that support bicycle systems and promote cycling activity; and,
- · Encourage programs that enhance bicycle safety.

Each objective is to be met through applying policies that pursue particular strategies, develop specified programs, or engage in defined courses of action. The policies for McMinnville's bicycle system are developed consistent with federal policy guidelines and the Oreono Bicvcle and Pedestrian Plan.





Pedestrian System Goal

TO PROVIDE A COMPREHENSIVE SYSTEM OF CONNECTING SIDEWALKS AND WALKWAYS THAT WILL ENCOURAGE AND INCREASE SAFE PEDESTRIAN TRAVEL.

Additional policies are identified to help guide the Pedestrian System Plan, supplementing those policies in the McMinnville Comprehensive Plan (see Appendix E) and Chapter 2 of the TSP.

- System Inventory the City shall inventory and map existing pedestrian facilities. Facility inventories and selected inventory updates should be performed every five years to determine the success or failure of meeting the Plan's pedestrian goal, objectives, and policies. The City has already partially met this policy objective having completed the walking inventory of all public streets as part of the TSP.
- Formalize New Sidewalk Construction Program
 to complete the pedestrian facility network, the
 City will formalize a New Sidewalk Construction
 Program that reflects the City's funding resources.
 This program will give priority to the construction of
 missing sidewalks in already developed areas of
 the city that would provide improved access to
 schools, parks, shopping, and transit services.
- Ensuring Future Sidewalk Connections all future development must include sidewalk and walkway construction as required by the McMinnville Zoning Ordinance and City Code. All street construction or renovation projects shall include sidewalks. The City will support, as resources are available, projects that would remove identified barriers to pedestrian travel or safety.

- Complete Connections with Crosswalks all signalized intersections must have marked crosswalks. School crosswalks will be marked where crossing guards are provided. Subject to available funding, and where appropriate, marked crosswalks, along with safety enhancements (medians and curb extensions), shall be provided at unsignalized intersections and uncontrolled traffic locations in order to provide greater mobility in areas frequently traveled by persons with limited mobility. Marked crosswalks may also be installed at other high volume pedestrian locations without medians or curb extensions if a traffic study shows there would be a benefit to those pedestrians.
 - Connecting Shared-Use Paths the City will continue to encourage the development of a connecting, shared-use path network, expanding facilities along parks and other rights-of-way.
 - Compliance with ADA Standards the City shall comply with the requirements set forth in the Americans with Disabilities Act regarding the location and design of sidewalks and pedestrian facilities within the City's right-of-way.
 - Maintaining Quality of Facilities the City will establish standards for the maintenance and safety of pedestrian facilities. These standards should include the removal of hazards and obstacles to pedestrian travel, as well as maintenance of benches and landscaping.
- Need for Sidewalks and Greater Connectivity
 - Promoting Walking for Health and Community Livability the City will encourage efforts that inform and promote the health, economic, and environmental benefits of walking for the individual and McMinnville community. Walking for travel and recreation should be encouraged to achieve a more healthful environment that reduces pollution and noise to foster a more livable community.

Adams and Baker Street Corridor

The portion of Highway 99W through the downtown McMinnville area operates as a one-way couplet along Adams Street and Baker Street. Adams and Baker Streets are both classified as *major arterials*. By City standards, major arterials are intended to provide connection through McMinnville, carry higher traffic volumes, provide bicycle lanes and sidewalks, and provide planting strip as buffers (wherever possible).

Both Adams and Baker Streets include two travel lanes (for each direction of the one-way couplet) and on-street parking on both sides of the street. At some intersections there are special turn lanes and traffic signals. Sidewalks have been constructed along both sides of Adams and Baker Streets.

Typically the sidewalks are located adjacent to the curb. From the pedestrian's perspective, the onstreet parking stalls serve as a buffer to highway traffic. Intersecting streets along the one-way couplet also have sidewalk connections, linking neighboring land uses to or across the one-way couplet corridor.

In general, while the sidewalks along Adams and
Baker Streets are fairly contiguous and in decent
shape, they are too narrow (four-five feet) to carry
substantial pedestrian traffic, and there are many
obstructions and obstacles within the sidewalk area that impede safe
pedestrian travel. Several of the intersections along Adams and

pedestrian travel. Several of the intersections along Adams and Baker Streets include curb ramps that do not meet Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) guidelines.

Also, many of the intersections in the corridor have storm-water drain inlets near the apex of the curb. In addition, the utility poles that carry overhead power lines are often located in the middle of the sidewalk along the east side of Baker Street or at the corner of major intersections, and can impede pedestrian circulation and safety.

Land uses along the Highway 99W corridor include a mix of commercial, civic, park and residential activity. These uses have historically developed with orientation to automobile access and circulation within and through the corridor.

Within the last 10-15 years, vehicular traffic on Highway 99W in McMinnville has grown to levels that make pedestrian crossings more difficult. Today, the Adams and Baker Street one-way couplet carries more than 33,000 vehicles per day. From 8:00 AM until well after 6:00 PM, both Adams and Baker carry in excess of 1,000

vehicles per hour. The total distance to cross either street, from curb to curb, is about 60 feet. This wide area, coupled with the sheer volume of Highway 99W traffic, tends to intimidate pedestrians walking along or across the corridor.

As noted in the Street System Plan, pavement conditions have deteriorated on Adams and Baker streets. At some point in time, both streets will likely need to be reconstructed to safely carry future traffic demand. McMinnville should coordinate with ODOT to define and program the reconstruction of Adams and Baker streets in the future update of the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP), including with it a number of pedestrian and bicycle access and safety enhancements:

couplet, like raffic lights that n crossings. At ust wait for ss.

g Adams and d primarily to

iummate intersections for automobile traiffic.

Sidewalks and Curb Ramps on Baker Street A number of factors, when combined, form a barrier to pedestrian traffic accessing or crossing this Highway 99W corridor:

- heavy highway traffic volume
- physical width of Adams and Baker Streets
- absence of pedestrian amenities, and
- presence of physical barriers to pedestrian travel.

There is a need to better link and weave the Highway 99W corridor into the multi-modal fabric of greater McMinnville, with stronger pedestrian connections to Downtown. There is also the need to improve the pedestrian environment along Adams and Baker Streets

As noted in the Street System Plan, pavement conditions have deteriorated on Adams and Baker streets. At some point in time, both streets will likely need to be reconstructed to safely carry future traffic demand. McMinnville should coordinate with ODOT to define and program the reconstruction of Adams and Baker streets in the future update of the Statewide Transportation Improvement Program (STIP), including with it a number of pedestrian and bicycle access and safety enhancements:



6 Bicycle System Plan

McMinnville commuters reacted to recent increases in the price of gasoline in a couple of ways: some long-distance commuters joined carpools or switched to intercity bus services (see Chapter 7), while other local commuters switched to riding their bicycle to work. Historical bicycle volume counts are unavailable, but the rise in local bicycle traffic was noticeable, if even by anecdotal observation. Also noticeable were the concerns raised by commuter, recreational and

student cyclists relating to the number of significant gaps in McMinnville's bicycle system.

Fluctuating gas prices are partly responsible for the increase in bicycle traffic. Given the city's relative compact geography, generally flat topography, future population (compared to larger cities), and increasing costs for driving, cycling will likely become a larger, more popular and viable alternative. Further, as growth generates more vehicle and bicycle traffic in the city there will be increased desire and need to complete McMinnville's bicycle system.



Bike Lane Use on 2nd Street

The Bicycle System Plan outlines recommended steps and projects to increase the role of the bicycle with a system of connected and well-maintained facilities in McMinnville.

Bicycle System Policies

The Bicycle System Plan goal for McMinnville emphasizes the importance of providing a completed system of direct on-street bicycle facilities, and on increasing the percentage of trips made by bicycle.

Bicycle System Goal

To provide a comprehensive system of connecting and direct on-street bicycle facilities that will encourage increased ridership and safe bicycle travel.

Three objectives are recommended in the TSP to help the City of McMinnville achieve its bicycle system goal:

- Create a comprehensive and connected system of bicycle facilities;
- Encourage programs that support bicycle systems and promote cycling activity; and,
- Encourage programs that enhance bicycle safety.

Each objective is to be met through applying policies that pursue particular strategies, develop specified programs, or engage in defined courses of action. The policies for McMinnville's bicycle system are developed consistent with federal policy guidelines and the Oregon Bicycle and Pedestrian Plan.

To increase the role of the bicycle as a viable mode of transportation a system of connected and well-maintained facilities should be provided.

- Provide Bicycle Facilities on Arterials and some Collector Streets – To the extent possible, arterial and some collector streets undergoing overlays or reconstruction will either be restriped with bicycle lanes or sharrow (bicycle/auto shared-lane) routes as designated on the Bicycle System Plan Map (see Exhibit 6-3). Every effort will be made to retrofit existing arterials and selective collectors with bicycle lanes, as designated on the Bicycle System Plan Map.
- Eliminate Barriers to Bicycle Travel The City will actively pursue a comprehensive system of bicycle facilities through designing and constructing projects, as resources are available,

Need to add new bicycle facility types:

- Buffered Bike Lanes
- NeighborhoodGreenway





CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS Traffic Signals						US	SER	2		COST	PARTNERSHIP					
		N	leed			Be	<u>enefit</u>	1	City							
Street From	To N	Modify / ew Replace	Safety	Capacity	Access	Operations	Freight	Auto Pedestrian	Bicycle Transit		General	SDC	Private	Grant	County	State
Complete Streets										1	_			_		
2nd Street Adams	Cowls	2	+	+	+ -	+				\$1,097,000	×	×		30		
5th Street Hwy 99W	Lafayette	4 1	+	+	+ -	+				\$1,203,500	×	×				
Baker Creek North Baker		1	+	+	+ -	+ 4	+ \			\$414,000	ж	×				
Booth Bend Road Hwy 99W	School Site		+	+	+ -	+ 4	۴Ņ			\$2,850,000	ж	×	×			
North Baker Street 24th Street	Burnett		+	+	+ -	+				\$801,800	ж	×			30	
Hill Road - North 2nd Street	Baker Cr Rd		+	+	+ -	+			1	\$5,817,400	×	×			×	
Hill Road - South Alexandria	2nd Street		+	+	+ -	+				\$3,675,000	×	×			×	
Old Sheridan Road Cypress	Hwy 99W	1	+	+	+ -	+				\$2,371,400	×	×		30	30	
Riverside Drive Hwy 99W	RR Crossing		+	+	+ -	+ 4	+			\$2,911,100	ж	×				
3rd Street Streetscape	-	1	+		+ -	+	- []			\$2,325,000	×		×	ж		
Systems Management							- lì	1	i	,						J
Central Traffic Signal System Control Hwy 99W &	central city	system	+	+1	_		, Il			\$640,400		×		×		ж
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Bicycle System								1		Ţ						
	rstem		+	+		+				\$237,500	ж			30		
Bike "Sharrow" Signing/Striping Sy	rstem		+	+	, i	+				\$312,000	ж			×		
Pedestrian System									TT-1.	Ţ						
1st and 2nd Street Pedestrian Crossings 1st	Johnson	1	+	+	+ -	+	- []		₩	\$996,500	×		×	×		
· ·	stem		+	+	+ -	+	- []			\$1,765,000	*		34	×		
	stem		+	+	+ -	+				\$6,415,200	×		×	×		
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			101	AL (COS	<u> </u>	J,			\$33,832,800						
									imary							
							_	Se	econdary							
ODOT Program Coordination		Transportation ment Program?														
		_	_	+	+	- A	ŢΠ.			funded						×
Hwy 99W/McDonald & McDaniel Signal Replacement Yamhill River Bridge Replacement		yes	T	T	+ -	T \	II;			funded \$8,778,000						×
Adams/Baker One-Way Couplet (Hwy 99W) Reconstruc	rtion	no	T	T	+ .	T \	III			\$8,778,000				×		×
Highway 18/99W South Interchange Access Manageme		no	_	T	T	T \	II;			\$745,800 \$3,112,600		•	×	•		×
Highway 18 Corridor Plan	ant i idii	no no	T	+	+ .	T \	II;			\$26,000,000		×	×			×
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ACTIVE TRANS CIP: BIKE/PEDESTRIAN

CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS						USER								COST	PARTNERSHIP				IP	
	Traffic Signa					<u> </u>	Nee	<u>d</u>			Ben	<u>efit</u>				Ci	ty			
Street Bicycle System	From	То	New	Modify / Replace	Safety	Capacity	Access	Operations	Freight	Auto	Pedestrian	Bicycle	Transit		General	SDC	Private	Grant	County	State
Bike Lane Signing/Striping	1	System			+	+		+						\$237,500	×			×		
Bike "Sharrow" Signing/Striping		System			+	+		+						\$312,000	×			×		
Pedestrian System										П	П	П								
1st and 2nd Street Pedestrian Crossings	1st	Johnson	1		+	+	+	+						\$996,500	×		ж	×		
Curb Ramp Program		System			+	+	+	+		П				\$1,765,000	×		×	×		
New Priority Sidewalks		System			+	+	+	+				[\$6,415,200	×		ж	×		



Funding for Local Improvement: General Fund, Private and Grants

- Safe Routes to School Grants
- Active Trans Grants

									_		_												
CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS							USER COST								PARTNERSHIP								
	Traffic Signals			Traffic Signals					1	leed	<u> </u>			Bene	<u>efit</u>				C	ity			
Street Bicycle System	From	То	New	Modify / Replace	Safety	Capacity	Access	Operations	Freight	Auto	Pedestrian	Bicycle	Transit		General	SDC	Private	Grant	County	State			
Bike Lane Signing/Striping		System			+	+		+						\$237,50	×			×					
Bike "Sharrow" Signing/Striping		System			+	+		+					\exists	\$312,00	×			×					
Pedestrian System													٦I										
1st and 2nd Street Pedestrian Crossings	1st	Johnson	1		+	+	+	+						\$996,50	×		×	ж					
Curb Ramp Program		System			+	+	+	+						\$1,765,000	×		×	×					
New Priority Sidewalks		System			+	+	+	+						\$6,415,20	×		×	×					





McMinnville OR 99W (NE McDonald Lane to Linfield Avenue) Active Transportation Concept Plan

Planning Commission – City Council Work Session 04/27/2021